



GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited 國富量子創新有限公司

(formerly known as GoFintech Innovation Limited 國富創新有限公司)

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(前稱 GoFintech Innovation Limited 國富創新有限公司)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號 : 290)

2026 ANNUAL REPORT 年報



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. SUN Qing (Chairlady)
(Appointed as Chairlady on 28 October 2025)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. NIE Riming
Mr. LI Chunguang
Mr. HUA Yang
(Retired on 19 September 2025)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHAN Kin Sang (Chairman)
(Resigned on 28 October 2025)
Mr. CHIU Kung Chik
Ms. LUI Mei Ka
Dr. LIANG Jinxiang
(Appointed on 14 August 2025)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. YAN Xin
(Resigned on 4 September 2025)
Ms. LI Peihua
(Appointed on 4 September 2025)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CHAN Kin Sang
(Resigned on 28 October 2025)
Ms. SUN Qing
(Appointed on 28 October 2025)
Ms. YAN Xin
(Resigned on 4 September 2025)
Ms. LI Peihua
(Appointed on 4 September 2025)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHIU Kung Chik (Chairman)
Mr. CHAN Kin Sang
(Resigned on 28 October 2025)
Ms. LUI Mei Ka
Dr. LIANG Jinxiang
(Appointed on 14 August 2025)

董事會

執行董事

孫 青女士 (主席)
(於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任為主席)

非執行董事

聶日明博士
李春光先生
華 陽先生
(於二零二五年九月十九日退任)

獨立非執行董事

陳健生先生 (主席)
(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)
趙公直先生
雷美嘉女士
梁金祥博士
(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

公司秘書

嚴 欣女士
(於二零二五年九月四日辭任)
李裴華女士
(於二零二五年九月四日獲委任)

授權代表

陳健生先生
(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)
孫 青女士
(於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任)
嚴 欣女士
(於二零二五年九月四日辭任)
李裴華女士
(於二零二五年九月四日獲委任)

審核委員會

趙公直先生 (主席)
陳健生先生
(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)
雷美嘉女士
梁金祥博士
(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHIU Kung Chik (*Chairman*)
Mr. CHAN Kin Sang
(*Resigned on 28 October 2025*)
Ms. LUI Mei Ka
Ms. SUN Qing
Dr. LIANG Jinxiang
(*Appointed on 14 August 2025*)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAN Kin Sang (*Chairman*)
(*Resigned on 28 October 2025*)
Ms. SUN Qing (*Chairlady*)
(*Appointed as Chairlady on 28 October 2025*)
Mr. CHIU Kung Chik
Ms. LUI Mei Ka
Dr. LIANG Jinxiang
(*Appointed on 14 August 2025*)

AUDITOR

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 102, Cannon Place, P.O. Box 712
North Sound Rd., George Town
Grand Cayman, KY1-9006
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Units No. 4102-06, 41/F
COSCO Tower
183 Queen's Road Central
Hong Kong
Tel: (852) 3103 2007/(852) 3105 1863
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薪酬委員會

趙公直先生(主席)
陳健生先生
(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)
雷美嘉女士
孫青女士
梁金祥博士
(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

提名委員會

陳健生先生(主席)
(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)
孫青女士(主席)
(於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任為主席)
趙公直先生
雷美嘉女士
梁金祥博士
(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

核數師

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師

註冊辦事處

Suite 102, Cannon Place, P.O. Box 712
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Cayman Islands

香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港
皇后大道中183號
中遠大廈
41樓4102-06室
電話: (852) 3103 2007/(852) 3105 1863
傳真: (852) 3105 1862

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Chong Hing Bank Limited
East West Bank
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.,
Hong Kong Branch
China Guangfa Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch
China Zheshang Bank Co., Ltd. (Hong Kong Branch)

主要往來銀行

創興銀行有限公司
華美銀行
上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司，
香港分行
廣發銀行股份有限公司，香港分行
浙商銀行股份有限公司（香港分行）

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

SUNTERA (CAYMAN) LIMITED
Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3
Building D, P.O. Box 1586
Gardenia Court, Camana Bay
Grand Cayman, KY1-1100
Cayman Islands

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

SUNTERA (CAYMAN) LIMITED
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Gardenia Court, Camana Bay
Grand Cayman, KY1-1100
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited
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香港股份過戶登記分處

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香港
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STOCK CODE

290

股份代號

290

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Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the “**Board**”) of directors (each a “**Director**”) of GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited (“**GoFintech**” or the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the “**Group**”), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 (the “**Reporting Year**”).

Looking back at the past year, the global macroeconomic environment continued its pattern of structural divergence, with major economies exhibiting asynchronous cycles and an accelerated restructuring of old and new business formats. Geopolitical factors continued to influence cross-border capital flows, supply chain configurations, and asset pricing logic. Against this backdrop, Hong Kong’s local capital market demonstrated firm resilience and renewed dynamism, providing ample room for the Group to explore and expand its business. As a fully-licensed, comprehensive and listed fintech platform based in Hong Kong, backed by the Greater Bay Area, and with a global reach, the Group has taken proactive measures amidst a changing landscape, anchoring on a dual-wheel strategy of “grounding in traditional finance and breaking through with frontier technology”. We are fully accelerating the transition between old and new growth drivers, linking the entire chain of securities brokerage, asset management, and cross-border investment and financing through three main technological innovation streams: quantum security, AI intelligence, and compliant Web3 practices.

During the Reporting Year, the Group announced several milestone achievements in capital operations and compliance licensing, including four core actions: a share placing that raised a total of HK\$1.3 billion; a strategic equity investment in a related equity interest of CSOP Asset Management Limited; the official commencement of the application for a digital asset financial license in Labuan, Malaysia; and advancing the application for a Virtual Asset Trading Platform (VATP) license from the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission. Concurrently, the Company was included as an eligible stock for Southbound Trading under Stock Connect, solidifying the Group’s foundation for global compliance and capital strength.

尊敬的各位股東：

本人謹代表國富量子創新有限公司（「**國富量子**」或「**本公司**」，連同其附屬公司統稱「**本集團**」）董事（「**董事**」）會（「**董事會**」），欣然提呈本集團截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度（「**本報告年度**」）之年度報告。

回顧過去一年，全球宏觀經濟環境延續結構性分化格局，主要經濟體呈現週期交錯、新舊業態加速重構之特徵，地緣政治因素持續牽動跨境資金流向、供應鏈佈局與資產定價邏輯，於此背景下，香港本地資本市場展現出堅定韌性與新生張力，給予本集團業務上探外延充足空間。作為立足香港、背靠大灣區、輻射全球的全牌照綜合性金融科技上市平台，本集團於變局中主動作為，錨定「傳統金融打底、前沿科技破局」雙輪戰略，全力加速新舊動能切換，以量子安全、AI智能化、Web3合規實踐三大科創主線串聯證券經紀、資產管理、跨境投融資全鏈條。

於本報告年度內，集團落地多項里程碑式資本運作與合規牌照佈局事項，包括總額13億港元股份配售融資、戰略入股南方東英資產管理有限公司股權、正式啟動馬來西亞納閩數字資產金融牌照申請、推進香港證監會 VATP 虛擬資產交易平台牌照申請四大核心落地動作，同步獲評納入港股通標的，夯實集團全球化合規與資本實力底座。

During the Reporting Year, all members of the Group maintained strategic focus and worked in concert to consolidate the foundation of its fully-licensed financial services, continuously optimising product and service quality, innovating business processes and models, and making steady progress in areas such as quantum technology, digital assets and hard-tech investments, thereby achieving structural optimisation of our business and solid advancements in key areas. Meanwhile, through capital operations and business integration, the Group optimised its structure and expanded its ecosystem, injecting new impetus into high-quality development.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

The Group is pleased to announce that it achieved encouraging operating and financial results during the Reporting Year, with continuous optimisation of its revenue structure and steady improvement in profitability. The Group's business models of client-centered fully-licensed financial services demonstrated strong financial resilience. During the Reporting Year, total revenue and fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss in the aggregate amount increased by 138.10% year-on-year to HK\$2,175,113,000; excluding factors such as one-off non-recurring impairment losses, the Group recorded an adjusted EBITDA of up to HK\$598,151,000, an increase of over 11 times from HK\$49,588,000 in the previous reporting year, demonstrating the strong cash-generating capabilities of the Group's core business. Benefiting from the receipt of HK\$1.3 billion from a major placing during the Reporting Year, the Group's capital was effectively replenished, significantly optimising its cash flow and capital structure. This provides stable financial support for market expansion, license applications, and equity investments. On the other hand, the Group has consistently focused on cost reduction and efficiency enhancement, improving operational efficiency and profitability.

於本報告年度內，本集團全體成員保持戰略定力，齊心協力鞏固全牌照金融服務根基，持續優化產品與服務質量，創新業務流程與模式，並在量子科技、數字資產及硬科技投資等領域穩步推進，實現了業務結構的優化調整與關鍵領域的紮實進展。同時，集團通過資本運作與業務整合，優化架構、拓展生態，為高質量發展注入新動能。

整體業績表現

本集團欣然宣佈於本報告年度內取得令人鼓舞的經營及財務業績，收入結構持續優化，盈利能力穩步提升。本集團以客戶為中心的全牌照金融服務業務模式展現出強大的財務韌性。於本報告年度內，總收入及按公平值列入損益賬之投資之公平值變動總額增長138.10%至2,175,113,000港元；倘不計及一次性非經常性減值等因素，集團錄得經調整EBITDA高達598,151,000港元，較上一報告年度的49,588,000港元增長超過11倍，展現出集團核心業務強勁的造血能力。受益於本報告年度13億港元大額配售資金到位，集團資本金得到有效補充，大幅優化現金流與資本結構，為市場開拓、牌照申領、股權投資提供穩定資金支撐。另一方面，本集團一直專注於降本增效、提高運營效率及盈利能力。

The Group has been committed to optimising its balance sheet structure, enhancing capital adequacy and improving asset quality. As at the end of the Reporting Year, the Group's total assets reached HK\$9,128,445,000, representing an increase of 97.92% as compared to the end of the previous reporting year. As at the end of the Reporting Year, the Group's total liabilities amounted to HK\$2,184,396,000, while the debt ratio, defined as total liabilities over total assets, increased from 14.88% as at the end of the previous reporting year to 23.93% as at the end of the Reporting Year. Total equity amounted to HK\$6,944,049,000 as at the end of the Reporting Year, representing an increase of 76.89% from the end of the previous reporting year. As at 31 March 2026, the Group's cash and cash equivalents totaled HK\$435,560,000, maintaining at a healthy and reasonable level.

本集團一直致力於優化資產負債表結構，提升資本充足性和資產質量。於本報告年度末，本集團的總資產達到9,128,445,000港元，相比於上個報告年度末增長了97.92%。於本報告年度末，本集團的總負債為2,184,396,000港元，而債務比率（定義為總負債除以總資產）由上個報告年度末的14.88%上升至本報告年度末的23.93%。於本報告年度末的權益總額為6,944,049,000港元，較上個報告年度末增長了76.89%。截至二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團的現金及現金等值物合計為435,560,000港元，維持在健康合理的水平。

STRATEGY AND OPERATION OF THE GROUP

集團戰略與經營

The Group is keenly aware that the current paradigms of economic growth are rapidly evolving, and technological advancements in artificial intelligence, quantum computing, blockchain, Web 3.0 and other fields are accelerating the restructuring of several industries. Amidst a complex and volatile external environment, the Group maintains strategic focus and confidence, cultivating key niche sectors whilst capitalising on structural opportunities arising from market adjustments, thereby fortifying foundations for the Group's long-term sustainable development.

本集團深切感受到，當前經濟增長的模式正在發生日新月異的變化，人工智能、量子計算、區塊鏈、Web 3.0等領域的技術變革正在加快重構許多行業。面對複雜多變的外部環境，本集團始終保持定力，堅定信心，精耕重要細分領域，牢牢把握市場調整中的結構性機遇，為集團業務的長期可持續發展夯實基礎。

In the area of securities brokerage and margin financing, as the overall trading sentiment in the Hong Kong financial market significantly improved, the Group leveraged its licensing advantages, derived from strong local market presence, and its efficient one-stop integrated financial services platform to accurately capture market rebound opportunities. We actively optimised our client structure and expanded our financing channels. During the Reporting Year, the securities brokerage and margin financing business recorded revenue (including inter-segment revenue) of approximately HK\$119,630,000, a significant increase of approximately 472.83% from approximately HK\$20,884,000 in the previous reporting year, further consolidating the position of the traditional financial segment as the cornerstone of the Group's profit.

在證券經紀及孖展融資領域，隨著香港金融市場整體交投氣氛顯著改善，本集團憑藉深耕本地市場的牌照優勢與高效的一站式綜合金融服務平台，精準捕捉市場反彈機遇。我們積極優化客戶結構、拓寬融資渠道，本報告年度內，證券經紀及孖展融資業務錄得收入（包括分部間收入）約119,630,000港元，較上一報告年度的約20,884,000港元大幅增長約472.83%，進一步鞏固了傳統金融板塊作為集團利潤基石的地位。

In the field of asset management, the Group leveraged its in-depth insight into the opportunities in the capital market, enhanced its business development capabilities in the volatile market by continuously enhancing its capabilities in asset management, sales and services, product offering, compliance and risk control, so as to optimise asset allocation and improve asset returns. The Group's asset management department added a LFP fund and completed the Group's first asset allocation business under the Hong Kong Investment Migration Programme via Discretionary Investment Management Account, as well as a specialised transaction involving the transfer of A shares via a QFI fund through a block trade agreement, strengthening its investment presence in traditional equities and private equity projects, and forming a diversified and synergistic business ecosystem. During the Reporting Year, revenue from the asset management segment significantly increased from HK\$3,900,000 in the previous reporting year to HK\$7,431,000, a significant year-on-year increase of approximately 90.54%; at the same time, the segment loss was also effectively controlled and narrowed.

ANCHORING IN FRONTIER TECHNOLOGY TO FORGE NEW AVENUES FOR DEVELOPMENT

The Group is fully aware that technological innovation serves as the core engine driving its long-term development. As a leading global international financial centre and fintech hub, Hong Kong continues to optimise its digital infrastructure and regulatory environment, and is becoming the preferred location for the integrated development of global fintech and quantum technology. Most importantly, the Hong Kong government is vigorously promoting technological innovation. The Stablecoin Ordinance officially came into effect in August 2025, further refining the regulatory framework. The "Fintech 2030" strategy was launched in November 2025, followed by the release of the Fintech Promotion Blueprint in February 2026, which identifies artificial intelligence, distributed ledger technology and high-performance computing as key areas of focus. Concurrently, flagship projects such as the "Quantum-Ready Index" were initiated to systematically enhance the industry's ability to respond to post-quantum cryptography, opening up broad prospects for market regulation, innovation, and high-quality development.

在資產管理領域，本集團深入洞察資本市場的機遇，於波動市場中提升展業能力，持續打造優質的資產管理能力、銷售服務能力、產品佈局能力和合規風控能力，優化資產配置，提升資產收益。本集團資產管理部門新增LFP基金、完成集團首單香港投資移民專戶基金資產配置業務、完成QFI基金接A股協議轉讓的特色業務，強化傳統股票與股權項目投資佈局，形成多元協同業務生態。本報告年度資產管理分部收入由上一報告年度的3,900,000港元顯著提升至7,431,000港元，同比大幅增長約90.54%；與此同時，分部虧損亦得到有效控制並實現收窄。

錨定前沿科技，開拓發展新空間

本集團深刻認識到，科技創新是驅動本集團實現長遠發展的核心動力。香港作為全球領先的國際金融中心與金融科技樞紐，持續優化數字基礎設施與監管環境，正成為全球金融科技與量子科技融合發展的首選之地。尤為重要的是，香港政府大力推動科技創新，2025年8月《穩定幣條例》正式生效，監管框架日趨完善；2025年11月推出「Fintech 2030」戰略，並於2026年2月發佈《金融科技推廣藍圖》，明確將人工智能、分佈式賬本技術及高性能計算作為重點推進方向，同時啟動「量子準備指數」等旗艦項目，系統性提升行業對後量子密碼學的應對能力，為市場規範、創新與高質量發展開闢了廣闊空間。

During the Reporting Year, the Group achieved a breakthrough in the implementation of its compliance licences: it submitted an application to the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the “SFC”) for the change of the controlling shareholder of MaiCapital Limited (“**MaiCapital**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Group’s associate, BA Fintech Lab and formally increased its capital in MaiCapital to 89.34% in April 2026 through capital injection in BA Fintech Lab. MaiCapital holds a Type 9 (asset management) license which enables it to offer VA-related asset management services in compliance with the SFC’s “Terms and Conditions for Licensed Corporations or Registered Institutions which Manage Portfolios that Invest in Virtual Assets”, and will apply for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 7 (providing automated trading services) regulated activity licenses and AMLO licenses under the SFO; the Group simultaneously initiated the digital asset financial license business under the Labuan Financial Services Authority (FSA) in Malaysia, including the application for the provision of digital banking and digital asset trading services, forming a dual-region digital assets compliance footprint in Hong Kong and Southeast Asia, and addressing the compliance gaps in cross-border virtual asset trading, custody, and asset management. On the Web3 front, guided by the strategic principle of “digitalisation of assets and compliance”, the Group achieved a breakthrough from zero to one in the RWA field. In addition, the Group values the development of the industry ecosystem and jointly launched the Hong Kong Virtual Assets Listed Companies Association in August 2025. The association, operating under the principles of “Joint Exploration, Joint Counsel, and Joint Construction”, brings together regulatory intelligence and industry forces to establish a regular communication mechanism with the HKSAR Government and deeply participate in the implementation of the “Policy Declaration on the Development of Digital Assets in Hong Kong 2.0 (香港數字資產發展政策宣言2.0)”, such as promoting the regular issuance of tokenised government bonds and the licensing regime for stablecoins. Admittedly, as the regulatory rules for RWA and virtual assets across various global jurisdictions are still evolving, there is uncertainty regarding the pace of implementation of cross-border tokenisation businesses. Nevertheless, the Group has taken the lead in establishing a pioneering business model in the emerging RWA and “quantum + finance” sectors, unlocking new growth drivers for the Group’s business development.

於本報告年度內，合規牌照落地實現跨越式突破：本集團向香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會（「香港證監會」）提交更改本集團聯營公司 BA Fintech Lab 的全資附屬公司 MaiCapital Limited（「**MaiCapital**」）控股股東的申請，並已於2026年4月透過向 BA Fintech Lab 注資，將其於 MaiCapital 的持股正式增至 89.34%。MaiCapital 持有第9類（提供資產管理）授權牌照，讓其能夠根據證監會《適用於管理投資於虛擬資產的投資組合的持牌法團或註冊機構的條款及條件》提供虛擬資產相關資產管理服務。MaiCapital 將申請證券及期貨條例項下的第1類（證券交易）及第7類（提供自動交易服務）受規管活動牌照以及 AMLO 牌照；同步啟動馬來西亞納閩 FSA 監管下數字資產金融牌照業務，包括提供數字銀行與數字資產交易服務的申報工作，未來將形成香港+東南亞雙區域數字資產合規佈局，補齊跨境虛擬資產交易、托管、資管合規短板；Web3業務層面，圍繞「資產數字化、合規化」戰略方針，在 RWA 領域實現從0到1的突破。此外，集團重視行業生態的建設，於2025年8月聯合發起了香港數字資產上市公司聯合會，聯合會以「共探、共諫、共建」為行動準則，彙聚監管智能與產業力量，與香港特區政府建立常態化溝通機制，深度參與《香港數字資產發展政策宣言2.0》的落地實施，例如推動代幣化政府債券常態化發行、穩定幣發牌制度等。誠然全球各司法轄區 RWA、虛擬資產監管細則仍在迭代，跨境代幣化業務落地節奏存在不確定性，但集團率先在新興 RWA 與量子+金融賽道卡位領先業務模式，挖掘本集團業務發展的全新增長動能。

DEEPENING INVESTMENT LAYOUT TO EMPOWER COMPREHENSIVE BUSINESS UPGRADES

Over the past year, the Company has anchored its actions in the strategic development framework, leveraging capital operations as the engine and business consolidation as the key driver to achieve dual breakthroughs in asset structure optimisation and core competitiveness enhancement. This has injected robust momentum into the Group's high-quality development.

On the capital operations front, while continuing its efficient financing strategy, the Group has actively positioned itself in the frontier hard-tech sector. Leveraging the synergistic advantages of "investment, investment banking and management", the Group has continuously enhanced its investment capabilities and knowledge in areas such as Web 3.0, quantum technology, blockchain and RWA, and has made in-depth deployments across these sectors.

The Group actively participated in strategic investments in hard technology. During the Reporting Year, it subscribed for 2.475 million shares of Shanghai FourSemi Semiconductor Co., Ltd. at HK\$40 per share, successfully participating in the international placing of Shanghai FourSemi Semiconductor Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 03625), through a strategic placing. This equity investment generated an unrealised gain measured at fair value at the end of the Reporting Year, and the related value change has been presented in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. This effectively strengthens the industrial synergy between quantum technology and frontier technologies such as AI chips and semiconductors. The Group's asset allocation structure has been further diversified, and its overall growth elasticity has been further enhanced.

深化投資佈局，賦能業務全面升級

過去一年，本公司立足戰略發展全局，以資本運作為引擎，以業務整合為抓手，實現資產結構優化與核心競爭力提升的雙重突破，為本集團的高質量發展注入強勁動能。

在資本運作層面，本集團在延續高效融資策略的同時，積極佈局前沿硬科技領域。本集團發揮「投資+投行+管理」的聯動優勢，不斷提升在Web 3.0、量子科技、區塊鏈、RWA等領域的投資能力和認知，圍繞這些領域深度佈局。

本集團積極參與硬科技戰略投資，於本報告年度內以每股40港元認購上海傅裡葉半導體股份有限公司247.5萬股，成功以戰略配售方式參與上海傅裡葉半導體股份有限公司（一家於聯交所主板上市的公司（股份代號：03625））國際配售，該筆股權投資於本報告年度末按公允價值計量產生賬面浮盈，相關價值變動已於本集團合併財務報表列示，有效強化量子科技與AI芯片、半導體等前沿技術的產業協同。集團資產配置結構進一步多元化，整體成長彈性進一步提升。

OUTLOOK

Looking forward, the Group will firmly implement the “one body, two wings” strategy, with our full-licence financial business as a solid foundation and “quantum technology + digital assets” as dual-core engines, to actively explore a second growth curve in cutting-edge technologies such as quantum technology, artificial intelligence, and Web3 finance.

Currently, the national “15th Five-Year Plan” has listed quantum technology as the top future industry for forward-looking deployment, and Hong Kong is also leveraging its unique advantage of “relying on the motherland and connecting with the world” to accelerate the establishment of a hub for cutting-edge technology and digital finance in the Asia-Pacific region. We are in a key historical window of opportunity for quantum technology and digital assets to transition from technology R&D to commercial implementation, and from a compliance framework to large-scale application. In the future, GoFintech will drive the Company to gradually move from “infrastructure building” to “commercial realisation”, leveraging ecosystem synergies to achieve further revenue growth and diversification of income sources.

In the new financial year, we will continue to deepen our “platform + ecosystem” strategy to build a more solid industry moat. On the one hand, the Group will rely on the “Hong Kong Virtual Assets Listed Companies Association”, which was initiated and established during the Reporting Year, to continue to play its bridging role as an industry “super-hub” and accelerate the development of the market for Web 3.0 new investment banking and institutional-grade digital financial infrastructure; on the other hand, as a future-oriented strategic extension, in April 2026 we jointly initiated and established the “Quantum Intelligence Industry Alliance (量子智能產業聯盟)” together with top industry-academia-research forces such as the City University of Hong Kong, Origin Quantum, and QuantumCTek. The Group will use this alliance as a core vehicle to focus on the cutting-edge integration of “quantum + intelligence”, actively explore the industrial implementation of quantum encryption and financial intelligence algorithms, and accelerate the transformation of cutting-edge technology into the driving force for the Group's next stage of sustainable development.

展望

展望未來，本集團將堅定實踐「一體兩翼」的戰略，全牌照金融業務為穩固底座，以「量子科技+數字資產」為雙核引擎，主動探索量子科技、人工智能及 Web3 金融等前沿科技的第二增長曲線。

當前，國家「十五五」規劃已將量子科技列為前瞻佈局的未來產業之首，香港亦正憑藉「背靠祖國、聯通世界」的獨特優勢，加速構建亞太區域的前沿科技與數字金融樞紐。我們正身處量子科技與數字資產從技術研發向商業化落地、從合規框架向規模化應用的關鍵歷史窗口期。未來，國富量子將推動公司逐步從「基建築基」走向「商業變現」，發揮生態協同的作用，實現收入的進一步增長和多樣化來源。

在新一財年，我們將繼續深化「平台+生態」的佈局，構築更為堅實的行業護城河。一方面，集團將依託報告年度內發起成立的「香港數字資產上市公司聯合會」，繼續發揮其作為行業「超級樞紐」的橋樑作用，加速開拓 Web 3.0 新投行與機構級數字金融基礎設施的市場；另一方面，作為面向未來的戰略延展，我們已於2026年4月聯合香港城市大學、本源量子、國盾量子等頂尖產學研力量，共同發起成立了「量子智能產業聯盟」。本集團將以該聯盟為核心載體，聚焦「量子+智能」的前沿融合，主動探索量子加密與金融智能算法的產業化落地，加速將前沿科技轉化為集團下一階段可持續發展的動力。

Amidst the race of a thousand sails on the business sea, with the wind in our favour, a single sail rides high. In the new financial year, GoFintech will, with a clearer commercialisation path and a more pragmatic execution pace, deeply unleash the dual ecosystem potential of the “Hong Kong Virtual Assets Listed Companies Association” and the “Quantum Intelligence Industry Alliance (量子智能產業聯盟)”. We will leverage our full-licence financial qualifications and hard technology investment drive, continuously optimise the closed-loop ecosystem of our business segments, and unswervingly follow the development path of “investment driving investment banking, and innovation feeding back into traditional business” to create more certain long-term value for all our shareholders, clients and partners!

SUN Qing

Chairlady and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2026

商海千帆競，風正一帆懸。在新一財年，國富量子將以更加清晰的商業化路徑、更加務實的執行節奏，深度釋放「香港數字資產上市公司聯合會」與「量子智能產業聯盟」的雙生態势能。我們將依託全牌照金融資質與硬科技投資驅動，持續優化業務板塊生態閉環，堅定不移地走好「以投資帶動投行、以創新反哺傳統」的發展道路，為全體股東、客戶及合作夥伴創造更具確定性的長期價值！

孫青

主席兼執行董事

香港，二零二六年六月三十日

RESULTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026 (the “**Reporting Year**”), the Group recorded revenue and fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss in the aggregate amount of approximately HK\$2,175,113,000, representing an increase of approximately 138.10% from approximately HK\$913,545,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the “**Previous Reporting Year**”). The growth was mainly attributable to higher revenue from the money lending business and the trading and supply chain operations business, as well as increased fair value gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss from the equity investment business of the Group.

Though the Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$2,130,640,000 for the Reporting Year, as compared to the loss of approximately HK\$2,525,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025, the increase in consolidated loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Reporting Year was mainly attributable to the following one-off events:

- (i) the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement on 31 December 2024 with HK.AI Capital Limited (“**HK.AI**”), formerly known as Wealthink AI-Innovation Capital Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1140), for the purchase of 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP (the “**CSOP Shares**”) at the consideration of HK\$1,110,000,000, which shall be settled by the allotment and issuance of 1,405,063,292 shares of the Company (the “**Consideration Shares**”) at the issue price of HK\$0.79 per share of the Company (the “**Share**”), details of which are set out in the circular of the Company dated 25 June 2025. As at the completion date on 2 January 2026 (the “**Completion Date**”), based on the then closing price of the Share of HK\$2.65 per share, the total cost of the Consideration Shares issued by the Company was approximately HK\$3,723,417,000 while the fair value of the CSOP Shares as at 31 March 2026 measured by an independent professional valuer was approximately HK\$1,298,280,000. The Group recorded an impairment loss arising from the CSOP Acquisition of approximately HK\$2,459,256,000 during the Reporting Year owing to the difference between the total cost of the Consideration Shares issued by the Company after shared results of CSOP and fair value of the Company’s investment in CSOP; and

業績

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度（「**本報告年度**」），本集團之收入及按公平值列入損益賬之投資之公平值變動總額由截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度（「**過往報告年度**」）約913,545,000港元增至約2,175,113,000港元，增幅約為138.10%。該增長主要歸因於放債業務及貿易及供應鏈運營業務的收入增加，以及本集團股權投資業務產生的按公平值列入損益賬之投資公平值收益增加。

雖然本集團於本報告年度錄得虧損約2,130,640,000港元，截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度則錄得虧損約2,525,000港元，於本報告年度本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損增加乃主要歸因於以下一次性事件：

- (i) 本公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日與華科智能投資有限公司（「**華科智能**」）（英文前稱 Wealthink AI-Innovation Capital Limited，一間其股份於聯交所主板上市的公司，股份代號：1140）訂立買賣協議，以購買南方東英全部已發行股本之22.50%（「**南方東英股份**」），代價為1,110,000,000港元，該代價將透過按發行價每股本公司股份（「**股份**」）0.79港元配發及發行1,405,063,292股本公司股份（「**代價股份**」）結算，有關詳情載於本公司日期為二零二五年六月二十五日之通函。於完成日期（即二零二六年一月二日）（「**完成日期**」），根據股份當時之收市價每股2.65港元，本公司已發行代價股份之總成本約為3,723,417,000港元，而由獨立專業估值師計量之於二零二六年三月三十一日之南方東英股份公平值約為1,298,280,000港元。由於計入南方東英的業績分佔後本公司已發行代價股份之總成本與本公司於南方東英之投資公平值之間存在差額，本集團於本報告年度就南方東英收購事項錄得減值虧損約2,459,256,000港元；及

- (ii) the recognition of the one-off loss of approximately HK\$218,905,000 on dilution of the Company's shareholding in HK.AI from approximately 29.13% to 26.29% following the completion of a new share issuance of HK.AI on 20 November 2025.

Excluding the impact of such losses, the profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$547,521,000, achieving a turnaround as compared to that of HK\$2,525,000 loss in the Previous Reporting Year, which was mainly due to (i) the increase in revenue recognized and operating profit generated from the Group's principal businesses, including, among others, the securities brokerage and margin financing businesses and equity investment business as a result of the improved market sentiment of the Hong Kong stock market; (ii) the recognition of net realised and unrealised gains on listed and unlisted equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, particularly in the quantum industry during the Reporting Year; and (iii) the recognition of share of results of associates following completion of the CSOP Acquisition during the Reporting Year.

The basic and diluted loss per share for the Reporting Year were approximately HK28.18 cents as compared to the basic and diluted loss per share of approximately HK0.04 cent for the year ended 31 March 2025.

For a better understanding of our Group's operations, the earning before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and adjusted EBITDA are detailed as follows:

NON-HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS MEASURES — EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA

To supplement the consolidated results of the Group which are prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards, certain non-HKFRS Accounting Standards measures, including EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, have been presented. These non-HKFRS Accounting Standards financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the measures of the

- (ii) 於華科智能在二零二五年十一月二十日完成發行新股份後，因本公司於華科智能的股權由約29.13%攤薄至26.29%而確認約218,905,000港元的一次性虧損。

倘不計及該等虧損之影響，本公司擁有人應佔溢利約為547,521,000港元，與過往報告年度虧損2,525,000港元相比扭虧為盈，主要由於(i)因香港股市市場氣氛好轉，本集團主要業務（其中包括證券經紀及孖展融資業務及股權投資業務）確認之收入及產生之經營溢利增加；(ii)確認於本報告年度按公平值計入損益賬的上市及非上市股權投資（特別是於量子產業）的已變現及未變現收益淨額；及(iii)於本報告年度完成南方東英收購事項後確認應佔聯營公司業績。

於本報告年度每股基本及攤薄虧損約為28.18港仙，而截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度之每股基本及攤薄虧損約為0.04港仙。

為更好地瞭解本集團的運營情況，利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利（「EBITDA」）及經調整EBITDA的詳情載列如下：

非香港財務報告準則會計準則計量 — EBITDA及經調整EBITDA

為補充本集團根據香港財務報告準則會計準則編製的綜合業績，已呈列若干非香港財務報告準則會計準則計量（包括EBITDA及經調整EBITDA）。此等非香港財務報告準則會計準則財務計量應被視為根據香港財務報告準則會計準則編製的本集團財務業績的補充而

Group's financial performance which have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards. The Directors believe that these non-HKFRS Accounting Standards financial measures provide investors with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of its core operations by excluding certain non-cash and non-recurring items. The EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are unaudited figures.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA was a profit of HK\$598,151,000 for the Reporting Year compared with a profit of HK\$49,588,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The following table sets forth the reconciliation of the Group's non-HKFRS Accounting Standards financial measures for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025, respectively, to the nearest measures prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards:

非替代計量。董事認為，此等非香港財務報告準則會計準則財務計量為投資者提供有用的補充資料，藉撇除若干非現金及非經常性項目，評估本集團核心業務的表現。EBITDA及經調整EBITDA為未經審核數據。

經調整 EBITDA

本報告年度之經調整 EBITDA 為溢利 598,151,000 港元，而截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度為溢利 49,588,000 港元。

下表載列本集團截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的非香港財務報告準則會計準則財務計量與根據香港財務報告準則會計準則編製的最接近計量的對賬：

		For the year ended 31 March	
		截至三月三十一日止年度	
		2026	2025
		二零二六年	二零二五年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	(2,130,640)	(2,525)
Add:	加：		
Depreciation	折舊	10,629	8,840
Finance costs	財務成本	7,911	3,031
Income tax expenses	所得稅開支	10,620	799
EBITDA (unaudited)	EBITDA (未經審核)	(2,101,480)	10,145
Add:	加：		
Equity-settled share-based payments	以權益結算之股份支付	21,470	39,443
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之視作出售之虧損	218,905	—
Impairment loss of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之減值虧損	2,459,256	—
Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited)	經調整 EBITDA (未經審核)	598,151	49,588

BUSINESS REVIEW

Securities brokerage and margin financing

The business of securities brokerage and margin financing is one of the main revenue streams of the Group. During the Reporting Year, the business of securities brokerage and margin financing recorded revenue (including inter-segment revenue) of approximately HK\$119,630,000, representing an increase of approximately 472.83% as compared to the revenue (including inter-segment revenue) of approximately HK\$20,884,000 for the Previous Reporting Year.

The segment profit for the Reporting Year amounted to approximately HK\$3,264,000 (2025: approximately HK\$11,938,000). The decrease in segment profit was mainly attributable to the increase in operating costs during the Reporting Year.

The Group's strategy is to focus on and strengthen existing securities operation and work in close collaboration with our corporate finance business as well as asset management business, in order to provide a one-stop integrated financial services to better serve our institutional and high net worth individual clients.

Corporate finance

The corporate finance market was under a keen competition during the Reporting Year. Segment revenue from corporate finance business was approximately HK\$8,000 (2025: approximately HK\$2,338,000), while the segment loss for the Reporting Year amounted to approximately HK\$1,101,000 (2025: segment profit of approximately HK\$1,517,000). The decrease in revenue during the Reporting Year was mainly due to (i) intense price competition in the industry amid volatile market conditions, with clients adopting a more cautious stance; and (ii) the Group's reallocation of resources to other higher-margin business segments, resulting in a significant decline in new engagements.

業務回顧

證券經紀及孖展融資

證券經紀及孖展融資業務為本集團主要收入來源之一。於本報告年度，證券經紀及孖展融資業務錄得收入（包括分部間收入）約119,630,000港元，較過往報告年度約20,884,000港元收入（包括分部間收入）增加約472.83%。

本報告年度錄得分部溢利約3,264,000港元（二零二五年：約11,938,000港元）。分部溢利減少主要由於本報告年度之營運成本增加。

本集團之策略為專注及鞏固現有證券營運，並與本集團企業融資業務及資產管理業務緊密合作，藉以向機構及高淨值個人客戶提供更優質的一站式綜合金融服務。

企業融資

於本報告年度，企業融資市場競爭激烈。來自企業融資業務之分部收入約為8,000港元（二零二五年：約2,338,000港元），而本報告年度錄得分部虧損約1,101,000港元（二零二五年：分部溢利約1,517,000港元）。於本報告年度收入減少主要由於(i)在市場大幅波動的情況下，行業內價格競爭激烈，且客戶採取了更為謹慎的態度；及(ii)本集團將資源重新分配至利潤率更高的其他業務分部，導致新訂約業務量大幅下降。

Money lending

During the Reporting Year, the money lending market was under intensive competition locally. The Group recorded an interest revenue from money lending business of approximately HK\$29,587,000 (2025: approximately HK\$15,969,000), representing an increase of approximately 85.28% as compared to the year ended 31 March 2025. The segment profit for the Reporting Year amounted to approximately HK\$2,518,000 (2025: approximately HK\$1,724,000). The increase in segment profit during the Reporting Year was mainly attributable to the increase in interest revenue recorded.

Overview

The Group's money lending business is conducted through Fortune Finance Limited ("Fortune Finance"), a licensed money lender under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

With funding supported by the Group, Fortune Finance provides money lending services including property mortgages, share mortgages and personal loans. The loan periods range from around 1 to 60 months. The source of clients of Fortune Finance are mainly from referrals and such referrals are sourced from existing clients and the management of the Group. As at 31 March 2026, the client base of Fortune Finance comprises (i) companies engaged in retail and information technology; (ii) individuals engaged in finance, trading and retail sectors; and (iii) companies engaged in investment business (2025: (i) companies engaged in retail and information technology; and (ii) individuals engaged in finance, trading and retail sectors).

放債

於本報告年度，本地放債市場之競爭日趨激烈。本集團錄得放債業務之利息收入約29,587,000港元（二零二五年：約15,969,000港元），較截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度增加約85.28%。本報告年度分部溢利約為2,518,000港元（二零二五年：約1,724,000港元）。於本報告年度分部溢利增加主要歸因於錄得的利息收入增加。

概覽

本集團透過富強財務有限公司（「富強財務」）開展放債業務，富強財務為香港法例第163章《放債人條例》項下之持牌放債人及本公司之全資附屬公司。

富強財務藉助本集團援助之資金提供放債服務，包括物業按揭、股份抵押及個人貸款。貸款期限介乎約1至60個月。富強財務之客戶主要通過現有客戶及本集團管理層轉介而來。截至二零二六年三月三十一日，富強財務之客戶群包括(i)從事零售及資訊科技之公司；(ii)從事金融、貿易及零售業之個人；及(iii)從事投資業務之公司（二零二五年：(i)從事零售及資訊科技之公司；及(ii)從事金融、貿易及零售業之個人）。

Internal control procedures and credit risk assessment policy

Fortune Finance always takes measures to assess and control risks according to Fortune Finance's credit and operation policy. The credit policy applies to all types of lending businesses, including secured-based lending and unsecured lending. Assessment will be conducted from several aspects including market value of the pledged assets, due diligence of collateral ownership, the loan-to-value ratio, legal background checking on the borrowers, creditability and repayment ability of the borrower (including income sources and existing outstanding debts), and the feasibility of legal execution on the charged assets and/or legal action against the borrower in the event of default.

All loan applications submitted to Fortune Finance are required to go through the assessment and approval procedures by three levels of personnel. A loan application will firstly be assessed and approved by a director of Fortune Finance before being passed to the representative(s) of the risk and compliance departments from the Group for comments. Finally, the loan application is subject to final approval from the executive committee (the "**Executive Committee**") of the Group.

Determination of loan terms

The loan terms are determined based on factors such as:

- purpose of fund usage claimed by the borrower;
- capital liquidity of the borrower;
- current loan terms offered by borrower's existing financing company;
- credibility and repayment history of borrower;
- loan size of the application versus the Group's internal capital resources allocation and planning; and
- other risk factors, if any.

內部監控程序及信貸風險評估政策

富強財務一直依據其信貸及營運政策採取各種措施評估及控制風險。信貸政策適用於所有類型之放債業務，包括有抵押貸款及無抵押貸款。評估將從多個方面進行，包括所抵押資產之市值、對抵押品所有權之盡職審查、貸款價值比率、對借款人之法律背景調查、借款人之信用情況及還款能力（包括收入來源及現有未償還債務），以及在出現違約的情況下依法執行已抵押資產及／或對借款人採取法律行動之可行性。

向富強財務提交之所有貸款申請均須通過三級人員之評估及審批程序。貸款申請首先由富強財務的一名董事評估及批准，然後轉交本集團風險及合規部門的代表徵詢意見。最後，貸款申請須由本集團執行委員會（「**執行委員會**」）最終批准。

釐定貸款條款

貸款條款乃基於以下因素釐定：

- 借款人所述之資金用途；
- 借款人之流動資金情況；
- 借款人現有融資公司提供之現有貸款條款；
- 借款人之信用情況及還款記錄；
- 申請貸款之規模與本集團內部資本資源分配及規劃情況之對比；及
- 其他風險因素（如有）。

Before granting unsecured loans to borrowers, the management of Fortune Finance will primarily consider the asset level of the borrower prior to commencement of internal assessment and approval procedures. Where the borrower is able to demonstrate that its assets are of a sufficient level, the management of Fortune Finance will consider recommending that an unsecured loan be granted. In order to determine whether the assets of a borrower are of a sufficient level, Fortune Finance will primarily take into account, among others, (i) the value of all the assets of the borrower reported by the borrower to Fortune Finance; and (ii) the intended size of the relevant loan. In general, the reported value of the borrower's assets must be sufficient to cover the intended loan. The borrower's ability to repay the loan is also taken into account after considering factors such as the borrower's income source and cash flow. The management of Fortune Finance will consider the assets of the borrower to be at a sufficient level once such requirements are deemed to be satisfied.

The terms of unsecured loans are determined on the same basis as those of secured loans, the factors of which are set out above. Although the terms of unsecured loans are determined on the same basis as those of secured loans, due to the higher risk associated with granting unsecured loans as compared to secured loans (even after taking into account that the borrower of the unsecured loan must have sufficient level of assets), the interest rates of unsecured loans will accordingly be higher than that of secured loans, assuming all other factors being equal. The management of Fortune Finance considers that it is reasonable to determine the terms of unsecured loans and secured loans on the same basis provided that, assuming all other factors being equal, unsecured loans (with the relevant borrower's assets at a sufficient level) are subject to higher interest rates commensurate with their level of risk.

Depending on the asset level of the borrower, a personal guarantee may also be required before an unsecured loan may be granted.

The renewal of loans is subject to the same internal control and assessment procedures (including the provision of relevant documents and assessment and approval by a director of Fortune Finance, the representatives of risk and compliance departments and Executive Committee (if necessary) of the Group) as for the grant of new loans.

向借款人授出無抵押貸款之前，富強財務之管理層於開始內部評估及審批程序前將主要考慮借款人之資產水平。倘借款人能夠證明其資產達到足夠水平，富強財務之管理層將考慮建議授出無抵押貸款。為釐定借款人之資產水平是否足夠，富強財務將主要考慮（其中包括）(i) 借款人向富強財務申報之借款人所有資產之價值；及(ii) 相關貸款之擬定規模。一般而言，借款人資產之申報價值必須足以涵蓋擬定貸款。在慮及借款人之收入來源及現金流量等因素後，亦將借款人償還貸款的能力考慮在內。於借款人被視作符合有關要求後，富強財務之管理層將認為借款人之資產達到足夠水平。

無抵押貸款之條款的釐定基準與有抵押貸款相同，有關因素載於上文。儘管無抵押貸款之條款的釐定基準與有抵押貸款相同，但由於授出無抵押貸款之相關風險高於有抵押貸款（即使已慮及無抵押貸款之借款人必須達到足夠之資產水平），假設所有其他因素相同，無抵押貸款之利率將相應高於有抵押貸款之利率。富強財務之管理層認為，假設所有其他因素相同，考慮到對無抵押貸款（在相關借款人之資產達到足夠水平之情況下）收取與其風險水平相稱之較高利率，故按相同基準釐定無抵押貸款及有抵押貸款之條款屬合理。

視乎借款人之資產水平，於授出無抵押貸款前亦可能需要個人擔保。

重續貸款須遵守與授出新貸款相同之內部監控及評估程序（包括提供相關文件及由富強財務一名董事、風險及合規部門代表及本集團執行委員會（如需）評估及批准）。

Information on loans

As at 31 March 2026, there were a total of five outstanding loans with an aggregate outstanding principal amount of HK\$293,000,000 (before expected credit losses) and interest rates which ranged from 6% to 11% per annum.

As at 31 March 2025, there were a total of four outstanding loans with an aggregate outstanding principal amount of HK\$83,000,000 (before expected credit losses) and interest rates which ranged from 6% to 13% per annum.

Collection of loan receivables

Fortune Finance regularly submits status update reports to the Group's management on a weekly basis for the review of Fortune Finance's total outstanding loan balance, loan due, and collection status of the repayments.

Fortune Finance also has a collection guideline which applies to delinquent accounts. If there is bank transfer failure or an uncleared cheque, Fortune Finance's representative will contact the borrower as soon as possible. If the repayment is in default for 30 days, Fortune Finance will check and confirm the latest outstanding amount of the borrower and appoint legal advisors to issue an official demand letter to the borrower. A copy of the demand letter will also be sent to the guarantor, if applicable. Should the repayment be in default for 90 days, Fortune Finance will further issue a final warning where Fortune Finance will take legal action against the borrower if such defaulted repayment could not be settled within 14 days. All records will be documented and the most updated status will be reported regularly to director(s) of the Group. Any arrangements deviating from the collection guideline are required to be reviewed and approved by the directors of Fortune Finance.

The Group applies general approach in measuring loss allowance for expected credit losses on loan receivables.

The Group granted loans to borrowers with different period of time. As the term loans are normally repaid monthly in instalment amount, they would be past due during the loan period and thus, past due day information is meaningful in assessing if there is significant increase in credit risk during the loan period.

貸款情況

於二零二六年三月三十一日，合共有五筆未償還貸款，未償還本金總額為293,000,000港元（扣除預期信貸虧損前），年利率介乎6%至11%。

於二零二五年三月三十一日，合共有四筆未償還貸款，未償還本金總額為83,000,000港元（扣除預期信貸虧損前），年利率介乎6%至13%。

收回應收貸款

富強財務每週定期向本集團管理層提交最新情況報告，以檢討富強財務未獲償還之貸款結餘總額、到期貸款及還款之收款情況。

富強財務亦設有適用於拖欠款項之收款指引。倘銀行轉賬失敗或支票未獲兌現，富強財務之代表將盡快聯絡借款人。倘拖欠還款達30日，富強財務將核查並確認借款人之最新未償還金額，並委任法律顧問向借款人發出正式催繳函。催繳函副本亦將寄發予擔保人（如適用）。倘拖欠還款達90日，富強財務將進一步發出最終警告：倘有關拖欠還款未能於14日內結清，富強財務將對借款人採取法律行動。所有記錄均將記錄在案，並定期向本集團董事報告最新情況。任何偏離收款指引之安排須由富強財務之董事審閱及批准。

本集團應用一般方法計量應收貸款之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備。

本集團向借款人授出不同期限之貸款。由於定期貸款通常按月分期償還，故其可能於貸款期逾期，因此，逾期日資料就評估信貸風險於貸款期內是否顯著增加而言具有意義。

In assessing default risk of loan receivables, management considered the following factors:

- collateral ratio (if any);
- amount of actual shortfall;
- delay in repayment;
- responsive to the Group's request in repayment after maturity of loan;
- an actual or expected downgrade of the external or internal credit rating of the borrower;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change in the borrower's ability to meet its debt obligation;
- significant changes in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial asset or similar financial assets with similar characteristics; and
- significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or credit enhancement, if applicable.

Management classifies loan receivables based on the following:

- Stage 1: For exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit-impaired upon origination.
- Stage 2: For exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit-impaired. Below are indicators of significant increase in credit risks: (a) if repayment of loan is delayed by borrower; (b) if collateral ratio (if any) is 60% or higher; and (c) responsive to the Group's request for repayment.

於評估應收貸款之違約風險時，管理層已考慮以下因素：

- 抵押品比率（如有）；
- 實際不足額；
- 延遲還款；
- 於貸款到期後對本集團要求還款之回應；
- 借款人外部或內部信貸評級之實際或預期降級；
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況之現有或預期不利變動，而有關變動預期導致借款人履行債務責任之能力發生重大變化；
- 特定金融資產或具有類似特徵之類似金融資產之信貸風險之外部市場指標發生重大變動；及
- 支持有關責任之抵押品之價值或信貸提升措施（倘適用）發生重大變化。

管理層根據以下方式分類應收貸款：

- 第一階段： 信貸風險自初步確認以來並無出現顯著增加以及於產生後並無出現信貸減值之風險。
- 第二階段： 信貸風險自初步確認以來出現顯著增加惟並無出現信貸減值之風險。下列為信貸風險顯著增加之指標：(a) 借款人延遲償還貸款；(b) 抵押品比率（如有）為60%或以上；以及(c) 對本集團還款要求之回應。

Stage 3: Exposures are assessed as credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. Below are events indicating that the balance is credit-impaired:

- (a) The Group makes liquidation call to borrowers to liquidate their securities collateral (if any) to settle the outstanding balances;
- (b) The borrower is not responsive to the Group's request; and
- (c) The Group loses contact with the borrowers.

In assessing default risk of loan receivables, management would make reference to the default rates studies conducted by certain external credit rating agencies. In addition, management would incorporate forward looking economic information through the use of industry trend and experienced credit judgment to reflect qualitative factors.

Asset management

During the Reporting Year, the Group recorded a segment revenue from asset management of approximately HK\$7,431,000 (2025: approximately HK\$3,900,000), representing an increase of approximately 90.54% as compared to 2025. The segment loss for the Reporting Year was approximately HK\$1,360,000 (2025: approximately HK\$1,568,000). The decrease in loss was mainly due to the increase in segment revenue during the Reporting Year.

Equity investment

During the Reporting Year, the Group recorded segment revenue and fair value gains on investments at fair value through profit and loss in the total amount of approximately HK\$422,653,000 (2025: approximately HK\$51,983,000). The segment profit for the Reporting Year amounted to approximately HK\$216,927,000 (2025: approximately HK\$19,311,000). The increase was primarily attributable to a significant rise in the fair value of listed and unlisted investments at fair value through profit or loss during the Reporting Year.

第三階段：當發生會對該資產之估計未來現金流量造成不利影響之一項或多項事件時，則有關風險會被評定為出現信貸減值。顯示結餘出現信貸減值之事件如下：

- (a) 本集團要求借款人平倉，以將證券抵押品（如有）變現以結付未償還結餘；
- (b) 借款人並無回應本集團之要求；及
- (c) 本集團與借款人失去聯絡。

於評估應收貸款之違約風險時，管理層將參考由若干外部信貸評級機構進行之違約率研究。此外，管理層將透過使用行業趨勢及應用經驗信貸判斷為基礎作為前瞻性經濟資料，從而反映定性因素。

資產管理

於本報告年度，本集團於資產管理方面錄得分部收入約7,431,000港元（二零二五年：約3,900,000港元），較二零二五年增加約90.54%。本報告年度分部虧損約為1,360,000港元（二零二五年：約1,568,000港元）。虧損減少主要由於本報告年度分部收入增加所致。

股權投資

於本報告年度，本集團於股權投資方面錄得分部收入及按公平值列入損益賬之投資公平值收益總額約422,653,000港元（二零二五年：總額約51,983,000港元）。本報告年度分部溢利約為216,927,000港元（二零二五年：約19,311,000港元）。有關增加主要歸因於本報告年度按公平值列入損益賬的上市及非上市投資的公平值大幅增加。

In respect of the equity investments, the primary objective would be the prioritisation of long-term investments in sectors of high growth potential, including (1) investment in listed company equities who are engaged in AI-powered consumer electronics and robotics or selling and import businesses (“**Listed Equity Investments**”); (2) investment on a one-stop solution provider dedicated to the industrialization and popularization of quantum computing (“**Quantum Investments**”); and (3) investment in interests of funds of large-scale financial products such as equity index funds and fixed-income instruments (“**Fund Investments**”). By building a diversified portfolio aiming at high-growth sectors (quantum computing, AI-related industries and companies) and scarce assets (artworks and digital currencies), the Group is driving appreciation in the long run and pioneers the next investment frontier.

The overall investment strategy is to systematically identify, evaluate, and capitalize on high-growth opportunities while diligently hedging risks and maintaining rigorous risk controls. With Executive Committee being the core decision-maker for the Group’s investments, its members collaborate with other members of the management to establish a closed-loop governance framework, spanning “investment decisions — execution tracking — risk mitigation — value enhancement”. The Executive Committee was established by the Board in April 2017 with written terms of reference specifying its authorities and duties. It currently comprises the executive Director, C-suites and the relevant department heads of the Company and is chaired by the executive Director. The Executive Committee is primarily responsible for supervising the day-to-day operation of the Group, implementing business strategies made by the Board and making investment decisions within its authorities, etc.

A dedicated investment team comprising finance, compliance, and industry specialists is deployed, with regular training programs to enhance risk identification capabilities. Under the current investment direction, the focus is on technological innovation, to accelerate the conversion of new and existing development drivers for the Group’s businesses and to regularly implement strategic adjustments for business development. The Group accordingly will actively embrace the opportunities brought by innovative technologies such as Web 3.0 and quantum computing, explore technological applications in emerging fields and seize their investment opportunities.

股權投資的主要目標將是優先佈局高增長潛力領域之長線投資，包括：(1)投資於從事人工智能消費電子及機器人或從事銷售及進口業務的上市公司的股權（「**上市股權投資**」）；(2)投資於專注量子計算產業化及普及化的一站式解決方案供應商（「**量子投資**」）；及(3)參與股票指數基金及固定收益工具等大型金融產品的基金權益投資（「**基金投資**」）。本集團透過構建涵蓋高增長板塊（量子計算、人工智能相關行業及公司）及稀缺資產（藝術品、數字貨幣）的多元化組合，致力實現長期資產增值並開拓全新投資疆界。

整體投資策略旨在系統性地發掘、評估及把握高成長機遇，同時嚴謹對沖風險並維持嚴格風控措施。執行委員會是本集團投資的核心決策機構，其成員與其他管理層成員合作建立涵蓋「投資決策 — 執行追蹤 — 風險緩解 — 價值提升」全流程之閉環管治架構。執行委員會乃由董事會於二零一七年四月設立，並制定了書面職權範圍訂明其權力及職責。目前，執行委員會成員包括執行董事、高管層及本公司相關部門主管，並由執行董事擔任主席。執行委員會主要負責監督本集團的日常營運、執行董事會制定的業務策略以及在其職權範圍內作出投資決策等。

本集團已成立由財務、合規及行業方面專才組成的專責投資團隊，並定期進行培訓課程以提升風險識別能力。就現行投資方向而言，重點聚焦科技創新領域，以加速本集團業務的新舊發展動能轉換，並定期實施業務發展策略調整。據此，本集團將積極把握Web 3.0及量子計算等創新技術帶來的機遇，探索新興領域技術應用並捕捉相關投資機遇。

Moreover, on risk management for funds, fund managers establish and maintain effective risk management policies and reporting methodologies, subject to regular review, especially when significant changes occur to the fund or such changes to market conditions, legislation, rules, or regulations may impact the fund's risk exposure. Additionally, the risk management policy for each fund implements a system of limits to monitor and control the relevant risks based on the measures used.

The tenures of investments elaborated above are (1) typically medium to long term horizons for private equity investments with a tenure of 1 year or above, with exit timing calibrated to strategic milestones such as market share dominance and profitability thresholds; or liquidity events such as trade sales and initial public offerings; and (2) for publicly traded equities and index funds, the relevant investments generally serve as short-term liquidity buffers with a tenure not exceeding one year, provided that in rare cases, we may moderately extend the investment period to up to three years, depending on the extent to which the price reflects the underlying value.

Trading and supply chain operations

During the Reporting Year, the Group recorded a segment revenue from trading and supply chain operations of approximately HK\$1,570,972,000 (2025: approximately HK\$819,545,000), representing an increase of approximately 91.69% as compared to 2025. The segment profit for the Reporting Year was approximately HK\$52,000 (2025: segment loss of approximately HK\$294,000). The turnaround from segment loss to segment profit was mainly due to the improvement of profit margin during the Reporting Year.

The trading and supply chain operations business operates based on certain long-term clients, who in turn provide stable operation foundations and income source for the Group. In terms of business model, the Group would firstly conduct market research, where the Group clarifies on the potential customers' need of commodities (as for the Reporting Year, under the trading and supply chain operations business engaged by the Company, bulk commodities such as electrolytic copper and electrolytic nickel have been involved, which serve for energy-provision or heavy

此外，在基金風險管理方面，基金經理制定並維持有效的風險管理政策與匯報機制，並定期進行檢討（尤其是當基金出現重大變動或市場環境、法律、規則或法規的變動可能影響基金風險承擔水平時）。另外，各基金之風險管理政策均會實施限額制度，以根據所採用的措施監察及管控相關風險。

上述投資項目的年期如下：(1) 私募股權投資一般設1年或以上中長期投資期，退出時點按戰略性里程碑（如市佔率優勢及盈利門檻）或流動性事件（如同業出售及首次公開招股）確定；及(2) 上市股票及指數基金相關投資則通常作為不超過1年的短期流動性緩衝配置，但少數情況我們會根據價格反映價值的程度適度延長投資期至不超過3年。

貿易及供應鏈運營

於本報告年度，本集團錄得貿易及供應鏈運營分部收入約1,570,972,000港元（二零二五年：約819,545,000港元），較二零二五年增加約91.69%。本報告年度之分部溢利約為52,000港元（二零二五年：分部虧損約294,000港元）。分部虧損轉為分部溢利主要由於本報告年度利潤率有所改善所致。

貿易及供應鏈運營業務依托若干長期客戶進行運營，該等客戶為本集團提供穩定的運營基礎及收入來源。就業務模式而言，本集團會先進行市場調研，釐清潛在客戶對商品（就本報告年度而言，本公司從事的貿易及供應鏈運營業務涉及電解銅及電解鎳等用於能源供應或重工業用途的大宗商品）的需求，並向供應商索取目標商品的採購報價。於報價過程中，本集團亦會綜合考量價格、品質、交

industry purposes), and seeks suppliers' quotations on target commodities' acquisition. During the price quotation process, the Group would also comprehensively consider factors such as price, quality, delivery period in order to ensure customers' satisfaction. Where applicable, the Group would also provide credit guarantee or guarantee deposit to ensure the stability of the supply chain.

Subsequent to the confirmation of suppliers of commodities, procurement contracts would be executed with suppliers to secure the key terms such as specifications of commodities, quantities, price, delivery period, payment terms, to ensure transparency during the procurement process.

Simultaneously, the Group proactively seeks for buyers with such needs of commodities via market and business development, and negotiates with buyers prior to reaching consensual terms of specifications of commodities, quantities, price, delivery period and payment terms. During negotiations, the Group would conduct due diligence on the potential buyers' credibility to minimize transactional risks of non-payment. Subsequent to receiving from the buyers such payment for commodities acquired, the Group would in exchange provide the ownership documentations to the relevant buyers, which in turn signifying the exchange of ownership and risks.

After the entire transaction is completed, the Group makes account for the revenue according to the relevant accounting principles applicable.

As a whole, the trading and supply chain operations business has four (4) staff members responsible for supply chain operations business, including one management staff with eight (8) years of experience in international supply chain management and trade business. Moreover, such business provides value-adding services such as analysis and forecast regarding market trend, and accordingly provide support for clients to make appropriate and timely procurement decision; besides, the Group, during its operations, offer credit guarantee or guarantee deposit to ensure the stability of the supply chain in order to avoid deal-breaking risks.

貨期等因素以確保客戶滿意度。在適當情況下，本集團亦會提供信用擔保或保證金以確保供應鏈的穩定性。

在確認商品供應商後，本集團將與供應商簽訂採購合約，以明確商品規格、數量、價格、交貨期及付款條款等關鍵條款，從而保障採購過程的透明度。

與此同時，本集團會透過市場及業務拓展積極尋求有此類商品需求的買家，並就商品規格、數量、價格、交貨期及付款條款等與買家進行磋商，以達成雙方同意的條款。在磋商過程中，本集團將對潛在買家的信用狀況進行盡職審查，以盡量降低交易中可能出現的拖欠款項的風險。待收到買家支付的商品採購款後，本集團將相應地向相關買家提供所有權文件，此舉標誌著商品所有權及風險的轉移。

於整個交易完成後，本集團會根據適用的相關會計原則核算收入。

整體而言，貿易及供應鏈運營業務有四(4)名專責人員負責，其中包括一名擁有八(8)年國際供應鏈管理及貿易業務經驗的管理人員。此外，該業務提供包括市場趨勢分析與預測等增值服務，並相應協助客戶制定適時且合宜的採購決策；同時，本集團在運營過程中會視情況提供信用擔保或保證金，以確保供應鏈的穩定性，從而避免交易破裂的風險。

The major customer of the trading and supply chain operations business is a Hong Kong company, and its major supplier is a trading company incorporated in Hong Kong.

Looking forward, the Group's plan is to (i) explore new product categories in the trade, gradually accumulate experience and customer resources through existing product categories, and develop new customers in categories such as electronic products and smart devices to improve the overall gross profit margin of the business; (ii) expand new sectors of trading in terms of commodities for transactions, and simultaneously, expand the scale and scope of the trading business to involve in transactions of derivatives trading such as futures, options and swaps for commodities, so as to achieve further diversification on financial services provision of the Group; and (iii) expand into the trade financing business and merge the trading businesses with the financial services of the Group, thereby updating its business model with more advanced investment products and service model, including the development of financial service products for commodities, so as to provide trade financing solutions for suppliers and customers, promoting the Group's market competitiveness on its existing financial service segments.

Artwork investment

During the Reporting Year, the Group recorded segment loss of approximately HK\$4,366,000 (2025: segment profit of approximately HK\$504,000), which mainly resulted from the fair value loss of the investments in artworks by the Group during the Reporting Year.

As the investment targets are primarily antiques in the form of jade artefacts and ceramic artefacts, the Company has been building, maintaining and constantly improving its internal control and risk management systems and policies for such business since its establishment, especially on the authentication and valuation of artworks, which are of utmost importance to our business. Such protective policies and systems are reflected from the adoption and implementation of a comprehensive set of specific measures at every stage of our art investment business, commencing from screening, authentication and valuation to the continuous monitoring until realisation.

貿易及供應鏈運營業務的主要客戶為一家香港公司，而其主要供應商為一家在香港註冊成立的貿易公司。

展望未來，本集團計劃：(i) 開拓貿易商品新品類，通過現有商品品類業務，逐步積累經驗與客戶資源，向電子產品、智能設備等品類開發新客戶，提高業務整體毛利率；(ii) 拓展大宗商品交易之新領域，並同步擴大貿易業務規模及範圍至涵蓋大宗商品期貨、期權、掉期等衍生工具之交易領域，進一步多元化本集團金融服務；及(iii) 擴展至貿易融資業務，並將貿易業務與本集團金融服務相結合，透過開發大宗商品金融服務產品等更高階投資產品及服務模式，革新業務模式，為供應商及客戶提供貿易融資解決方案，提升本集團在現有金融服務領域之市場競爭力。

藝術品投資

於本報告年度，本集團錄得分部虧損約4,366,000港元（二零二五年：分部溢利約504,000港元），主要源自本集團於本報告年度的藝術品投資的公平值虧損。

由於投資目標主要為玉器及陶器類古董藝術品，自開展該業務以來，本公司持續建立、維持並不斷完善內部監控及風險管理系統及政策，尤重藝術品鑑定及估值，其對我們的業務至關重要。該等保障政策及制度體現於我們於藝術品投資業務各階段，包括從篩選、鑑定、估值至持續監察直至變現，所採納及實施的一套有針對性的綜合措施。

The artwork investment business of the Company starts with sales from private collectors, and the sales opportunities with them have been made available to the Company as it leverages the industry experience and connections of its art appraisal and valuation team (the “**Art A&V Team**”) and external industry experts. The Company will conduct due diligence on the relevant vendors of the artworks including making enquiry and conducting available public searches of the artwork documentation to prove ownership, authenticity and value of the artworks. Upon an initial confirmation of investment with a favourable reply on the above, we will utilise our long-term collaborating Art A&V Team to check on the authenticity of the artworks to be acquired every time before any investment decision is made. The Company’s internal team of three (3) staff members (the “**Internal Art Investment Team**”) will then decide (i) whether to proceed with the relevant investments; and (ii) whether a discount will be required.

Subsequent to the investments made on the relevant artworks, the Company also devotes plenty of resources to establishing solid internal control and risk management systems to monitor risks concerning possible deterioration of value of artworks, and has put in place stringent procedures and policies in continuous appraisal of investments. The Internal Art Investment Team will collaborate with the Art A&V Team to monitor the conditions and value of the artworks on a bi-annual basis. Upon the Art A&V Team reporting the latest conditions to the Internal Art Investment Team, the latter will communicate with the Board on such conditions and decide whether sales of the artworks are required to realise such investments and recognise the profit derived thereunder.

The Company adopts a long-term investment approach for the artworks, artefacts and antiques (such as jade, ceramics and collectibles), with an aim to optimise divestment opportunities aligning with market cycles and long-term potential and foreseeable asset appreciation (owing to their scarcity and their own unique culture value and long-term appreciation potential), and thereby bringing value and benefits to the Company and its Shareholders as a whole from the acquired assets’ value appreciation. On top of that, the Company’s development strategy to enter the cultural and creative industries is to leverage its subsidiaries’ capacities in conducting licensed activities under the SFO and the Group’s professional teams to establish service systems for art auctions, financing, and real-world asset (“**RWA**”) tokenization as blockchain-powered solutions, thereby expanding into the high value-added cultural finance markets.

本公司藝術品投資業務始於私人藏家銷售，本公司憑藉其藝術品鑑定估值團隊（「**藝術品鑑估團隊**」）及外部行業專家的業界經驗及人脈網絡，得以知曉此等銷售資訊。本公司會對藝術品相關賣家進行盡職調查，包括查詢及對藝術品文件進行可行的公開搜尋，以證明藝術品的所有權、真偽及價值。在初步確認投資並就上述事宜獲得有利回覆後，在作出任何投資決定前，我們每次均會利用我們的長期合作藝術品鑑估團隊核查擬收購藝術品的真偽。本公司由三(3)名員工成員組成的內部團隊（「**內部藝術品投資團隊**」），負責決定(i)是否進行相關投資；及(ii)是否需要價格折讓。

完成相關藝術品投資後，本公司亦投入大量資源建立嚴謹的內部監控及風險管理系統，以監察藝術品價值貶損風險，並實施嚴格程序及政策持續評估投資。內部藝術品投資團隊將與藝術品鑑估團隊每半年協作監察藝術品狀況及價值。根據藝術品鑑估團隊向內部藝術品投資團隊提交之最新狀況報告，後者將向董事會匯報並決定是否需出售藝術品以變現投資及確認由此產生的利潤。

本公司對藝術品、工藝品及古董（包括玉器、瓷器及收藏品）採取長期投資策略，旨在通過把握市場週期與長期增值潛力以及可預見的資產增值（源於其稀缺性、獨特文化價值及長期升值潛力），優化退資時機，從而通過所收購資產的增值為本公司及全體股東創造價值與收益。除此之外，本公司進軍文創領域的發展策略是依託附屬公司從事證券及期貨條例項下受規管活動之能力及本集團專業團隊，借助區塊鏈技術，構建藝術品拍賣、融資及現實世界資產（「**RWA**」）代幣化的服務體系，從而拓展高附加值的文化金融市場。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論與分析(續)

Investments made with respect to artworks, artefacts and antiques

藝術品、工藝品及古董之投資

During the Reporting Year, the investments made with respect to artworks, artefacts and antiques and latest fair value are set out in the table below:

於本報告年度，就藝術品、工藝品及古董作出的投資及最新公平值載於下表：

Acquisition Date	Name & Nature of Artwork(s)	Acquisition Costs	Latest Fair Value (HK\$) change in fair value 最新 公平值(港元) 公平值變動 (HK\$) (港元)
收購日期	藝術品名稱及性質	收購成本 (HK\$) (港元)	公平值變動 (HK\$) (港元)
22 January 2025 二零二五年一月二十二日	The "Four Beauties" ornaments made of Xinjiang Hotan nephrite jade pebbles* 新疆和田玉籽料雕傾國傾城四大美女擺件	63,468,000	63,468,000 no change 無變動
31 January 2025 二零二五年一月三十一日	Ceramic Vase with tubular handles made in royal kiln of Southern Song dynasty* 南宋官窯貫耳瓶	60,000,000	59,868,000 decreased by 132,000 減少 132,000
12 February 2025 二零二五年二月十二日	White Jade Bottle Necklace made of Hotan nephrite jade, made in Qing dynasty (Qianlong period) with a meaning to bless its children* 清乾隆子孫寶其萬年白玉鏈瓶	61,352,400	61,352,000 decreased by 400 減少 400
12 February 2025 二零二五年二月十二日	Multiple-edged ceramic bottle in green paint made in royal kiln of Southern Song dynasty* 南宋官窯青釉多棱瓶	50,000,000	49,890,000 decreased by 110,000 減少 110,000
20 February 2025 二零二五年二月二十日	Yellow ceramic plate with flowers and fruit decoration in underglaze blue made in Ming dynasty (Zhengde period)* 明正德黃地青花花果紋盤	12,000,000	11,974,000 decreased by 26,000 減少 26,000

Acquisition Date	Name & Nature of Artwork(s)	Acquisition Costs	Latest Fair Value (HK\$) change in fair value 最新公平值(港元) 公平值變動(HK\$) (港元)
收購日期	藝術品名稱及性質	收購成本 (HK\$) (港元)	
28 February 2025 二零二五年二月二十八日	Ceramic brush-washing bowl in eggplant purple paint made in the "Jun" kiln of Jun Zhou, Henan province, China during Northern Song dynasty* 北宋鈞窯茄紫釉鼓釘洗	32,000,000	31,930,000 decreased by 70,000 減少70,000
6 March 2025 二零二五年三月六日	The "Guanyin" ornament made of Hotan nephrite jade (yellow jade)* 和田黃玉觀音擺件	44,427,600	44,428,000 increased by 400 增加400
13 March 2025 二零二五年三月十三日	Ceramic plate with incised flower design made in the "Ding" kiln of Ding Zhou, Hebei province, China during Northern Song dynasty* 北宋定窯劃花紋盤	15,000,000	14,967,000 decreased by 33,000 減少33,000
13 March 2025 二零二五年三月十三日	Blue and white ceramic dish made with "grapes" design in Ming dynasty (Yongle period)* 明永樂青花海水葡萄紋折沿大盤	10,000,000	9,978,000 decreased by 22,000 減少22,000
13 March 2025 二零二五年三月十三日	Small ceramic bowl with design with sixteen distinctive edges of chrysanthemum petals made in the "Ding" kiln of Ding Zhou, Hebei province, China during Northern Song dynasty* 北宋定窯菊瓣紋十六棱小碗	35,000,000	34,923,000 decreased by 77,000 減少77,000
26 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十六日	A pair of ceramic amphora with movable rings with dragon and phoenix decoration in underglaze blue made in Ming dynasty (Jiajing period)* 明嘉靖青花龍鳳紋活環雙耳對瓶	28,000,000	27,939,000 decreased by 61,000 減少61,000

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論與分析(續)

Acquisition Date	Name & Nature of Artwork(s)	Acquisition Costs	Latest Fair Value (HK\$) change in fair value 最新 公平值(港元) 公平值變動 (HK\$) (港元)
收購日期	藝術品名稱及性質	收購成本 (HK\$) (港元)	
26 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十六日	Yellow glazed pear-shaped ceramic ewer made in Ming dynasty (Jiajing period)* 明嘉靖嬌黃釉梨形執壺	30,000,000	29,934,000 decreased by 66,000 減少 66,000
1 April 2025 二零二五年四月一日	The Drunk Noble Consort sculpted ornaments made in Hotan nephrite jade (white jade)* 和田白玉籽料雕貴妃醉酒擺件	35,000,000	35,000,000 no change 無變動
1 April 2025 二零二五年四月一日	A pair of yellow ceramic plate with blue Gardenia design made in Ming dynasty (Hongzhi period)* 明弘治黃地青花梔子花紋盤一對	24,000,000	19,468,000 decreased by 4,532,000 減少 4,532,000
7 April 2025 二零二五年四月七日	La Sortie du Bain by Pierre-Auguste Renoir 皮埃爾·奧古斯特·雷諾阿《浴後》	45,000,000	45,000,000 no change 無變動
7 April 2025 二零二五年四月七日	Portrait of Andy Warhol by Zeng Fanzhi 曾梵志《安迪·沃荷肖像》	40,000,000	42,323,000 increased by 2,323,000 增加 2,323,000
8 April 2025 二零二五年四月八日	Hetian White Jade Pebble Carving – “Venerable Pindola Bharadvaja” Ornament 和田白玉籽料雕賓頭顱羅漢擺件	36,000,000	36,000,000 no change 無變動
8 April 2025 二零二五年四月八日	Sky-blue glazed ceramic plate made in the “Jun” kiln of Jun Zhou, Henan province, China during Song dynasty* 宋代鈞窯天藍釉盤	12,000,000	11,974,000 decreased by 26,000 減少 26,000

Acquisition Date	Name & Nature of Artwork(s)	Acquisition Costs	Latest Fair Value (HK\$) change in fair value 最新公平值(港元) 公平值變動(HK\$) (港元)
收購日期	藝術品名稱及性質	收購成本 (HK\$) (港元)	
8 April 2025 二零二五年四月八日	Porcelain plaque with blue flower and reed goose design in "Wang-Bu" painting style made during the years of Republic of China* 民國王步繪青花蘆雁紋瓷板	10,000,000	9,978,000 decreased by 22,000 減少 22,000
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	Royal-made sweet white glaze ceramic bowl made in Ming dynasty (Chenghua period)* 明成化御製甜白釉大碗	60,294,600	60,162,000 decreased by 132,600 減少 132,600
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	Hibiscus-shaped rim washer made in the "Ge" kiln of Chu Zhou, Zhejiang province, China during Song dynasty* 宋代哥窯葵口洗	23,271,600	23,221,000 decreased by 50,600 減少 50,600
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	Big ceramic plate with blue flower, mandarin ducks and lotus design made during Yuan dynasty* 元代青花鴛鴦戲荷紋大盤	19,040,400	18,999,000 decreased by 41,400 減少 41,400
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	Ceramic ewer made with "Qinghua" flower design in Ming dynasty (Yongle period)* 明永樂御製清華花卉紋執壺	17,453,700	17,415,000 decreased by 38,700 減少 38,700
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	The sculpted ornaments with toddler worshipping "Guan Yin" goddess made in Hotan nephrite jade (white jade)* 和田白玉籽料雕童子拜觀音擺件	31,734,000	31,734,000 no change 無變動

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論與分析(續)

Acquisition Date	Name & Nature of Artwork(s)	Acquisition Costs	Latest Fair Value (HK\$) change in fair value 最新 公平值 (港元) 公平值變動 (HK\$) (港元)
收購日期	藝術品名稱及性質	收購成本 (HK\$) (港元)	
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	The "Elderly Representing Longevity" sculpted ornaments made in Hotan nephrite jade (white jade)* 和田白玉籽料雕壽桃星老者擺件	13,539,840	13,540,000 increased by 160 增加 160
23 April 2025 二零二五年四月二十三日	Dual-handled tripod incense burner in royal-imitation glazing style paint made in "Longquan" kiln during Southern Song dynasty* 南宋龍泉窯仿官釉雙耳三足鬲式爐	15,867,000	15,832,000 decreased by 35,000 減少 35,000
4 September 2025 二零二五年九月四日	Wu Hufan, Qunyu Study Collated Stele Drawing (Handscroll), created in the Gengzi Year (1960) Collector: Fang Shu and Wang Jin* 吳湖帆庚子 (1960) 年作群玉齋校碑圖 手卷	3,442,504	3,642,000 increased by 199,496 增加 199,496
4 September 2025 二零二五年九月四日	Han Chicken Heart Pendant with Dragon Pattern* 漢龍紋雞心佩	1,777,104	1,777,000 decreased by 104 減少 104

* for identification purposes only

* 僅供識別

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2026, the nominal value of the total issued share capital of the Company was approximately HK\$1,030,385,261.40, comprising 10,303,852,614 Shares of the Company of HK\$0.10 each.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. For the licensed subsidiaries of the Group, the Group ensures each of them maintains a liquid capital level that is adequate to support the level of activities with a sufficient buffer to accommodate increases in liquidity requirements arising from potential increases in the level of business activities. During the Reporting Year, all the licensed subsidiaries of the Group complied with the liquid capital requirements under the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (Cap. 571 sub. leg. N of the Laws of Hong Kong) (“**Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules**”).

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to Shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes lease liabilities, cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, which comprises issued share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the capital structure regularly. As part of the review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group’s capital structure. The overall strategy of the Group remains unchanged during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

For certain subsidiaries of the Company, they are regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission (the “**SFC**”) of Hong Kong and are required to comply with certain minimum capital requirements according to the rules of SFC. Our management monitors, on a

資本結構

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本公司已發行股本面值總額約為1,030,385,261.40港元，包括10,303,852,614股每股面值0.10港元之本公司股份。

本集團積極定期檢討及管理其資本結構，並因應經濟環境之轉變對資本結構作出調整。就本集團持牌之附屬公司而言，本集團確保各持牌附屬公司均保持資金靈活週轉，足以支持業務經營，以及在業務活動可能轉趨頻繁而引致對流動資金之需求上升時亦能應付自如。於本報告年度，本集團所有持牌附屬公司均遵守香港附屬法例第571N章證券及期貨（財政資源）規則（「**證券及期貨（財政資源）規則**」）下之流動資金規定。

資本風險管理

本集團管理旗下資本以確保本集團之實體能夠持續經營，並透過優化平衡債務及權益為股東帶來最大回報。

本集團之資本架構包括債務（包括租賃負債）、現金及現金等值物，以及本公司擁有人應佔權益，當中包括已發行股本及儲備。

董事定期檢討資本架構。作為檢討的一部分，董事會考慮資本成本及與各類資本相關的風險，並採取適當行動調整本集團之資本架構。截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度，本集團之整體策略維持不變。

就本公司若干附屬公司而言，其受香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會（「**證監會**」）規管且須根據證監會之規則遵守若干最低資本規定。本公司管理層每日監察附屬公司之流動資金

daily basis, the subsidiaries' liquid capital level to ensure they meet the minimum liquid capital requirements in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules. The range of liquid capital is from HK\$100,000 to HK\$3,000,000 or 5.00% of their total adjusted liabilities, whichever is higher.

There was no non-compliance by the Group's members with the capital requirements imposed by the respective regulators during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND GEARING RATIO

During the Reporting Year, the Group mainly financed its operations by cash generated from operating activities and proceeds from fund raising activities.

As at 31 March 2026, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$4,255,834,000 (as at 31 March 2025: approximately HK\$841,714,000) and approximately HK\$2,169,807,000 (as at 31 March 2025: approximately HK\$678,890,000) respectively, while the current ratio was about 1.96 times (as at 31 March 2025: 1.24 times).

As at 31 March 2026, the Group's aggregate cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$435,560,000 (as at 31 March 2025: approximately HK\$92,186,000), of which approximately 94.24% was denominated in HK\$ (as at 31 March 2025: approximately 80.07%), approximately 2.64% was denominated in United States dollars ("USD") (as at 31 March 2025: approximately 9.83%), approximately 3.11% was denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") (as at 31 March 2025: 10.00%), and approximately 0.01% was denominated in SGD (as at 31 March 2025: approximately 0.10%), representing 10.23% (as at 31 March 2025: approximately 10.95%) of total current assets.

During the Reporting Year, no financial instruments were used for hedging purposes. As at 31 March 2026, the gearing ratio, measured on the basis of total borrowings (including borrowings and lease liabilities) as a percentage of equity attributable to owners of the Company, was approximately 7.55% (as at 31 March 2025: approximately 10.97%). The debt ratio, defined as total debts over total assets, was approximately 23.93% (as at 31 March 2025: 14.88%).

水平，以確保符合證券及期貨（財政資源）規則項下最低流動資金規定。流動資金範圍介於100,000港元至3,000,000港元或為其經調整總負債之5.00%（以較高者為準）。

截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度，本集團成員公司並無違反有關規管機構所實施之資本規定之情況。

流動資金、財務資源及資本負債比率

於本報告年度，本集團主要透過經營業務產生之現金及籌資活動所得款項撥付其業務所需資金。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團之流動資產及流動負債分別約為4,255,834,000港元（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約841,714,000港元）及約為2,169,807,000港元（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約678,890,000港元），流動比率約為1.96倍（於二零二五年三月三十一日：1.24倍）。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團之現金及現金等值物合共約為435,560,000港元（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約92,186,000港元），其中約94.24%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約80.07%）以港元計值、約2.64%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約9.83%）以美元（「美元」）計值、約3.11%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：10.00%）以人民幣（「人民幣」）計值及約0.01%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約0.10%）以新加坡元計值，相當於流動資產總值10.23%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約10.95%）。

於本報告年度，概無金融工具作對沖用途。於二零二六年三月三十一日，按總借貸（包括借貸及租賃負債）佔本公司擁有人應佔權益百分比計算之資本負債比率約為7.55%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約10.97%）。債務比率（定義為總債務除以總資產）約為23.93%（於二零二五年三月三十一日：14.88%）。

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

As at 31 March 2026, the Group held investments at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$1,842,915,000 (as at 31 March 2025: approximately HK\$585,942,000), with net gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$422,436,000 (2025: approximately HK\$50,145,000).

As at 31 March 2026, none of the individual underlying investments of the above-mentioned investments constitutes 5% or more of the total assets of the Group.

INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The Group has significant investments in HK.AI and CSOP, each being an associate of the Group.

HK.AI Capital Limited

HK.AI is a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1140) as an investment company regulated under Chapter 21 of the Listing Rules. HK.AI and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “**HK.AI Group**”) are principally engaged in investment holding activities in Hong Kong and the PRC, with the involvement of investment in a diversified portfolio of global investments with respect to both listed and private enterprises.

On 18 October 2024, Marvel Champion Investment Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, completed the acquisition of 2,751,339,130 shares of HK.AI, upon which, (i) the Company has been beneficially interested in 3,064,454,515 shares of HK.AI, representing approximately 29.13% equity interest in HK.AI; and (ii) HK.AI has become an associate of the Group.

The carrying amount of the investment in HK.AI as at 31 March 2026 was approximately HK\$1.93 billion, representing approximately 21.13% of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2026.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group recognised share of profit and other comprehensive income of HK.AI in the amount of approximately HK\$31,852,000 and HK\$36,457,000, respectively. No dividend from HK.AI was received during the Reporting Year.

重大投資

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團持有按公平值列入損益賬之投資約1,842,915,000港元（於二零二五年三月三十一日：約585,942,000港元），按公平值列入損益賬之投資的收益淨額約為422,436,000港元（二零二五年：約50,145,000港元）。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，上述投資的各項相關投資額均不構成本集團總資產之5%或以上。

於聯營公司之投資

本集團於華科智能及南方東英有重大投資，每間公司均為其聯營公司。

華科智能投資有限公司

作為上市規則第21章項下受規管的投資公司，華科智能為一間於聯交所主板上市之公司（股份代號：1140）。華科智能及其附屬公司（統稱「**華科智能集團**」）主要於香港及中國從事投資控股活動，並參與投資於涉及上市及私營企業之分散化全球投資組合。

於二零二四年十月十八日，本公司之全資附屬公司滿冠投資有限公司完成收購華科智能之2,751,339,130股股份，於完成後，(i)本公司實益擁有3,064,454,515股華科智能股份，約佔華科智能29.13%股權；及(ii)華科智能成為本集團之聯營公司。

於二零二六年三月三十一日於華科智能的投資賬面值為約19.3億港元，佔本集團於二零二六年三月三十一日的總資產約21.13%。

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團分別確認分佔華科智能的溢利及其他全面收入約為31,852,000港元及36,457,000港元。本報告年度內並無自華科智能收取股息。

CSOP Asset Management Limited

CSOP is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and licensed by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission to carry out Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated activities. CSOP manages private and public funds and provides investment advisory services to Asian and global investors, with a dedicated focus on China investing. It is committed to providing investors with a flexible and efficient asset allocation tool through simple, transparent and innovative products.

On 31 December 2024, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with HK.AI to acquire 60,000,000 shares of CSOP, representing 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP, at a total consideration of HK\$1,110,000,000, satisfied by the allotment and issuance of 1,405,063,292 Shares of the Company at approximately HK\$0.79 per share under a specific mandate. Completion of the CSOP Acquisition took place on 2 January 2026, following which CSOP became an associate of the Group.

The carrying amount of the investment in CSOP as at 31 March 2026 was HK\$1,298,280,000 (after recognition of an impairment allowance of HK\$2,459,256,000), representing approximately 14.22% of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2026.

During the Reporting Year, the Group recognised share of profit and other comprehensive expense of CSOP in the amount of approximately HK\$35,361,000 and HK\$1,243,000, respectively.

OUTLOOK

Looking ahead, the Group will leverage its solid foundation in integrated financial services to focus on the dual-driver strategy of digital assets and quantum technology. It will further explore the integration and synergistic development of finance with cutting-edge technology fields such as Web3, quantum technology, and artificial intelligence. By capitalizing on Hong Kong's advantages as an international financial centre and the opportunities arising from national policies on technological innovation, the Group aims to drive high-quality development across its businesses into a new phase.

南方東英資產管理有限公司

南方東英是一家於香港註冊成立的有限公司，並獲香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會發牌可從事第1類（證券交易）、第4類（就證券提供意見）及第9類（資產管理）受規管活動。南方東英管理私募及公募基金，並為亞洲及全球投資者提供投資諮詢服務，且致力專注於中國投資領域。該公司致力於通過簡單、透明及創新的產品，為投資者提供靈活高效的資產配置工具。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司與華科智能訂立買賣協議，以總代價1,110,000,000港元收購南方東英60,000,000股股份，佔南方東英全部已發行股本的22.50%。該代價將通過根據特別授權，按每股約0.79港元配發及發行本公司1,405,063,292股股份的方式支付。南方東英收購事項已於二零二六年一月二日完成，其後南方東英成為本集團的聯營公司。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，對南方東英投資的賬面值為1,298,280,000港元（於確認減值撥備2,459,256,000港元後），佔本集團於二零二六年三月三十一日總資產約14.22%。

於本報告年度，本集團確認應佔南方東英溢利及其他全面開支金額分別約為35,361,000港元及1,243,000港元。

展望

展望未來，本集團將以綜合金融服務的堅實基礎為依托，聚焦數字資產與量子科技雙輪驅動戰略，並進一步探索金融與Web3、量子科技、人工智能等前沿科技領域的融合與協同發展，把握香港國際金融中心優勢及國家科技創新政策機遇，推動各項業務邁向新階段的高質量發展。

Rooted in Hong Kong and aligning with the broader national landscape. Against the backdrop of the release of the national “15th Five-Year Plan” and the HKSAR Government’s proactive and comprehensive alignment with the nation’s “15th Five-Year Plan Outline” through the preparation of Hong Kong’s first official five-year plan, the Group is advancing the cross-boundary integration of its four core pillars: finance, technology and innovation, arts and trade. We are committed to building a secure foundation with new financial infrastructure, unlocking corporate growth through an integrated ecosystem, and forging a next-generation cross-border, cross-sector technology and investment platform, sharing in the prosperity of the nation and the region.

In the financial services sector, the Group will comprehensively deepen its innovative financial service system, which is characterized by the synergy of multiple licenses, empowerment by new financial infrastructure, and full-lifecycle support for clients. We will efficiently integrate the licences (Types 1, 4, 6, 9) granted by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission and cross-border business qualifications (QFI, CIBM, QDIE, QFLP and Bond Connect), adhering to the core logic of “investment driving investment banking” to foster innovation within comprehensive financial services. Going forward, the financial services segment will focus on one-stop cross-border asset management and comprehensive institutional financing. It will develop in synergy with the digital assets segment to accelerate Web3 fintech innovations, such as virtual asset upgrading and tokenization of real-world assets (RWA), while continuously expanding its assets under management and international market influence to create deeper, sustainable value for clients through compliant operations.

In the quantum technology sector, the Group will continue to focus on the commercialisation of quantum technology and the implementation of industrial applications. It will deeply align with the technological achievements of top-tier quantum technology enterprises in China, anchoring on high-growth scenarios such as fintech security and digital asset custody to carry out in-depth technology applications and joint innovation. By deepening

立足香港，融入大局。在國家「十五五」規劃發佈、香港特區政府全面主動對接國家《十五五規劃綱要》所制定的香港首份官方五年規劃緊密籌備的背景下，集團推動金融、科創、藝術與貿易四大板塊的破壁融合。我們致力於用新金融基礎設施築牢安全底座，用生態閉環打通企業發展的脈絡，鍛造下一代跨境跨界科創投資平台，與國家和區域繁榮休戚與共。

在金融服務領域，本集團將全面深化「多元牌照協同、新金融基礎設施賦能、全生命週期陪伴」的創新金融服務體系。我們將高效整合香港證監會頒發的1、4、6、9號牌及跨境業務資格（QFI、CIBM、QDIE、QFLP及債券通），以「投資帶動投行」為核心邏輯，在綜合金融服務中培育創新力量。未來，金融板塊將聚焦一站式跨境資產管理與綜合機構融資，並與數字資產板塊協同發展，加速虛擬資產升級與現實世界資產(RWA)代幣化等Web3金融科技創新，持續擴大資產管理規模與國際市場影響力，在合規經營中為客戶創造更深層的可持續價值。

在量子科技領域，本集團將繼續聚焦於量子科技的商業化變現與產業化應用落地，深度對接中國頂尖量子科技企業的技術成果，以金融科技安全、數字資產託管等高成長場景為錨點，開展深度技術應用與聯合創新。通過深化「產學研企」戰略合作及前瞻性資本佈局，集團將重點卡位量子計算、量子通信、

strategic cooperation among industry, academia, research, and enterprise and through forward-looking capital deployment, the Group will focus on securing strategic positions in the industrial application windows of cutting-edge fields such as quantum computing, quantum communication, and quantum precision measurement. This will bridge the final gap in converting cutting-edge technology into commercial value, as we aim to build a dominant ecosystem in “Quantum+” application scenarios that possess high scarcity value.

In the cultural and creative industries and trading sector, the Group is committed to broadening the application scenarios of innovative finance through cross-disciplinary applications of digitalization and quantum technology. Leveraging its traditional strengths in art auction and cultural investment, the Group will steadily advance the tokenization of cultural assets, fully unlocking the value discovery and liquidity channels of artworks in the digital economy era. At the same time, the Group will accelerate the deployment of a cross-border integrated trading platform based on blockchain and post-quantum secure communication, efficiently aggregating supply chain logistics and capital networks, and providing a more secure, transparent and efficient one-stop ecosystem solution for global cross-border trade.

Adhering to the core philosophy of “driving investment banking business through investment and nurturing traditional finance with innovation”, the Group will steadily expand its capital scale, strengthen risk control and corporate governance, and fully leverage Hong Kong’s unique advantages as an international financial hub and “super connector”. In active response to the national quantum technology development strategy and the call for the construction of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area, the Group is committed to creating long-term sustainable value for its shareholders, clients, partners and society, and to driving the Group towards higher-quality development.

量子精密測量等前沿領域的產業化應用窗口，打通前沿科技向商業價值轉化的最後一公里，致力於打造具備高度稀缺性的「量子+」場景應用生態巨擘。

在文創及貿易板塊，集團致力於通過數字化與量子技術的跨界應用，拓寬創新金融的落地場景。我們將依託藝術品拍賣、文化投資等傳統優勢，穩步推進文化資產的代幣化創新，全面打通藝術品在數字經濟時代的價值發現與流動性通道；同時，集團將加快佈局基於區塊鏈及後量子安全通信的跨境貿易綜合平臺，高效聚合供應鏈物流與資金網路，為全球跨境貿易提供更安全、更透明、更具效率的一站式生態解決方案。

本集團將秉持「以投資帶動投行業務、以創新反哺傳統金融」的核心理念，穩健擴大資本規模，強化風險管控與企業管治，充分發揮香港作為國際金融樞紐及「超級聯繫人」的獨特優勢，積極響應國家量子科技發展戰略及粵港澳大灣區建設號召，為股東、客戶、合作夥伴及社會創造長期可持續價值，推動集團實現更高質量的發展。

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

Very substantial acquisition and issue of consideration shares under specific mandate

CSOP Acquisition

On 31 December 2024, the Company as the purchaser and HK.AI as the vendor entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to purchase and HK.AI has conditionally agreed to sell 60,000,000 shares of CSOP, representing 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP, at the consideration of HK\$1,110,000,000, which shall be settled by the allotment and issuance of 1,405,063,292 shares of the Company at the issue price of approximately HK\$0.79 per share under the specific mandate to be sought by the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

The approval of the CSOP Acquisition, the sale and purchase agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder by the shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) was obtained at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company convened and held on 15 July 2025.

The CSOP Acquisition was completed on 2 January 2026.

For details, please refer to the Company’s announcements dated 31 December 2024, 21 January 2025, 30 April 2025, 7 May 2025, 12 May 2025, the circular dated 25 June 2025 and the joint announcement of poll results dated 15 July 2025.

Save as disclosed above and relevant acquisitions of artworks during the Reporting Year (for details, please refer to the paragraph headed “Investments made with respect to artworks, artefacts and antiques” in this annual report), the Group had no other material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in the Reporting Year.

重大收購及出售

非常重大收購事項及根據特別授權發行代價股份

南方東英收購事項

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司（作為買方）與華科智能（作為賣方）訂立買賣協議，據此，本公司已有條件同意購買及華科智能已有條件同意出售南方東英之60,000,000股股份，佔南方東英全部已發行股本之22.50%，代價為1,110,000,000港元，將由本公司根據本公司擬於本公司股東特別大會上尋求之特別授權按發行價每股約0.79港元配發及發行本公司之1,405,063,292股股份予以支付。

本公司股東（「股東」）已於本公司於二零二五年七月十五日召開及舉行之股東特別大會上取得批准南方東英收購事項、買賣協議及其項下擬進行之交易。

南方東英收購事項已於二零二六年一月二日完成。

詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年十二月三十一日、二零二五年一月二十一日、二零二五年四月三十日、二零二五年五月七日、二零二五年五月十二日之公告、日期為二零二五年六月二十五日之通函及日期為二零二五年七月十五日之投票結果聯合公告。

除上文所披露者及於本報告年度相關藝術品的收購（詳情請參閱本年報「藝術品、工藝品及古董之投資」一段）外，本集團於本報告年度並無其他重大的附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業收購或出售事項。

MATERIAL EVENTS

Placing of new shares under general mandate — 2025 Placing

References are made to the announcements of the Company dated 9 April 2025, 17 April 2025 and 25 April 2025 (collectively, the “**2025 Placing of New Shares Announcements**”) in relation to the placing of new shares under general mandate.

On 9 April 2025, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Fortune (HK) Securities Limited (the “**Placing Agent**”), pursuant to which the Placing Agent has conditionally agreed to procure, on a best effort basis, no less than six placees, who and whose ultimate beneficial owners (where applicable) will be independent third parties, to subscribe (the “**2025 Placing**”) for up to a maximum of 372,923,749 new shares at the placing price of HK\$1.12 per new share. Completion of the 2025 Placing took place on 25 April 2025.

On 25 April 2025, the Company announced that a total of 231,500,000 placing shares (the “**2025 Placing Shares**”) have been successfully placed by the Placing Agent to no less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$1.12 per 2025 Placing Share, representing approximately 3.01% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the 2025 Placing Shares immediately upon the completion of the 2025 Placing on 25 April 2025.

The gross proceeds from the 2025 Placing received by the Group amounted to HK\$259.28 million and the net proceeds (after deduction of relevant expenses) received by the Company under the 2025 Placing was approximately HK\$256.60 million.

重大事項

根據一般授權配售新股份 — 二零二五年配售事項

茲提述本公司日期為二零二五年四月九日、二零二五年四月十七日及二零二五年四月二十五日有關根據一般授權配售新股份的公告(統稱「**二零二五年配售新股份公告**」)。

於二零二五年四月九日，本公司與富強證券有限公司(「**配售代理**」)訂立一項配售協議，據此，配售代理已有條件同意按盡力基準促使不少於六名承配人(彼等及彼等之最終實益擁有人(如適用)須為獨立第三方)按配售價每股新股份1.12港元認購最多372,923,749股新股份(「**二零二五年配售事項**」)。二零二五年配售事項已於二零二五年四月二十五日完成。

於二零二五年四月二十五日，本公司宣佈，配售代理已按配售價每股二零二五年配售股份1.12港元向不少於六名承配人成功配售合共231,500,000股配售股份(「**二零二五年配售股份**」)，相當於緊隨二零二五年配售事項於二零二五年四月二十五日完成後本公司經配發及發行二零二五年配售股份而擴大之已發行股本約3.01%。

本集團收到之二零二五年配售事項之所得款項總額為259,280,000港元及本公司於二零二五年配售事項項下收到之所得款項淨額(經扣除相關開支後)約為256,600,000港元。

The details of the use of proceeds of the 2025 Placing up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

截至本年報日期，二零二五年配售事項所得款項用途詳情載列如下：

Intended use of proceeds as disclosed in the 2025 Placing of New Shares Announcements	Proceeds to be applied	Utilised proceeds up to the date of this annual report	Unutilised proceeds up to the date of this annual report	Expected timeline for the use of unutilised proceeds
二零二五年配售新股份公告 所披露所得款項的擬定用途	將動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	截至本年報 日期已動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	截至本年報 日期未動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	使用未動用 所得款項的 預期時限
Investments to be made under the Group's equity investment business 本集團股權投資業務的投資項目	66.29	66.29	0.00	Not applicable 不適用
Continuous development and expansion into new business areas 持續發展及拓展新業務領域	66.29	66.29	0.00	Not applicable 不適用
Operation and enhancement of the Group's existing businesses 本集團現有業務的運營及提升	62.01	62.01	0.00	Not applicable 不適用
General working capital of the Group 本集團的一般營運資金	62.01	62.01	0.00	Not applicable 不適用
Total 總計	256.60	256.60	0.00	

Connected transaction: loan capitalisation involving issue of new shares under specific mandate

References are made to (i) the announcements of the Company dated 29 April 2025, 22 May 2025, 20 June 2025, 7 July 2025, 21 July 2025, 29 August 2025, 30 September 2025, 31 October 2025, 28 November 2025 and 24 December 2025 (collectively “**Announcements**”); and (ii) the circular of the Company dated 26 November 2025 (the “**Circular**”) in relation to, among other things, the Loan Capitalisation. Unless otherwise specified, capitalised terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Circular.

On 29 April 2025, the Company and the Lender (i.e. Dr. LIU Zhiwei) entered into the Loan Capitalisation Agreement, pursuant to which the Lender (as the subscriber) has conditionally agreed to subscribe (for himself or his nominee) for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue, 458,769,789 Capitalisation Shares, at the Issue Price of HK\$1.28 per Capitalisation Share. The consideration of the allotment and issue of the Capitalisation Shares in the amount of approximately HK\$587.225 million shall be settled by means of offsetting against the Repayment Amount, which is such indebtedness owed by the Company under the Shareholder’s Facilities in the aggregate sum of approximately HK\$587.225 million, being the agreed amount for Loan Capitalisation under the Loan Capitalisation Agreement.

The Lender is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Thus, the Lender is a connected person of the Company and the Loan Capitalisation constitutes a non-exempt connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and therefore is subject to the reporting, announcement and Independent Shareholders’ approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

關連交易：貸款資本化（涉及根據特別授權發行新股份）

茲提述(i)本公司日期為二零二五年四月二十九日、二零二五年五月二十二日、二零二五年六月二十日、二零二五年七月七日、二零二五年七月二十一日、二零二五年八月二十九日、二零二五年九月三十日、二零二五年十月三十一日、二零二五年十一月二十八日及二零二五年十二月二十四日有關(其中包括)貸款資本化之公告(「**該等公告**」);及(ii)本公司日期為二零二五年十一月二十六日有關(其中包括)貸款資本化之通函(「**該通函**」)。除另有所指外,本小節所用詞彙與該通函所界定者具有相同涵義。

於二零二五年四月二十九日,本公司與貸款人(即柳志偉博士)訂立貸款資本化協議,據此,貸款人(作為認購人)已有條件同意認購(為其本身或其代名人)而本公司已有條件同意配發及發行458,769,789股資本化股份,發行價為每股資本化股份1.28港元。配發及發行資本化股份的代價約587,225,000港元將通過抵銷還款金額的方式結算,有關金額為本公司根據股東融資所結欠的債務,總額約為587,225,000港元,即為貸款資本化協議項下的貸款資本化協定金額。

貸款人為本公司主要股東。因此,根據上市規則第14A章,貸款人為本公司之關連人士,而貸款資本化構成本公司之不獲豁免關連交易,故須遵守上市規則項下之申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

The ordinary resolution in relation to, among other things, the Loan Capitalisation Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, together with the allotment and issue of the Capitalisation Shares under the Specific Mandate, was duly passed by way of poll at the extraordinary general meeting convened and held on 17 December 2025.

On 24 December 2025, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Loan Capitalisation Agreement, an aggregate of 458,769,789 Capitalisation Shares were duly allotted and issued to the Lender (i.e. Dr. LIU Zhiwei, as subscriber) under the Specific Mandate at the Issue Price of HK\$1.28 per Capitalisation Share immediately upon Completion.

The consideration of the allotment and issue of the Capitalisation Shares in the amount of approximately HK\$587.225 million shall be settled by means of offsetting against the Repayment Amount of approximately HK\$587.225 million. On 24 December 2025, the Repayment Amount shall be deemed to have been repaid and the Group shall be indebted to the Lender pursuant to the Shareholder's Facilities under the Loan Agreements in the amount of HK\$80 million upon Completion.

For further details of the Loan Capitalisation, please refer to the Circular.

Subscription of new shares under general mandate — 2025 Subscription

References are made to the announcements of the Company dated 4 September 2025, 25 September 2025, 16 October 2025, 6 November 2025, 27 November 2025, 18 December 2025, 8 January 2026, 29 January 2026, 20 February 2026, 13 March 2026 and 17 March 2026 (collectively, the “**2025 Subscription of New Shares Announcements**”) in relation to the Subscription of new Shares under General Mandate. Unless otherwise specified, capitalised terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as those defined in the 2025 Subscription of New Shares Announcements.

有關(其中包括)貸款資本化協議及其項下擬進行之交易(連同根據特別授權配發及發行資本化股份)的普通決議案已於二零二五年十二月十七日召開及舉行的股東特別大會上以投票表決方式獲正式通過批准。

於二零二五年十二月二十四日,根據貸款資本化協議之條款及條件,緊隨完成後,合共458,769,789股資本化股份已根據特別授權按發行價每股資本化股份1.28港元正式配發及發行予貸款人(即柳志偉博士,作為認購人)。

配發及發行資本化股份的代價約587,225,000港元將通過抵銷還款金額約587,225,000港元的方式結算。於二零二五年十二月二十四日,還款金額將被視為已償還,而本集團於完成後就貸款協議項下之股東融資而言將欠負貸款人80,000,000港元。

有關貸款資本化之進一步詳情,請參閱該通函。

根據一般授權認購新股份 — 二零二五年認購事項

茲提述本公司日期為二零二五年九月四日、二零二五年九月二十五日、二零二五年十月十六日、二零二五年十一月六日、二零二五年十一月二十七日、二零二五年十二月十八日、二零二六年一月八日、二零二六年一月二十九日、二零二六年二月二十日、二零二六年三月十三日及二零二六年三月十七日有關根據一般授權認購新股份之公告(統稱「**二零二五年認購新股份公告**」)。除另有指明外,本小節所用詞彙與二零二五年認購新股份公告所界定者具有相同涵義。

On 4 September 2025, the Company entered into eleven separate Subscription Agreements with eleven Subscribers, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue to the Subscribers, and the Subscribers have conditionally agreed to subscribe for a total number of 745,168,534 Subscription Shares at the Subscription Price of HK\$1.78 per Subscription Share (the “**2025 Subscription**”).

On 17 March 2026, all of the conditions of the 2025 Subscription were fulfilled, and Completion took place on 17 March 2026 pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreements. A total of 745,168,534 Subscription Shares has been subscribed by the eleven Subscribers (as detailed in the 2025 Subscription of New Shares Announcements) at the Subscription Price of HK\$1.78 per Subscription Share pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Subscription Agreements, representing approximately 7.23% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the Subscription Shares immediately upon the Completion. The gross proceeds and net proceeds (after deducting the relevant costs and expenses of the Subscription) raised from the 2025 Subscription amounted to approximately HK\$1,326,400,000 and HK\$1,321,400,000 respectively.

於二零二五年九月四日，本公司與十一名認購人訂立十一份獨立認購協議，據此，本公司有條件同意向認購人配發及發行，而認購人有條件同意認購合共745,168,534股認購股份，認購價為每股認購股份1.78港元（「**二零二五年認購事項**」）。

於二零二六年三月十七日，二零二五年認購事項之所有條件均已達成，而完成已根據認購協議之條款及條件於二零二六年三月十七日落實。十一名認購人（詳情載於二零二五年認購新股份公告）根據認購協議之條款及條件，按認購價每股認購股份1.78港元認購合共745,168,534股認購股份，相當於緊隨完成後經配發及發行認購股份擴大之本公司已發行股本約7.23%。二零二五年認購事項籌集之所得款項總額及所得款項淨額（經扣除認購事項之相關成本及開支後）分別約為1,326,400,000港元及1,321,400,000港元。

The proceeds raised from and the details of the use of proceeds of the 2025 Subscription up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

截至本年報日期，二零二五年認購事項籌集之所得款項及所得款項用途詳情載列如下：

Intended use of proceeds as disclosed in the 2025 Subscription of New Shares Announcements	Proceeds to be applied	Utilised proceeds up to the date of this annual report	Unutilised proceeds up to the date of this annual report	Expected timeline for the use of unutilised proceeds
二零二五年認購新股份公告 所披露所得款項的擬定用途	將動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	截至本年報 日期已動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	截至本年報 日期未動用 的所得款項 HK\$ million 百萬港元 (approximately) (概約)	使用未動用 所得款項的 預期時限
Expanding the digital asset financial license business in Hong Kong	250.00	23.40	226.60	Expected to be utilised by April 2027
擴展香港的數字資產金融牌照業務				預期於二零二七年 四月前動用
Investment in the Malaysia Digital Asset Financial License Businesses	450.00	20.67	429.33	Expected to be utilised by April 2028
投資馬來西亞數字資產金融牌照 業務				預期於二零二八年 四月前動用
Expanding the Group's existing regulated activities licensed businesses	250.00	0.60	249.40	Expected to be utilised by April 2027
擴展本集團現有受規管活動持牌 業務				預期於二零二七年 四月前動用
Development of quantum ecosystem	140.00	67.20	72.80	Expected to be utilised by April 2028
量子生態系統開發				預期於二零二八年 四月前動用
The Group's working capital — existing operation	131.40	36.67	94.73	Expected to be utilised by April 2027
本集團的營運資金 — 現有業務之 營運				預期於二零二七年 四月前動用
The Group's working capital — investments in supply chain operations and trading businesses	100.00	0.00	100.00	Expected to be utilised by April 2027
本集團的營運資金 — 投資供應鏈 運營及貿易業務				預期於二零二七年 四月前動用
Total 總計	1,321.40	148.54	1,172.86	

MAJOR TRANSACTION — ARTWORK ACQUISITION TRANSACTIONS

Reference is made to the announcement dated 31 October 2025 and the circular dated 23 February 2026 in relation to, among other things, the twenty-eight artwork acquisition transactions (the “**Artwork Acquisition Transaction(s)**”) entered into during the period from 22 January 2025 to 4 September 2025, between the purchaser (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) and the sellers (each of the sellers (and its ultimate beneficial owner, as the case may be) is an Independent Third Party). Pursuant to those transactions, a consideration in the aggregate amount of approximately HK\$829.67 million was paid for the artworks involved, which had been funded by internal resources of the Group.

On a standalone basis, all of the applicable percentage ratios (as defined under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules) in respect of each of the Artwork Acquisition Transactions were less than 5%, and accordingly each transaction does not constitute a notifiable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules and was therefore not subject to any disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

However, since the Artwork Acquisition Transactions comprise the artworks and the RWA-relevant businesses of the Group and together lead to substantial involvement by the listed issuer in a business activity which did not previously form part of the listed issuer’s principal business activities, the Artwork Acquisition Transactions, which are all conducted within a period of twelve months, shall be aggregated under Rule 14.23(4) of the Listing Rules.

Due to an inadvertent oversight, the Company failed to promptly comply with the reporting, announcement, circular and shareholders’ approval requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules regarding the Artwork Acquisition Transactions. The Company would like to stress that regardless of the transactions contemplated under the Artwork Acquisition Transactions, the non-disclosure of such transactions in compliance with the disclosure requirements under Rules 14.34, 14.38A and 14.40 of the Listing Rules, had been wholly unintentional as the Company genuinely held the belief that all those transactions were not required to be aggregated under the Listing Rules.

主要交易 — 藝術品收購交易

茲提述本公司日期為二零二五年十月三十一日之公告及日期為二零二六年二月二十三日之通函，內容有關（其中包括）於二零二五年一月二十二日至二零二五年九月四日期間，買方（本公司之全資附屬公司）與賣方（每名賣方及其最終實益擁有人（視情況而定）均為獨立第三方）訂立二十八項藝術品收購交易（「藝術品收購交易」）。根據該等交易，已就涉及的藝術品支付代價總額約829.67百萬港元，由本集團內部資源撥付。

按獨立基準，各藝術品收購交易之所有適用百分比率（定義見上市規則第14.07條）均低於5%，因此各項交易並不構成上市規則第14章項下本公司之須予公佈交易，故毋須遵守上市規則之任何披露規定。

然而，由於藝術品收購交易涉及藝術品及本集團的RWA相關業務，共同導致上市發行人大量參與一項業務，而該業務以往並不屬於上市發行人主要業務的一部分，根據上市規則第14.23(4)條，所有於十二個月期間內進行的藝術品收購交易應合併計算。

由於無心之失，本公司未能就藝術品收購交易及時遵守上市規則第14章項下申報、公告、通函及股東批准之規定。本公司謹此強調，儘管進行了藝術品收購交易項下擬進行交易，惟未遵守上市規則第14.34條、第14.38A條及第14.40條之披露規定披露該等交易，純屬無心之失，此乃由於本公司當時篤信所有該等交易毋須根據上市規則予以合併計算。

The ordinary resolution approving and ratifying the Artwork Acquisition Transactions was duly passed by way of poll at the extraordinary general meeting convened and held on 16 March 2026.

有關批准及追認藝術品收購交易之普通決議案已於二零二六年三月十六日召開及舉行的股東特別大會上以投票表決方式獲正式通過。

The Company has implemented remedial measures to avoid similar non-compliance in the future as follows:

為避免未來發生類似不合規情況，本公司已實施以下補救措施：

- (a) as the first line for artwork investment, the Group has an internal team of staff with three members to decide whether or not to proceed with making a particular artwork investment. Such team has diversified experiences regarding artwork investment, varying from experiences on management, investments, authentication and valuation of different artworks, antiques and artefacts, including Mr. Wang Tao, Mr. Ding Wenchang and Ms. Yan Sinuo (details of these members may be referred from the announcement dated 31 October 2025). Among the above members, Mr. Ding Wenchang and Ms. Yan Sinuo have both become special correspondents with the finance department of the Company such that any potential artwork investment will be promptly communicated and kept track of, and all necessary calculations on applicable percentage ratios as defined under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules will be made to see if disclosure is required on a standalone basis;
- (a) 作為藝術品投資的第一道防線，本集團已設立一個由三名成員組成的內部團隊，負責決定是否進行特定的藝術品投資。團隊成員（包括王濤先生、丁穩場先生及閻思諾女士，該等成員之詳情可參閱日期為二零二五年十月三十一日之公告）具備多樣化的藝術品投資經驗，涵蓋各種藝術品、古董及工藝品的管理、投資、鑒定及估值等專業領域。上述成員中，丁穩場先生及閻思諾女士均兼任與本公司財務部門的特別聯絡人，確保任何潛在藝術品投資均能即時得以通報及追蹤，並就上市規則第14.07條所界定之適用百分比比率進行必要的計算，以評估是否須按獨立基準作出披露；
- (b) simultaneously, the finance department of the Company will collaborate with the company secretarial team of the Company to discuss issues regarding (i) the due diligence of the counterparty in connection with any potential investments for artworks, artefacts and antiques (to confirm whether such counterparty is a connected person); and (ii) aggregation requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules;
- (b) 同時，本公司財務部門將與公司秘書團隊協作，共同商討以下事宜：(i) 就任何潛在藝術品、工藝品及古董投資項目，對交易對手方進行盡職調查（以確認其是否為關連人士）；及(ii) 根據上市規則第14章進行合併計算的規定；
- (c) on an ongoing basis, the Company has worked more closely with its company secretary and legal advisers on compliance issues and shall, as and when appropriate and necessary, seek advice from external legal or other professional advisers on whether any potential investments for artworks, artefacts and antiques will trigger any disclosure or compliance requirements under the Listing Rules and on matters described in (a) and (b) above;
- (c) 本公司持續與公司秘書及法律顧問就合規事宜加強合作，並將於適當及必要時就任何潛在的藝術品、工藝品及古董投資是否觸發上市規則的披露或合規要求以及上文(a)及(b)項所述事宜，尋求外部法律或其他專業顧問之意見；

- (d) during mid-September 2025, the Audit Committee formulated a transactional compliance team comprising members of the Audit Committee, members of Executive Committee, company secretary, chief financial officer, head of compliance and risk management and responsible persons of the Group's businesses in connection with potential investments for artworks, artefacts and antiques for purposes of due diligence, Listing Rules compliance, connected persons verification and disclosure (where necessary);
- (e) relevant internal training sessions have been regularly arranged for all the Directors and senior management/relevant personnel of the Company and its subsidiaries to explain the relevant requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules on a quarterly basis so as to cover all such Directors and senior management/relevant personnel newly joining the Group from time to time; and
- (f) the business and financial departments at the subsidiary level have also been notified to promptly report the implementation of the transactions to the Board in order to ascertain whether there will be any implications under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.
- (d) 於二零二五年九月中旬，審核委員會已成立交易合規小組，成員包括審核委員會成員、執行委員會成員、公司秘書、財務總監、合規與風險管理主管以及本集團負責藝術品、工藝品及古董潛在投資之相關業務負責人，專責處理盡職調查、上市規則合規性、關連人士核實及披露（倘有必要）事宜；
- (e) 已定期為本公司及其附屬公司之全體董事、高級管理人員／相關人員安排相關內部培訓課程，解釋上市規則第14章之相關要求，每季度一次，以涵蓋所有不時新加入本集團的董事及高級管理人員／相關人員；及
- (f) 亦已通知附屬公司層面之業務及財務部門，須及時向董事會匯報交易執行情況，以確認是否涉及上市規則第14章之任何涵義。

For more details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 31 October 2025 and the circular dated 23 February 2026.

更多詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二五年十月三十一日之公告及二零二六年二月二十三日之通函。

MATERIAL ASSET IMPAIRMENTS

The Group recorded an impairment loss arising from the CSOP Acquisition of approximately HK\$2,459,256,000 during the Reporting Year.

重大資產減值

於報告年度，本集團錄得因南方東英收購事項產生之減值虧損約2,459,256,000港元。

Circumstances that Led to the Impairment

The reasons for, and the events and circumstances, leading to the recognition of the impairment, are set out as follows:

導致減值之情況

導致確認減值之理由、事件及情況載列如下：

- (i) On 31 December 2024, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with HK.AI to acquire 60,000,000 shares of CSOP, representing 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP, at a total consideration of
- (i) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司與華科智能訂立買賣協議，以收購南方東英60,000,000股股份（佔南方東英全部已發行股本之22.50%），總代價為

HK\$1,110,000,000, which shall be satisfied by the allotment and issuance of 1,405,063,292 Shares of the Company at approximately HK\$0.79 per Share under a specific mandate. Completion of the CSOP Acquisition took place on 2 January 2026 (the “**Acquisition Date**”), following which CSOP became an associate of the Group.

1,110,000,000港元，該代價將透過根據特別授權按每股約0.79港元配發及發行本公司1,405,063,292股股份之方式支付。南方東英收購事項已於二零二六年一月二日（「**收購日期**」）完成，其後南方東英成為本集團之聯營公司。

(ii) Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements of the Group by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

(ii) 於聯營公司的投資按權益法於本集團綜合財務報表入賬，並初步按成本確認。於一項收購中可識別的聯營公司資產及負債按其於收購日期的公平值計量。收購成本超出本集團應佔聯營公司可識別資產及負債的公平值淨值的差額入賬列作商譽。商譽計入投資的賬面值，並於有客觀證據顯示投資出現減值時於各報告期末連同投資一併進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公平值淨值超出收購成本的任何差額於綜合損益中確認。

(iii) HKAS28.26 stated that “the concepts underlying the procedures used in accounting for the acquisition of a subsidiary are also adopted in accounting for the acquisition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture”. HKFRS3.37 stated that “the consideration transferred in a business combination shall be measured at fair value, which shall be calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the acquirer, the liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the acquirer”. Hence, the acquisition cost of the CSOP Acquisition amounted to HK\$3,723,417,000, which was calculated based on the issue of 1,405,063,292 consideration Shares of the Company and the Company's closing share price of HK\$2.65 per Share as at the Acquisition Date (i.e. 2 January 2026), which is 3.35 times when compared with the issue price at HK\$0.79 per share according to the aforesaid sale and purchase agreement.

(iii) 香港會計準則第28號第26段指出「就收購附屬公司進行會計處理時所用程序之相關概念，亦適用於就收購於聯營公司或合營企業之投資進行會計處理」。香港財務報告準則第3號第37段指出「於業務合併中所轉讓之代價須按公平值計量，其計算方式為買方所轉讓資產、買方向被收購方前擁有人所承擔之負債及買方所發行股權於收購日期之公平值之總和」。因此，南方東英收購事項之收購成本為3,723,417,000港元，乃根據本公司發行1,405,063,292股代價股份及本公司股份於收購日期（即二零二六年一月二日）之收市價每股2.65港元計算，為根據上述買賣協議之發行價每股0.79港元之3.35倍。

- (iv) The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Since acquisition, the Group has recognised its share of CSOP's profits of HK\$35,361,000 and an exchange loss arising from the translation of CSOP's foreign operations of HK\$1,242,000, respectively. At 31 March 2026, the carrying amount of the Group's interest in CSOP was approximately HK\$3,757,536,000 (i.e. HK\$3,723,417,000 + HK\$35,361,000 – HK\$1,242,000).
- (iv) 本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後溢利或虧損於綜合損益中確認，而其應佔收購後儲備變動則於綜合儲備內確認。累計收購後變動就投資之賬面值作出調整。自收購以來，本集團已分別確認其應佔南方東英溢利35,361,000港元及因換算南方東英海外業務產生之匯兌虧損1,242,000港元。於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團於南方東英之權益賬面值約為3,757,536,000港元（即3,723,417,000港元+35,361,000港元–1,242,000港元）。
- (v) According to the Group's accounting policy and HKAS 36, the carrying amount of the interest in an associate is tested for impairment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the associate is impaired. If the recoverable amount of an associate is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the interest in an associate is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. In the opinion of the Directors, impairment loss on interest in an associate of approximately HK\$2,459,256,000 should be recognised as the recoverable amount of the associate is estimated to be less than its carrying amount. The carrying amount of the interest in the associate is approximately HK\$3,757,536,000. The recoverable amount of the interest in the associate is approximately HK\$1,298,280,000 which is reference to the valuation report prepared by BMI Appraisals Limited, an independent professional valuer. Hence, impairment loss on interest in an associate of approximately HK\$2,459,256,000 (i.e. HK\$3,757,536,000 – HK\$1,298,280,000) is recognised.
- (v) 根據本集團之會計政策及香港會計準則第36號，當有客觀證據顯示聯營公司已減值時，須於各報告期末對於聯營公司之權益賬面值進行減值測試。若聯營公司之可收回金額估計低於其賬面值，則將於聯營公司之權益賬面值撇減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認。董事認為，由於該聯營公司之可收回金額估計低於其賬面值，故應確認於聯營公司之權益之減值虧損約2,459,256,000港元。於該聯營公司之權益賬面值約為3,757,536,000港元。於該聯營公司之權益之可收回金額約為1,298,280,000港元，此乃參考獨立專業估值師漢華評值有限公司編製之估值報告。因此，已確認於聯營公司之權益減值虧損約2,459,256,000港元（即3,757,536,000港元–1,298,280,000港元）。

Details of Business Valuation for the CSOP Acquisition

The aforesaid recoverable amount of the interest in CSOP is determined by reference to the fair value of 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP as at 31 March 2026, which amounted to HK\$1,298,280,000, as stated in the valuation report prepared by BMI Appraisals Limited, an independent professional valuer.

Valuation method and reason for using that method

(i) Valuation method adopted

The market approach, specifically the guideline public company method (the “GPC Method”) was applied to measure the fair value of 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP as at two separate valuation dates (i.e. 2 January 2026 and 31 March 2026). Three valuation multiples were used for reconciliation: enterprise value-to-earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (“EV/EBITDA”) multiple, price-to-earnings (“P/E”) multiple, and price-to-asset under management (“P/AUM”) multiple, derived from selected listed comparable asset management firms. A discount for lack of marketability (“DLOM”) of 20.43% was further adjusted to reflect the illiquid nature of CSOP’s private equity interest.

(ii) Reasons for adopting the market approach

- (a) The method utilises observable trading multiples from publicly listed peer asset management enterprises, which provides objective market-based pricing benchmarks suitable for fair value measurement under HKFRS impairment testing requirements.
- (b) A sufficient pool of comparable listed asset management companies across multiple jurisdictions was identified, with complete publicly available share price and financial data to compute reliable EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM average multiples as at two separate valuation dates (i.e. 2 January 2026 and 31 March 2026).

有關南方東英收購事項之業務估值詳情

誠如獨立專業估值師中和邦盟評估有限公司編製之估值報告所述，上述於南方東英之權益之可收回金額乃參考南方東英全部已發行股本22.50%於二零二六年三月三十一日之公平值釐定，金額為1,298,280,000港元。

估值方法及採用該方法之理由

(i) 採納之估值方法

為計量於南方東英全部已發行股本22.50%於兩個獨立估值日期（即二零二六年一月二日及二零二六年三月三十一日）之公平值，已應用市場法，具體為可資比較上市公司法（「可資比較上市公司法」）。為進行對賬，已採用三種估值倍數：企業價值相對未計利息、稅項、折舊及攤銷前盈利（「EV/EBITDA」）倍數、市盈率（「P/E」）倍數，以及市價相對資產管理規模（「P/AUM」）倍數，均源自選定之上市可資比較資產管理公司。為反映南方東英私募股權之非流動性，已進一步作出20.43%之缺乏市場流通性之折讓（「DLOM」）調整。

(ii) 採納市場法之理由

- (a) 該方法利用來自上市同業資產管理企業之可觀察交易倍數，為香港財務報告準則減值測試規定下之公平值計量提供客觀及以市場為基礎之定價基準。
- (b) 已識別出一個涵蓋多個司法權區之充足可比較上市資產管理公司庫，此等公司具備完整之公開股價及財務數據，以計算於兩個單獨的估值日期（即二零二六年一月二日及二零二六年三月三十一日）可靠之EV/EBITDA、市盈率及P/AUM平均倍數。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論與分析(續)

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| <p>(c) The income approach (discounted cash flow method) was not adopted, as it requires extensive subjective long-term financial forecasts and sensitive discretionary assumptions that introduce significant estimation uncertainty.</p> <p>(d) The cost approach is inappropriate for asset management businesses, whose core value stems from client assets under management, operating capacity and market reputation rather than tangible replicable assets, so this approach cannot reflect the true fair value of CSOP.</p> <p>(e) Cross-referencing three mainstream industry multiples (EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM) mitigates bias arising from a single valuation metric and delivers a balanced fair value conclusion for impairment assessment.</p> | <p>(c) 未採納收入法(貼現現金流量法),因其需要大量主觀之長期財務預測及敏感之全權委託假設,從而帶來重大之估計不確定性。</p> <p>(d) 成本法不適用於資產管理業務,因其核心價值源於客戶之資產管理規模、營運能力及市場聲譽,而非有形之可複製資產,故此方法無法反映南方東英之真實公平值。</p> <p>(e) 交叉參考三種主流行業倍數(EV/EBITDA、市盈率及P/AUM)可減輕單一估值指標產生之偏見,並為減值評估提供一個均衡之公平值結論。</p> |
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Details of values of inputs used together with basis and assumptions

(i) Valuation assumptions

General Market Assumptions

- (a) There will be no material change in the existing political, legal, fiscal, technological, economic and market conditions in the jurisdiction where CSOP is currently or will be situated.
- (b) There will be no material change in the taxation laws and regulations in the jurisdiction where CSOP is currently or will be situated, that the tax rates will remain unchanged and that all applicable laws and regulations will be complied with.
- (c) The market return, market risk, interest rates and exchange rates will not differ materially from those of present or expected.

所用輸入數據之價值詳情連同基準及假設

(i) 估值假設

一般市場假設

- (a) 南方東英目前或將來所在司法權區的現有政治、法律、財政、科技、經濟及市場狀況不會出現重大變化。
- (b) 南方東英現時或日後所在司法權區的稅務法律及法規不會有重大變動,稅率將維持不變,且南方東英會遵守所有適用法律及法規。
- (c) 市場回報、市場風險、利率及匯率不會與目前或預期者有重大差異。

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| <p>(d) The supply and demand, both domestically and internationally, of the products and/or services of CSOP or similar products and/or services will not differ materially from those of present or expected.</p> <p>(e) The market prices and the relevant costs, both domestically and internationally, of the products and/or services of CSOP or similar products and/or services will not differ materially from those of present or expected.</p> <p>(f) The products and/or services of CSOP or similar products and/or services are marketable and liquid, that there are active markets for the exchange of the products and/or services of CSOP or similar products and/or services.</p> <p>(g) The market data, industry information and statistical figures obtained from publicly available sources are true and accurate.</p> | <p>(d) 南方東英之產品及／或服務或類似產品及／或服務在國內及國際上的供需情況不會與目前或預期者有重大差異。</p> <p>(e) 南方東英之產品及／或服務或類似產品及／或服務於國內外的市場價格及相關成本不會與目前或預期者有重大差異。</p> <p>(f) 南方東英之產品及／或服務或類似產品及／或服務可出售及可流通，且南方東英之產品及／或服務或類似產品及／或服務有活躍的交易市場。</p> <p>(g) 從公開來源獲得之市場數據、行業資訊及統計數字均屬真實準確。</p> |
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Company-specific Assumptions

公司特定假設

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| <p>(a) All licenses, permits, certificates and consents issued by any local, provincial or national government or other authorized entity or organization that will affect the operation of CSOP have been obtained or can be obtained upon request with an immaterial cost.</p> <p>(b) The core operation of CSOP will not differ materially from those of present or expected.</p> <p>(c) The financial and operational information in respect of CSOP have been prepared on a reasonable basis that have been arrived at after due and careful consideration by the senior management of the Company.</p> <p>(d) CSOP currently has, or will have, adequate human capital and capacity required for the production and/or provision of the products and/or services of CSOP, and the required human capital and capacity will be acquired in a timely manner that will not affect the operation of CSOP.</p> | <p>(a) 由任何地方、省級或國家政府或其他獲授權實體或組織發出並會影響南方東英營運之所有牌照、許可證、證書及同意書均已取得，或可於要求時以小額成本取得。</p> <p>(b) 南方東英之核心業務不會與目前或預期者有重大差異。</p> <p>(c) 有關南方東英之財務及營運資料乃按本公司高級管理層經審慎周詳考慮後所達致的合理基準編製。</p> <p>(d) 南方東英目前或將擁有生產及／或提供南方東英之產品及／或服務所需的充足人力資本及能力，並將及時取得所需的人力資本及能力，而不會影響南方東英之營運。</p> |
|---|---|

- (e) CSOP has acquired, or will acquire, adequate financial capital for the investments in projected capital expenditure and working capital from time to time, and any scheduled interest or repayment of loan and payable will be paid on time.
- (f) The senior management of CSOP will implement only those prospective financial and operational strategies that will maximize the efficiency of the operation of CSOP.
- (g) The senior management of CSOP has sufficient knowledge and experience in respect of the operation of CSOP, and the turnover of any director, management or key person will not affect the operation of CSOP.
- (h) The senior management of CSOP has adopted reasonable and appropriate contingency measures against any human disruption such as fraud, corruption and strike, and the occurrence of any human disruption will not affect the operation of CSOP.
- (i) The senior management of CSOP has adopted reasonable and appropriate contingency measures against any natural disaster such as fire, flood and hurricane, and the occurrence of any natural disaster will not affect the operation of CSOP.

(ii) Key valuation inputs adopted

Comparable companies

The valuer selected 8 listed pan-Asia-Pacific asset management companies (the “**Comparable Companies**”) satisfying uniform screening criteria: (i) principal asset management business located in Asia-Pacific; (ii) mainly engaged in asset management and related investment services; (iii) listed on major stock exchanges with active trading liquidity; (iv) full public financial and trading data available.

- (e) 南方東英已獲得或將獲得充足財務資本，以不時撥付預期資本開支及營運資金，且將按時支付任何預定利息或償還貸款及應付款項。
- (f) 南方東英高級管理層僅會實施那些能最大限度地提高南方東英營運效率的前瞻性財務及營運策略。
- (g) 南方東英高級管理層具備營運南方東英之充足知識及經驗，任何董事、管理人員或骨幹人員之更替將不會影響南方東英之營運。
- (h) 南方東英高級管理層已採取合理及適當之應變措施，以防詐騙、貪污及罷工等任何人為干擾，而發生任何人為干擾將不會影響南方東英之營運。
- (i) 南方東英高級管理層已採取合理適當之應變措施，以應對任何自然災害，如火災、水災及颶風，而發生任何自然災害均不會影響南方東英之營運。

(ii) 採納之主要估值輸入數據

可資比較公司

估值師選取了8家符合統一篩選標準的泛亞太區上市資產管理公司（「**可資比較公司**」）：(i) 主要資產管理業務位於亞太區；(ii) 主要從事資產管理及相關投資服務；(iii) 於主要證券交易所上市，交易活躍並具流動性；(iv) 具備完整的公開財務及交易數據。

The selected Comparable Companies are set out as follows:

選定之可資比較公司載列如下：

Name of Company 公司名稱	Stock Code 股份代號	Stock Exchange 證券交易所	Description 描述
Value Partners Group Limited	806 HK	Hong Kong Stock Exchange	Independent value-focused asset manager covering Greater China and Asia-Pacific
惠理集團有限公司	806 HK	香港聯交所	專注於大中華及亞太地區的獨立價值型資產管理人
SPARX Group Co., Ltd.	8739 JP	Tokyo Stock Exchange	Japanese asset management firm providing investment advisory and fund management services
SPARX Group Co., Ltd.	8739 JP	東京證券交易所	提供投資顧問及基金管理服務的 日本資產管理公司
Australian Ethical Investment Limited	AEF AU	Australian Securities Exchange	Australia-based ethical fund manager
Australian Ethical Investment Limited	AEF AU	澳洲證券交易所	澳洲道德基金管理人
PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia	AMOR IJ	Indonesia Stock Exchange	Indonesian investment management service provider
PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia	AMOR IJ	印尼證券交易所	印尼投資管理服務提供商
Azimut Holding S.p.a.	AZM IM	Italian Stock Exchange	Global pan-EMEA and Asia asset management group
Azimut Holding S.p.a.	AZM IM	意大利證券交易所	全球泛歐非中東及亞洲資產管理集團
MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited	MFC TB	Stock Exchange of Thailand	Thai local fund management operator
MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited	MFC TB	泰國證券交易所	泰國本地基金管理營運商
Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited	NAM IN	National Stock Exchange of India	India-focused fund management platform
Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited	NAM IN	印度國家證券交易所	專注於印度的基金管理平台
UTI Asset Management Company Limited	UTIAM IN	National Stock Exchange of India	Indian institutional and retail asset manager
UTI Asset Management Company Limited	UTIAM IN	印度國家證券交易所	印度機構及零售資產管理公司

Price multiples

For valuations of CSOP, the valuer adopted the average of EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM multiple in assessing CSOP as it is an asset management company which has a stable profitability. Thus, using EV/EBITDA and P/E multiple is commonly used for companies which are continuously profitable. The valuer also adopted P/AUM multiple to consider the effect of the size of asset management company as the difference between AUM of comparable companies differs greatly.

EV is calculated using the following formula:

$$EV = \text{Market Cap} + PE + MI + ST Debt + LT Debt - \text{Cash}$$

Where:

EV = enterprise value

Market Cap = market capitalization

PE = preferred equity

MI = minority interest

ST Debt = short-term debt

LT Debt = long-term debt

Cash = cash and cash equivalents

價格倍數

就南方東英之估值，估值師於評估南方東英時已採用EV/EBITDA、市盈率及P/AUM倍數之平均值，原因為南方東英為具有穩定盈利能力之資產管理公司。而EV/EBITDA及市盈率倍數通常用於評估持續盈利的公司。此外，由於可資比較公司的資產管理規模差異甚大，估值師亦採用P/AUM倍數以計及資產管理公司規模的影響。

企業價值(EV)的計算公式如下：

$$\text{企業價值(EV)} = \text{市值} + \text{優先股} + \text{少數股權} + \text{短期債} + \text{長期債} - \text{現金}$$

其中：

企業價值(EV) = 公司總價值

市值 = 市場價值

優先股 = 優先股權

少數股權 = 少數股東權益

短期債 = 短期債務

長期債 = 長期債務

現金 = 現金及現金等價物

The EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM multiples of the Comparable Companies are as follows:

可資比較公司之EV/EBITDA倍數、市盈率倍數及P/AUM倍數如下：

		As at 2 January 2026 於二零二六年一月二日		
Stock Code 股份代號	Company Name 公司名稱	EV/EBITDA EV/EBITDA	P/E 市盈率	P/AUM P/AUM
806 HK	Value Partners Group Limited	6.94	12.58	0.094
806 HK	惠理集團有限公司			
8739 JP	SPARX Group Co., Ltd.	5.99	9.60	0.029
8739 JP	SPARX Group Co., Ltd.			
AEF AU	Australian Ethical Investment Limited	14.65	21.51	0.040
AEF AU	Australian Ethical Investment Limited			
AMOR IJ	PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia	7.94	12.36	0.001
AMOR IJ	PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia			
AZM IM	Azimut Holding S.p.a.	6.77	9.36	0.036
AZM IM	Azimut Holding S.p.a.			
MFC TB	MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited	9.85	14.77	0.006
MFC TB	MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited			
NAM IN	Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited	30.28*	40.62*	0.083
NAM IN	Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited			
UTIAM IN	UTI Asset Management Company Limited	15.08	20.89	0.007
UTIAM IN	UTI Asset Management Company Limited			
Average (excluded outliers marked with*) 平均值(不包括標有*的異常值)		9.60	14.44	0.037

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

管理層討論與分析(續)

Stock Code 股份代號	Company Name 公司名稱	As at 31 March 2026 於二零二六年三月三十一日		
		EV/EBITDA EV/EBITDA	P/E 市盈率	P/AUM P/AUM
806 HK	Value Partners Group Limited	4.86	10.04	0.075
806 HK	惠理集團有限公司			
8739 JP	SPARX Group Co., Ltd.	7.33	11.55	0.035
8739 JP	SPARX Group Co., Ltd.			
AEF AU	Australian Ethical Investment Limited	14.09	20.70	0.039
AEF AU	Australian Ethical Investment Limited			
AMOR IJ	PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia	6.77	10.82	0.001
AMOR IJ	PT Ashmore Asset Management Indonesia			
AZM IM	Azimut Holding S.p.a.	6.01	8.39	0.033
AZM IM	Azimut Holding S.p.a.			
MFC TB	MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited	7.93	11.84	0.005
MFC TB	MFC Asset Management Public Company Limited			
NAM IN	Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited	23.76*	31.49*	0.071
NAM IN	Nippon Life India Asset Management Limited			
UTIAM IN	UTI Asset Management Company Limited	13.93	20.63	0.005
UTIAM IN	UTI Asset Management Company Limited			
Average (excluded outliers marked with*) 平均值 (不包括標有 * 的異常值)		8.70	13.42	0.033

In applying the EV/EBITDA multiple, the average of the EV/EBITDA multiples of the Comparable Companies was multiplied by the EBITDA of CSOP as at the dates of valuation to determine the EVs of CSOP.

The calculated EVs of CSOP was then adjusted by subtracting the total debt, preferred equity and minority interest and adding back the cash and cash equivalents to determine the equity values of CSOP.

於應用 EV/EBITDA 倍數時，乃將可資比較公司之 EV/EBITDA 倍數平均值乘以南方東英於估值日期之 EBITDA，以釐定南方東英之企業價值。

南方東英之經計算企業價值其後扣除總債務、優先股及少數股東權益，並加回現金及現金等價物作出調整，以釐定南方東英之股權價值。

In applying the P/E multiple, the average of the P/E multiples of the Comparable Companies was multiplied by the earnings of CSOP as at the dates of valuation to derive the equity values of CSOP.

In applying the P/AUM multiple, the average of the P/AUM multiples of the Comparable Companies was multiplied by the AUM of CSOP as at the dates of valuation to derive the equity values of CSOP.

The resulting equity values of marketable and non-controlling interest were then further adjusted by the DLOM to derive the fair values (non-controlling interest) of CSOP.

The average of the equity values derived from EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM multiples were adopted as the fair values of CSOP.

Discount for lack of marketability

As CSOP is unlikely to undergo public offering and shares of CSOP are unlikely to be listed in any major stock exchange or be marketable in any over-the-counter market in the near future, the ownership interest in CSOP is not readily marketable. However, the price multiples adopted in the valuations were calculated from public listed companies, which represent marketable ownership interest; values calculated using such price multiple, therefore, represent the marketable interest. Thus, DLOM was adopted to adjust such marketable interest values to non-marketable interest values. The valuer adopted 20.43% as the DLOM for the valuations of CSOP.

於應用市盈率倍數時，乃將可資比較公司之市盈率倍數平均值乘以南方東英於估值日期之盈利，以得出南方東英之股權價值。

於應用P/AUM倍數時，乃將可資比較公司之P/AUM倍數平均值乘以南方東英於估值日期之資產管理規模，以得出南方東英之股權價值。

得出之具市場性及非控股權益之股權價值其後再就DLOM作出調整，以得出南方東英之公平值（非控股權益）。

從EV/EBITDA、市盈率及P/AUM倍數得出之股權價值之平均值獲採納為南方東英之公平值。

缺乏市場流通性之折讓

由於南方東英不大可能進行公開發售，且南方東英的股份不大可能於不久將來在任何主要證券交易所上市或於任何場外交易市場流通，故南方東英的所有權權益並非隨時可出售。然而，估值中採用的價格倍數乃根據上市公司計算，該等公司代表可出售的所有權權益；因此，使用該價格倍數計算的價值代表可出售權益。因此，採用DLOM將該等可出售權益價值調整為不可出售權益價值。估值師就南方東英的估值採用20.43%作為DLOM。

(iii) Basis for the above inputs

- (a) The EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/AUM multiples were calculated based on real-time public trading prices and published financial data of 8 listed peer asset management enterprises across multiple jurisdictions as at each valuation date. Outlier figures flagged with asterisks were excluded when computing the average multiples to avoid skewed valuation benchmarks.
- (b) The GPC Method was selected as the core valuation technique, grounded on observable market pricing data from comparable industry players, which serves as objective market evidence for fair value measurement under HKFRS impairment testing requirements.
- (c) The exclusion of income approach inputs (projected cash flow, discount rate, growth rate) was on the basis that such figures depend heavily on highly subjective long-term forecasts and discretionary assumptions, which would introduce excessive estimation uncertainty to the valuation conclusion.

Explanation on any changes in valuation method used or inputs or assumptions

There were no changes in valuation method or significant changes in the valuation inputs or assumptions applied for the two separate valuation dates (i.e. 2 January 2026 and 31 March 2026).

(iii) 上述輸入數據的基準

- (a) EV/EBITDA、市盈率及P/AUM倍數乃根據於各估值日期8家於多個司法權區上市的同業資產管理企業的實時公開交易價格及已公佈財務數據計算。在計算平均倍數時，已剔除標有星號的異常數字，以避免估值基準出現偏差。
- (b) 可資比較上市公司法被選為核心估值技術，其依據來自可資比較行業參與者的可觀察市場定價數據，該等數據可作為香港財務報告準則減值測試規定下公平值計量的客觀市場證據。
- (c) 排除收入法輸入數據（預計現金流量、貼現率、增長率）的基準是該等數字在很大程度上取決於高度主觀的長期預測及酌情假設，這會給估值結論帶來過度的估計不確定性。

對所用估值方法或輸入數據或假設的任何變動的解釋

兩個獨立估值日期（即二零二六年一月二日及二零二六年三月三十一日）所應用的估值方法或估值輸入數據或假設並無變動或重大變動。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2026, save as certain financial guarantees given to banks in favour of an associate of the Company set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

CHARGE ON THE GROUP'S ASSET

As at 31 March 2026, save for certain interests in an associate pledged to secure the Group's bank loan set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no charges on the Group's assets (as at 31 March 2025: nil).

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group has properly put in place credit management policies which cover the examination of the approval of client's trading and credit limits, regular review of facilities granted, monitoring of credit exposures and the follow up of credit risks associated with overdue debts. The policies are reviewed and updated regularly.

FOREIGN CURRENCY FLUCTUATION

During the Reporting Year, the Group mainly used Hong Kong dollars in its business transactions. The Board considers that the Group's foreign currency exposure is insignificant.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had 86 employees in total (2025: 62 employees). The related employees' costs for the Reporting Year amounted to approximately HK\$65,179,000 (2025: approximately HK\$70,985,000). The Group remunerated employees based on the industry practice and individual's performance. Staff benefits include contributions to retirement benefit scheme, medical allowance and other fringe benefits. In addition, the Group maintains the share award scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants based on their contributions.

或然負債

於二零二六年三月三十一日，除載於綜合財務報表附註36向銀行提供以本公司的一間聯營公司為受益人的若干財務擔保外，本集團概無重大或然負債。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二六年三月三十一日，除了載於綜合財務報表附註28在一家聯營公司的若干權益用以抵押作本集團的銀行貸款擔保之外，本集團概無作出任何資產抵押（於二零二五年三月三十一日：無）。

風險管理

本集團已實行妥善之信貸管理政策，當中包括審批客戶之買賣及信貸限額，並定期審閱批授之融資，以及監察所承受之信貸風險並跟進有關逾期債務之信貸風險。有關政策均會定期檢討及更新。

外匯波動

於本報告年度，本集團主要採用港元進行業務交易。董事會認為，本集團的外匯風險並不重大。

人力資源

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團共有86名僱員（二零二五年：62名僱員）。本報告年度內相關僱員成本約為65,179,000港元（二零二五年：約70,985,000港元）。本集團根據業內慣例及個人表現釐定僱員薪酬。員工福利包括退休福利計劃供款、醫療津貼及其他附帶福利。此外，本集團設有一項股份獎勵計劃，目的為根據合資格參與者之貢獻，給予彼等獎勵及回報。

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

報告期後事項

Change in board lot size of the Company's Shares

更改本公司股份每手買賣單位

Reference is made to the announcement dated 30 April 2026 in relation to, among other things, the board lot size of the shares of HK\$0.10 each in the capital of the Company (the “**Share(s)**”) for trading on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange being changed from 2,000 Shares to 500 Shares with effect from 9:00 a.m. on Friday, 22 May 2026.

茲提述本公司日期為二零二六年四月三十日之公告，內容有關（其中包括）本公司股本中每股面值0.10港元之股份（「**股份**」）於聯交所主板買賣之每手買賣單位由2,000股股份更改為500股股份，自二零二六年五月二十二日（星期五）上午九時正起生效。

As the aforementioned change in board lot size will not affect any of the relative rights of the Shareholders, with such change in board lot size reducing the board lot value, the Board is of the view that such reduction will lower the threshold for investors to acquire the Shares, thus facilitating the trading and improving the liquidity of the Shares, which will enable the Company to attract more investors and broaden the Shareholders' base. As such, the Board is of the opinion that such change in board lot size is in the interest of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

由於上述更改每手買賣單位將不會影響股東的任何相對權利且更改每手買賣單位令每手買賣單位的價值減少，董事會認為，每手買賣單位的價值減少將降低投資者購入股份的門檻，從而促進股份的買賣並提高股份的流動性，使本公司能夠吸引更多投資者，同時擴大股東基礎。因此，董事會認為，更改每手買賣單位符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

For more details on the change in board lot size, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 30 April 2026.

有關更改每手買賣單位之更多詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二六年四月三十日之公告。

Save as disclosed above, there were no other significant events affecting the Company or any of its subsidiaries after the end of the Reporting Year and up to the date of this annual report that require disclosure in this annual report.

除上文所披露者外，於本報告年度末後及直至本年報日期，概無影響本公司或其任何附屬公司之其他重要事項須於本年報披露。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層之詳細履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MS. SUN QING

Ms. SUN Qing, aged 65, was appointed as an executive Director in April 2020, and further appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee in February 2024. Ms. Sun was appointed as the chairlady of the Board, an authorised representative of the Company and the chairman of the Nomination Committee in October 2025. She joined the Group in August 2019 and is responsible for human resources and administrative management of the Group. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Sun graduated from Beijing Correspondence College of Finance and Commerce in 1988 majoring in industrial accounting. Ms. Sun also obtained the accountant qualification awarded by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC in 1994.

Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Sun worked in Everbright Securities Company Limited (listed on both the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and the Shanghai Stock Exchange) for nearly 20 years, mainly responsible for the company's finance, human resources and comprehensive back office management. She has over 20 years of working experience in the financial industry and has extensive experience in various management tasks such as finance, auditing and human resources.

Ms. Sun was a non-executive director of IBO Technology Company Limited (listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) from July 2020 to February 2021. She has been an independent director of Shenzhen Sunrise New Energy Company Limited (listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange) since 9 December 2024.

執行董事

孫青女士

孫青女士，65歲，於二零二零年四月獲委任為執行董事，並於二零二四年二月獲委任為提名委員會成員及薪酬委員會成員。孫女士於二零二五年十月獲委任為董事會主席、本公司授權代表及提名委員會主席。彼於二零一九年八月加入本集團，負責本集團之人力資源與行政管理事務。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。孫女士於一九八八年畢業於北京財貿金融函授學院，主修工業會計。孫女士亦於一九九四年取得中國財政部頒發的會計師資格。

在加入本集團之前，孫女士曾於光大證券股份有限公司（於聯交所主板及上海證券交易所上市）任職接近20年，主要負責該公司財務、人力資源及綜合後台等管理工作。彼於金融業擁有逾20年工作經驗，於財務、審計及人力資源等各項管理工作方面擁有豐富經驗。

孫女士曾於二零二零年七月至二零二一年二月擔任艾伯科技股份有限公司（於聯交所主板上市）之非執行董事。彼自二零二四年十二月九日起擔任深圳市兆新能源股份有限公司（於深圳證券交易所上市）之獨立董事。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DR. NIE RIMING

Dr. NIE Riming, aged 45, was appointed as a non-executive Director in October 2023. Dr. Nie graduated from Zhejiang University in 2005 with a bachelor's degree in Engineering and further obtained a master's degree in Business Administration from Fudan University in 2014 and a Ph.D. in Economics from Fudan University in 2021. Dr. Nie is currently the vice president and a researcher at the Shanghai Institute of Finance and Law. Dr. Nie has been a visiting scholar at the University of California, San Diego from February 2024 to February 2025. He was also a visiting senior research assistant of Hong Kong Baptist University (School of Business) in March 2013. Dr. Nie has over 17 years of experience in finance and economics.

From November 2018 to January 2026, Dr. Nie was a director of Purekind Fund Management Co., Ltd. From December 2015 to October 2016, Dr. Nie was a supervisor of Bestone Asset Management Corporation Limited.

MR. LI CHUNGUANG

Mr. LI Chunguang, aged 41, was appointed as a non-executive Director in February 2024. Mr. Li graduated from Tsinghua University in 2009 with a bachelor's degree in Architecture and further obtained a master's degree in Philosophy from Columbia University in the United States in 2012. Mr. Li has extensive experience in the fields of artificial intelligence, blockchain and digital technology. He is currently the president and chief scientist of the Renxue International Foundation, a researcher at the Tsinghua (Qingdao) Academy of Arts and Science Innovation Research, a member of the Academic and Technical Committee of the Metaverse and AI 30 Forum, and an academic chairperson of the Youth Branch of the Chinese Society for Futures Studies.

非執行董事

聶日明博士

聶日明博士，45歲，於二零二三年十月獲委任為非執行董事。聶博士於二零零五年畢業於浙江大學，獲得工學學士學位，並進一步於二零一四年獲得復旦大學工商管理碩士學位及於二零二一年獲得復旦大學經濟學博士學位。聶博士現時為上海金融與法律研究院副院長及研究員。於二零二四年二月至二零二五年二月，聶博士作為訪問學者在加州大學聖迭戈分校從事訪問研究。於二零一三年三月，彼亦曾為香港浸會大學商學院高級研究助理（訪問）。聶博士於金融學及經濟學領域擁有逾17年經驗。

自二零一八年十一月至二零二六年一月，聶博士擔任淳厚基金管理有限公司董事。於二零一五年十二月至二零一六年十月，聶博士曾擔任博石資產管理有限公司監事。

李春光先生

李春光先生，41歲，於二零二四年二月獲委任為非執行董事。李先生於二零零九年畢業於清華大學，獲得建築學學士學位，並進一步於二零一二年獲得美國哥倫比亞大學哲學碩士學位。李先生於人工智慧、區塊鏈及數字科技領域擁有豐富的經驗，彼現時為人學國際基金會總裁兼首席科學家、清華大學青島藝術與科學創新研究院研究員、元宇宙與人工智慧三十人論壇學術與技術委員會委員、中國未來研究會青年分會學術主持。

From May 2018 to October 2020, Mr. Li served as the vice president and chief expert of the Forum 30 on Global AI and Blockchain. From October 2015 to September 2018, Mr. Li served as the president and chief expert of Beijing Holographic Think Tank Culture Technology Co., Ltd. From October 2015 to June 2018, Mr. Li served as the vice president and chief expert of Beijing Triple Community Technology Co., Ltd. From December 2013 to September 2015, Mr. Li served as the vice president of Beijing INFOBOX Technology Co., Ltd. From November 2012 to November 2013, he served as the director of the strategic planning department of Beijing 55world Information Technology Co., Ltd.

於二零一八年五月至二零二零年十月，李先生曾擔任全球人工智慧區塊鏈三十人論壇副總裁兼首席專家。於二零一五年十月至二零一八年九月，李先生曾擔任北京全息智庫文化科技有限公司總裁兼首席專家。於二零一五年十月至二零一八年六月，李先生曾擔任北京三生社群科技有限公司副總裁兼首席專家。於二零一三年十二月至二零一五年九月，李先生曾擔任北京音凡科技有限公司副總裁。於二零一二年十一月至二零一三年十一月，彼曾擔任北京窩窩世界資訊技術有限公司戰略規劃部總監。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

獨立非執行董事

MR. CHIU KUNG CHIK

趙公直先生

Mr. CHIU Kung Chik, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in March 2017. He was re-designated from a member of the Audit Committee to the chairman of the Audit Committee in March 2020. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chiu graduated from the University of Chicago with a bachelor's degree in Economics. He has extensive experience and knowledge in investment banking, capital financing, corporate restructuring, merger and acquisition, complex transaction structuring, etc. Mr. Chiu has been an independent non-executive director of Shandong Hi-Speed New Energy Group Limited (stock code: 1250, formerly known as Beijing Enterprises Clean Energy Group Limited, listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) since 29 July 2016. He is also a non-executive director of Link Holdings Limited (stock code: 8237, listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange).

趙公直先生，41歲，於二零一七年三月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於二零二零年三月由審核委員會成員調任為審核委員會主席。彼亦為薪酬委員會主席，以及提名委員會成員。趙先生畢業於芝加哥大學，取得經濟學學士學位。彼於投資銀行、資本融資、企業重組、收購合併、複雜交易架構設計等方面擁有豐富經驗及知識。趙先生自二零一六年七月二十九日起擔任山高新能源集團有限公司（股份代號：1250，前稱北控清潔能源集團有限公司，於聯交所主板上市）之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為華星控股有限公司（股份代號：8237，於聯交所GEM上市）之非執行董事。

From 2008 to 2015, Mr. Chiu worked with UBS AG in the investment banking department in its Hong Kong office, primarily focusing on advising large scale corporate clients on their capital market activities. During the aforesaid period, he had completed a number of high-profile capital market transactions, merger and acquisition transactions as well as debt financing transactions.

於二零零八年至二零一五年，趙先生曾任職於瑞士銀行(UBS AG)投資銀行部香港辦事處，主要負責向大型企業客戶提供資本市場活動方面之建議。於上述期間，彼曾完成多宗重大的資本市場交易、收購合併交易及債務融資交易。

MS. LUI MEI KA

Ms. LUI Mei Ka, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee in September 2023. Ms. Lui graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a degree in bachelor of business administration in 2006 and is currently a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Since 27 September 2018, Ms. Lui has been the chief financial officer and a joint company secretary of Feiyu Technology International Company Limited (stock code: 1022), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since 21 April 2017, Ms. Lui has also been an independent non-executive director of China Tangshang Holdings Limited (stock code: 674), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since 30 September 2024, Ms. Lui has also been an independent non-executive director of China Tontine Wines Group Limited (stock code: 389), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since 27 May 2026, Ms. Lui has also been an independent non-executive director of Ab&B Bio-Tech CO., LTD. JS (stock code: 2627), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Ms. Lui has over 18 years of experience in financial management and corporate finance. From October 2016 to July 2018, she was the chief financial officer and company secretary of GR Properties Limited (stock code: 108), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and engaged in property development and investment. From March 2014 to May 2016, she was the company secretary and financial controller of LT Commercial Real Estate Limited, a company previously listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange under the stock code 112, which was engaged in property development and investment. Prior to that, Ms. Lui had about seven years of experience in auditing and accounting at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from September 2006 to August 2013.

雷美嘉女士

雷美嘉女士，41歲，於二零二三年九月獲委任為獨立非執行董事及審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。雷女士於二零零六年畢業於香港中文大學，取得工商管理學士學位。彼現為香港會計師公會會員。

自二零一八年九月二十七日起，雷女士一直擔任聯交所主板上市公司飛魚科技國際有限公司（股份代號：1022）之首席財務官兼聯席公司秘書。自二零一七年四月二十一日起，雷女士亦擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國唐商控股有限公司（股份代號：674）之獨立非執行董事。自二零二四年九月三十日起，雷女士亦擔任聯交所主板上市公司中國通天酒業集團有限公司（股份代號：389）之獨立非執行董事。自二零二六年五月二十七日起，雷女士亦擔任聯交所主板上市公司江蘇中慧元通生物科技股份有限公司（股份代號：2627）之獨立非執行董事。

雷女士於財務管理及企業融資方面擁有逾18年經驗。於二零一六年十月至二零一八年七月，彼曾擔任國銳地產有限公司（股份代號：108）之首席財務官兼公司秘書，該公司於聯交所主板上市，從事物業開發及投資。於二零一四年三月至二零一六年五月，彼曾擔任勒泰商業地產有限公司之公司秘書兼財務總監，該公司先前曾於聯交所主板上市（股份代號：112），從事物業開發及投資。在此之前，雷女士於二零零六年九月至二零一三年八月任職於德勤•關黃陳方會計師行，擁有約七年審計及會計經驗。

DR. LIANG JINXIANG

Dr. LIANG Jinxiang, aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee in August 2025. Dr. Liang obtained a master's degree in business administration from Yunnan University of Finance and Economics in 2016, and further obtained a Ph.D. in international studies (economics) from Dong-A University in 2025. Dr. Liang is a Certified Information Systems Auditor ("**CISA**").

Dr. Liang is currently a visiting professor at a number of universities, executive dean of Shenzhen Yuncai Management Science Research Institute, president of Shenzhen Yunnan University of Finance and Economics Alumni Association (the "**Alumni Association**") and chairman of the Fund Investment Committee of the Alumni Association. Dr. Liang has been an independent non-executive director of Zhong Jia Guo Xin Holdings Company Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 899) since 2 April 2025.

Dr. Liang has been focused on finance and capital markets and has more than 15 years of experience in investment and mergers and acquisitions, corporate risk control and financial audit management. He has led various large-scale mergers and acquisitions and capital operation projects and has a systematic practical operation and theoretical research foundation in financial and tax compliance management. In recent years, Dr. Liang has presided over and/or participated in a number of National Natural Science Foundation projects and has been deeply involved in cutting-edge research on financial technology and risk management. Dr. Liang has served as director of risk control and investment committee member of several domestic investment group companies.

梁金祥博士

梁金祥博士，41歲，於二零二五年八月獲委任為獨立非執行董事及審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。梁博士於二零一六年取得雲南財經大學工商管理碩士學位，並於二零二五年進一步取得東亞大學(Dong-A University)國際研究(經濟學)博士學位。梁博士獲「註冊資訊系統審計師」(「**CISA**」)資格。

梁博士現為多所大學客座教授、深圳市雲財管理科學研究院執行院長、深圳市雲南財經大學校友會(「**校友會**」)會長及校友會基金投資委員會主席。梁博士自二零二五年四月二日起出任中加國信控股股份有限公司(一家於香港聯交所主板上市的公司，股份代號：899)獨立非執行董事。

梁博士長期專注於金融及資本市場，擁有逾15年的投資併購、企業風險控制及財務審計管理經驗，曾主導多個大型併購與資本運作項目，在財務及稅務合規管理方面具備系統性實務操作與理論研究基礎。近年來，梁博士主持及／或參與多項國家自然科學基金委員會項目，深度投入金融科技與風險管理的前沿研究。梁博士曾擔任國內多家投資集團公司的風控總監及投資委員會委員。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

MR. YUAN TIANFU

Mr. YUAN Tianfu, aged 37, joined the Group in January 2022. Mr. Yuan served as the Co-CEO from February 2024 to April 2026 and was re-designated as the CEO in April 2026. Mr. Yuan focuses on the Group's strategic planning, direct investment, securities investment, investment portfolio management and other businesses. Mr. Yuan currently serves as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Yuan graduated from Tsinghua University in 2011 with a bachelor's degree in Electronic Science and Technology, and further obtained a master's degree in Business Administration from Renmin University of China in 2016.

Mr. Yuan has nearly 16 years of experience in the financial industry and is familiar with the environment, regulations and operations of Mainland China, Hong Kong and international capital markets. Before joining the Group, Mr. Yuan served as the senior project manager of the strategic investment department and the vice president of Anbang Insurance Group Holdings Co., Ltd. from June 2011 to December 2014. From January 2015 to December 2019, he served as the head of the office of the board of directors of Tongchuang Jiuding Investment Management Group Holdings Co., Ltd. From January 2020 to December 2021, he served as the vice president of Kunwu Jiuding Investment Management Co., Ltd. Since 2 January 2026, he has served as a director of Raytech Holding Limited, a company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the ticker symbol "RAY" in the United States.

高級管理層

袁天夫先生

袁天夫先生，37歲，於二零二二年一月加入本集團。袁先生於二零二四年二月至二零二六年四月擔任本公司聯席首席執行官，並於二零二六年四月進一步獲調任為首席執行官。袁先生負責本集團之戰略規劃、直接投資、證券投資、投資組合管理等業務。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。袁先生於二零一一年畢業於清華大學，取得電子科學與技術學士學位，並進一步於二零一六年取得中國人民大學工商管理碩士學位。

袁先生於金融行業擁有近16年的從業經驗，熟悉中國內地、香港及國際資本市場的市場環境、法規及運作。於加入本集團前，袁先生於二零一一年六月至二零一四年十二月期間歷任安邦保險集團股份有限公司戰略投資部高級項目經理及副總裁，於二零一五年一月至二零一九年十二月擔任同創九鼎投資管理集團股份有限公司董事會辦公室主任，於二零二零年一月至二零二一年十二月擔任昆吾九鼎投資管理有限公司副總裁，及自二零二六年一月二日起擔任Raytech Holding Limited（一家於美國納斯達克資本市場上市之公司，股票代碼「RAY」）之董事。

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026.

董事提呈本集團截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司，其主要附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註18。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 191 of this annual report.

業績及分派

本集團截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之業績載於本年報第191頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: nil).

董事不建議派付截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息（二零二五年：無）。

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

物業及設備

本集團於本報告年度之物業及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

股本

本公司於本報告年度之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the Reporting Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 194 of this annual report.

儲備

本集團於本報告年度之儲備變動載於本年報第194頁之綜合權益變動表。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company's distributable reserves (net amount of share premium and accumulated losses) is HK\$3,758,917,000 as at 31 March 2026.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Group's charitable donations amounted to HK\$1.65 million (2025: 0.50 million).

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out on page 312 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 is set out in the section headed "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" on pages 13 to 62 of this annual report. These discussions form part of this Directors' Report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group can be found throughout this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2026, as far as the Board and the management are aware, there was no breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

可分派儲備

董事認為，本公司於二零二六年三月三十一日之可分派儲備（股份溢價及累計虧損之淨額）為3,758,917,000港元。

捐款

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團作出共計1,650,000港元的慈善捐款（二零二五年：500,000港元）。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度已公佈之業績、資產及負債概要載於本年報第312頁，有關資料乃摘錄自經審核綜合財務報表並（倘適當）經重新分類。該概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表之一部分。

業務回顧

本集團截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之業務回顧載於本年報第13至62頁之「管理層討論及分析」一節。該等討論構成本董事會報告書的一部分。本年報載有有關本集團所面臨主要風險及不明朗因素的描述。

遵守相關法律及法規

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，就董事會及管理層目前所知悉，本集團概無違反或不遵守對本集團業務及營運具有顯著影響的適用法律及法規。

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees and customers to meet its short-term and long-term business goals. During the year ended 31 March 2026, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its employees and customers.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團了解與其僱員及客戶保持良好關係對達致其短期及長期商業目標之重要性。截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團與其僱員及客戶之間概無嚴重及重大糾紛。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to operate in compliance with the applicable environmental laws as well as to protect the environment by minimizing the negative impact of the Group's existing business activities on the environment.

環境政策及表現

本集團致力遵照適用環境法及以保護環境的方式營運，盡量減少本集團現有業務活動對環境造成的負面影響。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's original share option scheme was adopted on 19 August 2011 (the "2011 Share Option Scheme"), which expired on 18 August 2021 and was replaced by a new share option scheme approved by the Shareholders on 2 September 2021 (the "2021 Share Option Scheme"). A summary of the 2021 Share Option Scheme is set out below:

購股權計劃

本公司之原購股權計劃於二零一一年八月十九日獲採納（「二零一一年購股權計劃」），其已於二零二一年八月十八日到期並被股東於二零二一年九月二日批准之新購股權計劃（「二零二一年購股權計劃」）取代。二零二一年購股權計劃之概要載列如下：

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of the 2021 Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

1. 目的

二零二一年購股權計劃之目的旨在使本公司能向特定參與者授出購股權，作為其對本集團作出貢獻之獎勵或回報。

2. PARTICIPANTS

The Board (which expression shall include a duly authorised committee thereof) may, at its absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants, to take up options to subscribe for Shares:

- (i) any employee;
- (ii) any business associate;

2. 參與者

董事會（包括其正式授權之委員會）可絕對酌情邀請屬以下任何類別參與者之任何人士，接納可認購股份之購股權：

- (i) 任何僱員；
- (ii) 任何業務夥伴；

- (iii) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any invested entity; and
- (iv) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any invested entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any invested entity.

The eligibility of any of the above classes of participants to the grant of any option shall be determined by the Board from time to time and on a case-by-case basis, subject to the Board's opinion as to, among others, their contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group or invested entity.

3. TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUE UNDER THE 2021 SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND THE PERCENTAGE OF THE ISSUED SHARES THAT IT REPRESENTS AS AT THE DATE OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

As approved by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 2 September 2021 (the "2021 AGM"), the scheme limit of the 2021 Share Option Scheme permits the Company to grant share options for up to 91,530,788 Shares, representing (i) 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the 2021 AGM; and (ii) 0.89% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

4. MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT OF EACH PARTICIPANT

Unless approved by the Shareholders, the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to any grantee (including both exercised and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares then in issue.

- (iii) 向本集團或任何投資實體提供研究、開發或其他技術支援之任何人士或實體；及

- (iv) 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何股東，或本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體所發行任何證券之任何持有人。

上述任何類別參與者是否符合資格獲授任何購股權，須由董事會根據（其中包括）董事會對其向本集團或投資實體發展及增長所作貢獻或潛在貢獻之意見為基準不時及按情況釐定。

3. 二零二一年購股權計劃項下可供發行之股份總數及佔於本年報日期已發行股份百分比

經股東於二零二一年九月二日舉行之本公司股東週年大會（「二零二一年股東週年大會」）上批准，二零二一年購股權計劃的計劃限額允許本公司授出最多91,530,788股股份之購股權，相當於(i) 於二零二一年股東週年大會當日已發行股份總數的10%；及(ii) 於本年報日期已發行股份總數的0.89%。

4. 每名參與者的最高權益

除非獲股東批准，否則向任何承授人授出之購股權（包括已行使及尚未行使購股權）獲行使時已發行及將予發行之股份總數，於授出日期止任何十二個月期間內將不得超過當時已發行股份之1%。

Any grant of share options under the 2021 Share Option Scheme to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates shall be approved by independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options in question).

Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates, would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period exceed 0.1% of the Shares then in issue and with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million, the proposed grant shall be approved by the Shareholders.

凡根據二零二一年購股權計劃向本公司董事、行政總裁或主要股東或其各自任何聯繫人授出購股權，均須經由獨立非執行董事（不包括本身為有關購股權承授人之任何獨立非執行董事）批准。

倘向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之聯繫人授出任何購股權將引致任何十二個月期間內因已授予或將授予該人士的全部購股權（包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使的購股權）獲行使而已發行及將予發行的股份數目超過當時已發行股份的0.1%及總價值超過5,000,000港元，則該建議授出須獲股東批准。

5. PERIOD WITHIN WHICH THE SHARES MUST BE TAKEN UP UNDER AN OPTION

The period during which the share option may be exercised is determined by the Board at its absolute discretion, save that no share option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.

5. 根據購股權必須認購股份之期限

可行使購股權之期限由董事會全權酌情釐定，惟購股權不可在授出日期起計十年後行使。

6. MINIMUM PERIOD FOR WHICH AN OPTION MUST BE HELD BEFORE IT CAN BE EXERCISED

Unless the Board otherwise determines and states in the offer of grant of an option to a Participant, there is no minimum period for which a share option granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme shall be held before it can be exercised.

6. 購股權可予行使前必須持有之最短期限

除非董事會另行釐定並於向參與者提出之購股權之授出建議內列明，否則根據二零二一年購股權計劃授出之購股權並無行使前必須持有之最短期限。

7. AMOUNT PAYABLE ON ACCEPTANCE OF THE OPTION AND THE PERIOD WITHIN WHICH PAYMENTS SHALL BE MADE

HK\$1 is payable by the grantee to the Company upon acceptance of the share option which must be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer.

7. 接納購股權應支付之金額及須作出支付之期限

承授人須於要約日期起計二十八日內接納購股權，並須向本公司支付1港元。

8. BASIS OF DETERMINING THE EXERCISE PRICE

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the grant of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the share options; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the grant of the share options.

8. 行使價之釐定基準

購股權行使價將由董事釐定，惟不得低於以下各項之最高者：(i)本公司股份於授出購股權當日在聯交所之收市價；(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出購股權日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市價；及(iii)本公司股份於要約授出購股權當日之面值。

9. REMAINING LIFE OF THE 2021 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The 2021 Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from its adoption date until 2 September 2031, subject to the early termination provisions contained therein.

9. 二零二一年購股權計劃之剩餘年期

二零二一年購股權計劃將自其採納日期起生效，有效期至二零三一年九月二日止，為期十年，惟受制於當中所載之提早終止條文。

10. DETAILS OF MOVEMENTS IN OPTIONS UNDER THE 2021 SHARE OPTION SCHEME DURING THE REPORTING YEAR PURSUANT TO RULE 17.07 OF THE LISTING RULES

During the Reporting Year, 80,792,000 share options were lapsed or cancelled, and 4,876,000 share options were exercised. The details of the outstanding options which were granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme and their movements during the Reporting Year are set out below:

10. 根據上市規則第17.07條二零二一年購股權計劃項下購股權於本報告年度內的變動詳情

於本報告年度內，80,792,000份購股權已失效或註銷，而4,876,000份購股權已獲行使。根據二零二一年購股權計劃授予的尚未行使的購股權詳情及其於本報告年度內的變動情況載列如下：

Name and category of participants	Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercise period	Exercise price	Number of options 購股權數目				Share price of the Company 本公司股份價格 (Note 2) (附註2)			
					As at 1 April 2025	Granted during the Reporting Year	Adjusted during the Reporting Year	Exercised during the Reporting Year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Reporting Year	As at 31 March 2026	Immediately before the date of grant of options	Immediately before the date of exercise of options
參與者姓名及類別	授出日期	歸屬期	行使期	行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	於二零二五年 四月一日	於本報告 年度內授出	於本報告 年度內調整	於本報告 年度內行使	於本報告 年度內失效/註銷	於二零二六年 三月三十一日	於緊接 授出日期前	於緊接 股權行使 日期前
Director and chief executive												
董事及最高行政人員												
Ms. SUN Qing 孫青女士	27 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十七日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026 二零二五年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日	0.480	4,168,000	-	-	(1,042,000)	(3,126,000)	-	1.420	1.570
Mr. ZHANG Huachen (Note 3) 張華晨先生 (附註3)	27 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十七日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026 二零二五年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日	0.480	32,000,000	-	-	-	(32,000,000)	-	1.420	N/A 不適用
Mr. YUAN Tianfu 袁天夫先生	27 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十七日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026 二零二五年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日	0.480	32,000,000	-	-	(1,500,000)	(30,500,000)	-	1.420	1.570
Other employee participants in aggregate												
其他僱員參與者合計												
	27 March 2025 二零二五年三月二十七日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026 二零二五年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日	0.480	17,500,000	-	-	(2,334,000)	(15,166,000)	-	1.420	1.570
Total					85,668,000	-	-	(4,876,000)	(80,792,000)	-		
總計：												

Notes:

- (1) The vesting of the options is subject to performance targets for the 2025 fiscal year to be determined by the Board based on the internal assessment system of the Group. The assessment will be made based on the individual performance of the participants, performance of the team or department that the participant belongs to and the performance of the Group as a whole. On the condition that the said performance targets are satisfied, the share options have been vested on 1 April 2025.
- (2) The share price of the Company immediately before the date of the grant of the options disclosed herein was the closing price quoted by the Stock Exchange on the trading day immediately prior to the date of the grant of the options. The share price of the Company immediately before the date of exercise of the options disclosed herein was the weighted average of the closing price(s) of the shares on the day(s) immediately before the date(s) on which the options within the disclosure category were exercised.
- (3) Mr. ZHANG Huachen resigned as the co-chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 27 April 2026.

The Group is in compliance with the requirements as stipulated in Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 2 "Share-based Payment" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Details of the fair value of the aforementioned share options at the date of grant and the accounting standard and policy adopted are set out in notes 3, 33 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements. Upon exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price over the nominal value of each share is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. Share options which lapse or are cancelled prior to the expiration of their exercise period are deleted from the register of outstanding share options.

附註：

- (1) 購股權的歸屬須滿足董事會根據本集團內部評估體系確定的二零二五財政年度業績目標。評估將基於參與者的個人績效、其所屬團隊或部門的績效以及本集團的整體績效而作出。在達成上述業績目標的條件下，購股權已於二零二五年四月一日歸屬。
- (2) 所披露的於緊接購股權授出日期前的本公司股份價格，為於緊接購股權授出日期前的交易日於聯交所所報的收市價。所披露的於緊接購股權行使日期前的本公司股份價格，為股份於緊接所披露類別的購股權獲行使日期前一日的加權平均收市價。
- (3) 張華晨先生已辭任本公司聯席首席執行官，自二零二六年四月二十七日起生效。

本集團已遵守香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎的支付」的規定。上述購股權於授出日期的公平值及所採納的會計準則及政策詳情載於綜合財務報表附註3、33及34。於購股權獲行使時，本公司將因而發行的股份按股份面值記錄為新增股本，而本公司將每股行使價超逾股份面值的款額記錄於股份溢價賬中。於行使期屆滿前失效或作廢的購股權將從尚未行使購股權登記冊中刪除。

Details of the model and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the share options granted by the Company to eligible participants during the Reporting Year are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. Such option pricing model requires input of subjective assumptions. Any changes in the subjective input assumptions may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of the share options.

The number of options available for grant under the 2021 Share Option Scheme at the beginning and the end of the Reporting Year were both nil. The number of shares of the Company that may be issued in respect of options granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme during the Reporting Year divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the Reporting Year was 0%. The Company did not grant any options pursuant to the 2021 Share Option Scheme during the Reporting Year.

就估算本公司於本報告年度內向合資格參與者授出的購股權的公平值所採用的模式及重要假設的詳情，請見綜合財務報表附註34。該購股權定價模式須使用若干主觀的假設數據。主觀假設數據倘出現任何變動均會對購股權之公平值的估算造成重大影響。

根據二零二一年購股權計劃，本報告年度開始和結束時可授予的購股權數量均為零份。於本報告年度內根據二零二一年購股權計劃授出的購股權而可發行的本公司股份數量除以本報告年度已發行普通股的加權平均數為0%。於本報告年度內，本公司概無根據二零二一年購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

11. TERMINATION OF THE 2021 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

During the extraordinary general meeting of the Company convened and held on 29 May 2024, the Shareholders resolved to terminate the 2021 Share Option Scheme, upon which no further share options may be granted but the provisions of the 2021 Share Option Scheme will remain in force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any share option granted prior to its termination or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the 2021 Share Option Scheme. Accordingly, the share options granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme prior to the termination shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the rules of the 2021 Share Option Scheme.

11. 終止二零二一年購股權計劃

股東已於二零二四年五月二十九日召開及舉行之本公司股東特別大會上決議終止二零二一年購股權計劃，據此不得進一步授出購股權，惟為使於終止前授出的任何購股權可有效行使或根據二零二一年購股權計劃的條文規定可能需要的情況下，二零二一年購股權計劃的條文將仍具有效力及作用。因此，於終止前根據二零二一年購股權計劃授出的購股權將繼續有效，並可根據二零二一年購股權計劃的規則行使。

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Shareholders resolved to adopt the share award scheme of the Company (the “**Share Award Scheme**”) during the extraordinary general meeting convened and held on 29 May 2024. A summary of the Share Award Scheme is set out below:

1. PURPOSE OF THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to recognise and acknowledge the contributions which the eligible participants of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Eligible Participants**”) have made or may make to the Group, with the view to achieving the following principal objectives: (i) to provide the Company with a flexible means of remunerating, incentivising, retaining, rewarding, compensating and/or providing benefits to the Eligible Participants; (ii) to align the interests of the Eligible Participants with those of the Company and Shareholders by providing such Eligible Participants with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and becoming Shareholders, so as to optimise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group and particular in its fulfilment of strategic targets; (iii) to encourage the Eligible Participants to contribute to the long-term growth, performance and profitability of the Company and to enhance the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefit of the Company and Shareholders as a whole; and (iv) attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining ongoing business relationships with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are, or, will or are expected to be, beneficial to the Group.

股份獎勵計劃

股東於二零二四年五月二十九日召開及舉行之股東特別大會上決議批准採納本公司股份獎勵計劃(「**股份獎勵計劃**」)。股份獎勵計劃之概要載列如下：

1. 股份獎勵計劃目的

股份獎勵計劃旨在表彰及認可股份獎勵計劃之合資格參與者(「**合資格參與者**」)對本集團已作出或可能作出的貢獻，以達致下列主要目的：(i) 為本公司提供靈活的方式，以便向合資格參與者提供報酬、激勵、挽留、獎勵、補償及／或福利；(ii) 通過向合資參與者提供獲得本公司所有權權益及成為股東的機會，使彼等的利益與本公司及股東的利益一致，從而激勵彼等盡力為本集團利益而提升表現及效率，特別是在實現本集團戰略目標方面；(iii) 鼓勵合資格參與者為本公司的長期增長、表現及盈利能力作出貢獻，並為本公司及股東的整體利益提高本公司及其股份的價值；及(iv) 吸引及挽留對本集團作出積極貢獻或將會或預期對本集團有積極貢獻的合資格參與者，或以其他方式與彼等維持持續業務關係。

2. PARTICIPANTS OF THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Eligible Participants shall comprise: (i) any employee of the Company, Director (including independent non-executive Directors) or officer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (including persons who are granted Share Award under the Share Award Scheme as an inducement to enter into employment contracts with the respective company of the Group (each such person being an “**Employee Participant**”); (ii) any employee, director or officer of the Affiliate (each such person being a “**Related Entity Participant**”); and (iii) any service providers whom the Board or the committee of the Board (the “**Committee**”), in its sole discretion, determines that have contributed or will contribute to the Group (each such person being a “**Service Provider Participant**”).

3. TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUE UNDER THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The total number of Shares which may be issued pursuant to the Share Award Scheme is 541,093,796 Shares, representing (i) approximately 8.55% of the entire issued share capital (excluding treasury shares) as at the date of the extraordinary general meeting of the Company convened and held on 29 May 2024; and (ii) approximately 5.25% of the entire issued share capital (excluding treasury shares) as at the date of this annual report.

The total number of Shares which may be issued pursuant to award of Shares (the “**Share Awards**”) granted to Service Provider Participants is 63,262,458 Shares, being not more than 1% of the entire issued share capital (excluding treasury shares) as at the date of this annual report.

2. 股份獎勵計劃參與者

合資格參與者包括：(i) 本公司的任何僱員、董事（包括獨立非執行董事）或本公司或其任何附屬公司的高級職員（包括根據股份獎勵計劃獲授股份獎勵作為與本集團任何成員公司訂立僱傭合約的獎勵的人士）（各為一名「**僱員參與者**」）；(ii) 聯屬公司的任何僱員、董事或高級職員（各為一名「**關連實體參與者**」）；及(iii) 董事會或董事會之委員會（「**委員會**」）全權酌情釐定已經或將會對本集團作出貢獻的任何服務提供商（各為一名「**服務提供商參與者**」）。

3. 股份獎勵計劃下可發行的股份總數

根據股份獎勵計劃可發行的股份總數為541,093,796股，佔(i)於本公司於二零二四年五月二十九日召開及舉行的股東特別大會日期全部已發行股本（不包括庫存股）的約8.55%；及(ii)於本年報日期全部已發行股本（不包括庫存股）的約5.25%。

根據授予服務提供商參與者的股份獎勵（「**股份獎勵**」）可發行的股份總數為63,262,458股，即不超過於本年報日期全部已發行股本（不包括庫存股）的1%。

4. MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT OF EACH PARTICIPANT UNDER THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all options and awards (including Share Awards granted to each Eligible Participant pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, excluding any options and Share Awards lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant shall not in aggregate exceed 1% of the entire issued share capital (excluding treasury shares) at the relevant time unless approved by the Shareholders (the "Individual Limit").

Pursuant to Rule 17.04(1) of the Listing Rules, any grant of Share Award to any Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of their respective associates under the Share Award Scheme or any other share schemes of the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be subject to the prior approval of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company (excluding any independent non-executive Director who or whose associate is the grantee of the Share Award), or if required by the Listing Rules, the Remuneration Committee.

Pursuant to Rule 17.04(2) of the Listing Rules, Shareholders' approval is required at a general meeting where any grant of Awarded Shares to a Director (other than an independent non-executive Director) or chief executive of the Company, or any of his/her associates that would result in the Shares issued and to be issued in respect of the Share Award granted to such person under the Share Award Scheme and all other share schemes (excluding any Share Award lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant, representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the issued share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares).

4. 股份獎勵計劃下每名參與者可獲授權益上限

於截至授出日期(包括該日)止任何12個月期間內,就授予任一名合資格參與者的所有購股權及獎勵(包括根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份獎勵,但不包括根據股份獎勵計劃的條款已失效的任何購股權及股份獎勵)已發行及將予發行的股份總數,合共不得超過於相關時間全部已發行股本(不包括庫存股)的1% (「個人限額」),獲股東批准的情況除外。

根據上市規則第17.04(1)條,根據股份獎勵計劃或本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何其他股份計劃向本公司任何董事、最高行政人員或主要股東或彼等各自的任何聯繫人授出任何股份獎勵,須經本公司獨立非執行董事(不包括其或其聯繫人為股份獎勵承授人的任何獨立非執行董事)或薪酬委員會(如上市規則有規定)事先批准。

根據上市規則第17.04(2)條,倘向本公司董事(獨立非執行董事除外)或最高行政人員或其任何聯繫人授出任何獎勵股份,會導致於截至授出日期(包括該日)止任何12個月期間內就根據股份獎勵計劃及所有其他股份計劃向該人士授出的股份獎勵(不包括根據股份獎勵計劃條款已失效的任何股份獎勵)而已發行及將予發行的股份合共超過本公司已發行股本(不包括庫存股)的0.1%,則須於股東大會上取得股東批准。

Pursuant to Rule 17.04(3) of the Listing Rules, Shareholders' approval is required at a general meeting where any grant of Awarded Shares to an independent non-executive Director or a substantial shareholder of the Company, or any of his/her/its associates that would result in the Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all options and Share Award granted to such person under the Share Award Scheme and all other share schemes (excluding any options and Share Award lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant, representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the issued share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares).

5. GRANT AND ACCEPTANCE OF SHARE AWARD

The Board or the Remuneration Committee may determine in its absolute discretion and on a case-by-case basis and specify in a letter to the grantee in respect of the grant of Share Award (the **"Award Letter"**), inter alia, (i) the amount payable on acceptance of the Share Award; and (ii) the period within which any such payments must be made, being the issue price for the Share Award.

Unless otherwise specified in the Award Letter, the grantee shall have ten business days from the date of grant to accept the Share Award by giving written notice of their acceptance to the Company, together with remittance in favour of the Company of any consideration payable upon grant of the Share Award. To the extent that a Share Award is not accepted within the time specified in the Award Letter or pursuant to the Scheme Rules (as defined below), it shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined and shall automatically lapse.

根據上市規則第17.04(3)條，倘向本公司獨立非執行董事或主要股東或其任何聯繫人授出任何獎勵股份，會導致於截至授出日期（包括該日）止任何12個月期間內就根據股份獎勵計劃及所有其他股份計劃向該人士授出的所有購股權及股份獎勵（不包括根據計劃條款已失效的任何購股權及股份獎勵）已發行及將予發行的股份合共超過本公司已發行股本（不包括庫存股）的0.1%，則須於股東大會上取得股東批准。

5. 授出及接納股份獎勵

董事會或薪酬委員會可全權酌情決定並視具體情況在就授出股份獎勵向承授人發出的獎勵函（「獎勵函」）中指明（包括但不限於）：(i) 接納股份獎勵時應支付的金額；及(ii) 須作出有關付款的期間，有關金額即指股份獎勵之發行價格。

除非在獎勵函中另有訂明，否則承授人須於授出日期起計十個營業日內以書面通知本公司接納股份獎勵，並須向本公司匯付因獲授股份獎勵應付的任何代價。倘股份獎勵未於獎勵函指定的時間內根據計劃規則（定義見下文）獲接納，則股份獎勵將被視為已被不可撤銷地拒絕並將自動失效。

6. VESTING PERIOD OF AWARDS GRANTED UNDER THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

Subject to the satisfaction of all vesting conditions applicable to each grantee of Share Awards (the “**Grantee**”), the Awarded Shares held by the trustee appointed by the Company for the administration of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Trustee**”) on behalf of such Grantee shall vest in such Grantee in accordance with the applicable vesting schedule as set out in the Award Letter to the Grantee, and the Trustee shall cause the Awarded Shares to be transferred to such Grantee in accordance with the rules of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Scheme Rules**”).

The Share Award granted under the Share Award Scheme shall be held for not less than 12 months before being vested on the Eligible Participant save and except to certain exceptional circumstances in accordance with Scheme Rules. The Board believes that this aligns with the Listing Rules and purpose of the Share Award Scheme.

7. AMOUNT PAYABLE ON ACCEPTANCE OF THE SHARE AWARDS AND THE PERIOD WITHIN WHICH PAYMENTS SHALL BE MADE

A nominal amount of HK\$1.00 is payable on application or acceptance of the Share Awards, which is payable within ten (10) Business Days upon grant of the Share Awards.

6. 股份獎勵計劃下授出獎勵的歸屬期

待適用於各股份獎勵承授人(「**承授人**」)的所有歸屬條件達成後,本公司就管理股份獎勵計劃委任的受託人(「**受託人**」)代表該承授人持有的獎勵股份將根據承授人的獎勵函所載的適用歸屬時間表歸屬予該承授人,而受託人應根據股份獎勵計劃的規則(「**計劃規則**」)安排將獎勵股份轉讓予該承授人。

根據股份獎勵計劃授出的股份獎勵須持有不少於12個月,方可歸屬予合資格參與者,惟根據計劃規則規定的若干特殊情況除外。董事會認為,此舉符合上市規則及股份獎勵計劃的目的。

7. 接納股份獎勵須繳付之金額及須繳付之期限

申請或接納股份獎勵時須繳付1.00港元的象徵性金額,該款項須於授出股份獎勵後的十(10)個營業日內繳付。

8. BASIS OF DETERMINING THE AMOUNT PAYABLE ON ACCEPTANCE OF THE SHARE AWARDS

Given that only a nominal value is payable, the basis of determining such amount on application or for the acceptance of the Share Award is not applicable. The Awarded Shares shall be issued and allotted at par value to the Trustee under the terms of the Share Award Scheme by utilising the funds allocated by the Board out of the Company's resources.

8. 接納股份獎勵須繳付之金額之釐定基準

鑑於只須支付象徵性金額，故釐定申請或接納股份獎勵時繳付的該金額的基準並不適用。獎勵股份將根據股份獎勵計劃的條款，由董事會動用本公司資源撥付資金，按面值發行及配發予受託人。

9. REMAINING LIFE OF THE SHARE AWARD SCHEME

Subject to early termination, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years (the "**Scheme Period**") commencing on its adoption date of 3 June 2024. After the Scheme Period, no further Share Awards may be granted, but the Scheme Rules shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to any Share Award made before the expiry of such period. Share Awards granted during the Scheme Period, but which remain outstanding and have not lapsed as at the expiry of the Scheme Period, shall continue to be valid in accordance with their terms of grant notwithstanding the expiry of the Scheme Period.

9. 股份獎勵計劃的剩餘期限

除非提前終止，否則股份獎勵計劃將自二零二四年六月三日的採納日期起計10年期間（「**計劃期間**」）保持有效及生效。於計劃期間後，不得進一步授出股份獎勵，惟計劃規則在令於該期間屆滿前作出的任何股份獎勵生效所需範圍內仍具有十足效力及作用。即使計劃期間已屆滿，於計劃期間已授出但於計劃期間屆滿時仍未行使且尚未失效的股份獎勵將根據其授出條款繼續有效。

10. DETAILS OF SHARE AWARDS GRANTED TO EACH PARTICIPANT

The details of the outstanding Share Awards which were granted under the Share Award Scheme and their movements during the Reporting Year are set out below:

10. 向每名參與者授出股份獎勵的詳情

根據股份獎勵計劃授出的尚未行使的股份獎勵詳情及其於本報告年度內的變動情況載列如下：

Name and category of participants	Date of grant	Vesting period	Purchase price	As at 1 April 2025	Number of Share Awards 股份獎勵數目			As at 31 March 2026	Share price of the Company 本公司股份價格 (Note 2) (附註2)	
					Granted during the Reporting Year	Vested during the Reporting Year	Forfeited during the Reporting Year		Immediately before the date of grant of Share Awards	Immediately before the date of vesting of Share Awards
參與者姓名及類別	授出日期	歸屬期	購買價 (HK\$) (港元)	於二零二五年 四月一日	於本報告 年度內授出	於本報告 年度內歸屬	於本報告 年度內沒收	於二零二六年 三月三十一日	於緊接 股份獎勵 授出日期前 (HK\$) (港元)	於緊接 股份獎勵 歸屬日期前 (HK\$) (港元)
Directors, chief executive, substantial Shareholders and their respective associates 董事、最高行政人員、主要股東及其各自的聯繫人										
Ms. SUN Qing 孫青女士	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	6,080,000	-	-	-	6,080,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Mr. CHIU Kung Chik 趙公直先生	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	512,000	-	-	-	512,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Ms. LUI Mei Ka 雷美嘉女士	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	512,000	-	-	-	512,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Mr. CHAN Kin Sang (Note 3) 陳健生先生(附註3)	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	512,000	-	-	(512,000)	-	1.05	N/A 不適用
Mr. ZHANG Huachen (Note 4) 張華晨先生(附註4)	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	6,080,000	-	-	-	6,080,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Mr. YUAN Tianfu 袁天夫先生	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	6,080,000	-	-	-	6,080,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Mr. LIU Haoyuan 柳昊遠先生	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	6,080,000	-	-	-	6,080,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Other employee participants in aggregate 其他僱員參與者合計	26 July 2024 二零二四年七月二十六日	(Note 1) (附註1)	1.00	57,760,000	-	-	16,416,000	41,344,000	1.05	N/A 不適用
Total: 總計:				83,616,000	-	-	(16,928,000)	66,688,000		

Notes:

- (1) In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme and subject to the fulfillment of all vesting conditions to the vesting of the Shares Award to the grantees as specified in the rules of the Share Award Scheme and the respective Award Letters to the grantees in respect of the grant of Share Awards (as the case may be), the Share Awards shall respectively vest on the following dates: (i) 25% of the Share Awards shall vest on the second anniversary of the grant date; (ii) 25% of the Share Awards shall vest on the third anniversary of the grant date; (iii) 25% of the Share Awards shall vest on the fourth anniversary of the grant date; and (iv) 25% of the Share Awards shall vest on the fifth anniversary of the grant date.

附註：

- (1) 根據股份獎勵計劃之條款及條件，並在股份獎勵計劃規則及就授出股份獎勵而向承授人發出之相關獎勵函件(視情況而定)中規定的歸屬股份獎勵予承授人之所有歸屬條件均已達成的情況下，股份獎勵將分別於以下日期歸屬：(i)25%之股份獎勵將於授出日期起計第二個週年當日歸屬；(ii)25%之股份獎勵將於授出日期起計第三個週年當日歸屬；(iii)25%之股份獎勵將於授出日期起計第四個週年當日歸屬；及(iv)25%之股份獎勵將於授出日期起計第五個週年當日歸屬。

- (2) The share price of the Company immediately before the date of the grant of the Share Awards disclosed herein was the closing price quoted by the Stock Exchange on the trading day immediately prior to the date of the grant of the Share Awards. The share price of the Company immediately before the date of exercise of the Share Awards disclosed herein was the weighted average of the closing price(s) of the shares on the day(s) immediately before the date(s) on which the Share Awards within the disclosure category were vested.
- (3) Mr. CHAN Kin Sang resigned as an independent non-executive Director and chairman of the Company with effect from 28 October 2025.
- (4) Mr. ZHANG Huachen resigned as the co-chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 27 April 2026.

Details of the fair value of the aforementioned Share Awards at the date of grant and the accounting standard and policy adopted are set out in notes 3, 33 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

The number of Share Awards available for grant under the scheme mandate limit of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Scheme Mandate Limit**”) and the service provider sublimit of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Service Provider Sublimit**”) at the beginning of the Reporting Year was 371,521,542 and 63,262,458 respectively. The number of Share Awards available for grant under the Scheme Mandate Limit and the Service Provider Sublimit at the end of the Reporting Year was 388,449,542 and 63,262,458 respectively. The number of shares of the Company that may be issued in respect of Share Awards granted under the Share Award Scheme during the Reporting Year divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the Reporting Year was 0.65%. During the Reporting Year, the Company has not granted any Share Awards under the Share Award Scheme.

- (2) 此處所披露的於緊接股份獎勵授出日期前的本公司股份價格，為於緊接股份獎勵授出日期前的交易日於聯交所所報的收市價。此處所披露的於緊接股份獎勵行使日期前的本公司股份價格，為股份於緊接所披露類別的股份獎勵獲歸屬日期前一日的加權平均收市價。
- (3) 陳健生先生已辭任本公司獨立非執行董事及主席，自二零二五年十月二十八日起生效。
- (4) 張華晨先生已辭任本公司聯席首席執行官，自二零二六年四月二十七日生效。

有關上述股份獎勵於授出日期的公平價值以及所採納的會計準則及政策，請參閱綜合財務報表附註3、33及34。

本報告年度開始時根據股份獎勵計劃之計劃授權限額（「**計劃授權限額**」）及股份獎勵計劃之服務提供商分項限額（「**服務提供商分項限額**」）可授予的股份獎勵數量分別為371,521,542份及63,262,458份。於本報告年度末根據計劃授權限額及服務提供商分項限額可授予的股份獎勵數量分別為388,449,542份及63,262,458份。於本報告年度內根據股份獎勵計劃授出的股份獎勵而可發行的本公司股份數量除以本報告年度內已發行普通股的加權平均數為0.65%。於本報告年度內，本公司概無根據股份獎勵計劃授出任何股份獎勵。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report relating to the Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme, no equity-linked agreement was entered into during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 March 2026 and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Director

Ms. SUN Qing (*Chairlady*)

(Appointed as Chairlady on 28 October 2025)

Non-executive Directors

Dr. NIE Riming

Mr. LI Chunguang

Mr. HUA Yang

(Retired on 19 September 2025)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHAN Kin Sang (*Chairman*)

(Resigned on 28 October 2025)

Mr. CHIU Kung Chik

Ms. LUI Mei Ka

Dr. LIANG Jinxiang

(Appointed on 14 August 2025)

Pursuant to Article 100 of the articles of association of the Company (the "**Articles of Association**"), any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or, subject to authorization by the Shareholders in general meeting, as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

股權掛鈎協議

除本年報所披露有關購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃者外，於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，概無訂立股權掛鈎協議。

董事

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度及直至本年報日期為止之董事如下：

執行董事

孫青女士(主席)

(於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任為主席)

非執行董事

聶日明博士

李春光先生

華陽先生

(於二零二五年九月十九日退任)

獨立非執行董事

陳健生先生(主席)

(於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任)

趙公直先生

雷美嘉女士

梁金祥博士

(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

根據本公司章程細則(「章程細則」)第100條，獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺或作為董事會新增成員(須經股東於股東大會上授權)之任何董事將僅可任職至其獲委任後本公司首次股東週年大會為止，惟屆時將符合資格於該大會上膺選連任。

During the year ended 31 March 2026 and up to the date of this annual report, there are no Directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy who and shall hold office until the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the “AGM”) and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM pursuant to Article 100 of the Articles of Association.

Pursuant to Article 117 of the Articles of Association, at each AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Accordingly, Mr. CHIU Kung Chik and Ms. LUI Mei Ka shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the existing Directors are set out on pages 63 to 67 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Company has entered into employment contracts or letters of appointment with each of the Directors for a specific term, subject to the renewal provisions contained therein and retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings. None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has employment contract or letter of appointment with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度及截至本年報日期，概無董事獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺並將任職至本公司應屆股東週年大會（「股東週年大會」）為止，並根據章程細則第100條屆時符合資格膺選連任。

根據章程細則第117條，在每次的股東週年大會上，三分之一的在任董事（或如其人數不是三或三(3)的倍數，則最接近但不少於三分之一的人數）須輪值退任，惟每名董事（包括獲指定任期的董事）須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

因此，趙公直先生及雷美嘉女士將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任並符合資格及願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事履歷

現任董事之詳細履歷載於本年報第63至67頁。

董事之服務合約

本公司已與各董事訂立具有特定年期之僱傭合約或委任書，惟須受當中所載之重續條文所規限並須於股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立任何本集團不可於一年內不付賠償（法定賠償除外）而終止之僱傭合約或委任書。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favor, or in which he is acquitted.

The Company has maintained Directors' liability insurance during the year ended 31 March 2026 and up to the date of this annual report which provides appropriate cover for the Directors.

獲准許之彌償條文

根據章程細則，本公司各董事有權從本公司的資產中獲得彌償，以彌償其作為董事在獲判勝訴或獲判無罪之任何民事或刑事法律訴訟中進行抗辯而招致或蒙受之一切損失或責任。

本公司已於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度及直至本年報日期投購董事責任保險，以為董事提供適當保障。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

董事及行政總裁於本公司股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

Long position in ordinary shares of the Company

於本公司之普通股之好倉

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature 身份／性質	Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage 概約百分比
SUN Qing 孫青	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,042,000	0.01%
YUAN Tianfu 袁天夫	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,500,000	0.01%

As at 31 March 2026, save as disclosed above and in the sections headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" and "SHARE AWARD SCHEME" as set out in the Directors' Report on pages 71 to 77 and pages 78 to 85 of this annual report respectively, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company or their respective associates had any other interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required pursuant to section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY" above and the sections headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" and "SHARE AWARD SCHEME" as set out in the Directors' Report on pages 71 to 77 and pages 78 to 85 of this annual report respectively, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2026 was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors and chief executive of the Company, their respective spouse or minor children (natural or adopted) to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

於二零二六年三月三十一日，除上文及於本年報第71頁至第77頁及第78頁至第85頁的董事會報告書之「購股權計劃」及「股份獎勵計劃」章節所披露者外，本公司董事或行政總裁或彼等各自之聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部）之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所之任何其他權益或淡倉（包括按證券及期貨條例之該等條文被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉），或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉，或須根據上市規則附錄C3所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「標準守則」）而知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉。

董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除上文「董事及行政總裁於本公司股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉」一節及於本年報第71頁至第77頁及第78頁至第85頁的董事會報告書之「購股權計劃」及「股份獎勵計劃」章節所披露者外，本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度任何時間概無訂立任何安排，致使本公司董事及行政總裁、彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女（親生或領養）可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益。

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS" in the Directors' Report on page 93 and under "related party transactions" as set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with the Directors or the controlling shareholders of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 March 2026.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

The following Director is considered to have interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Company ("Competing Business") during the Reporting Year:

董事及控股股東於重大交易、安排或合約之重大權益

除本年報第93頁的董事會報告書之「關連交易」一節及綜合財務報表附註37中「關聯方交易」一段所披露者外，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參與訂立任何於年終或截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度任何時間有效，而董事或與董事或本公司控股股東有關連之實體直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排或合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本報告年度內，下列董事被視為於直接或間接與本公司業務競爭或可能競爭之業務（「競爭業務」）中擁有權益：

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of Company 公司名稱	Description of Competing Business 競爭業務說明	Nature of interest 權益性質
SUN Qing 孫青	HK.AI Capital Limited 華科智能投資有限公司	Investment 投資	Director 董事

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS 主要股東權益

As at 31 March 2026, as far as is known to the Directors and as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, the substantial Shareholders (other than a Director or a chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company were as follows:

於二零二六年三月三十一日，據董事所知及根據本公司按證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄，主要股東（本公司董事或行政總裁除外）於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有之權益或淡倉如下：

Long position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of Shareholders	Capacity	Interest in Shares	Interest in underlying shares	Total interest in Shares and underlying shares	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
股東名稱／姓名	身份	於股份之權益	於相關股份之權益	於股份及相關股份之總權益	佔本公司已發行股本概約百分比
Dr. LIU Zhiwei (Note 1) 柳志偉博士(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,625,788,940	—	2,625,788,940	25.48%
HK.AI Capital Limited 華科智能投資有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,173,496,549	—	1,173,496,549	11.39%
TRENDACAPITAL PTE. LTD (Note 1) TRENDACAPITAL PTE. LTD(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	563,888,000	—	563,888,000	5.47%
GoFintech ESOP Limited (Note 2) GoFintech ESOP Limited (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	518,400,000	—	518,400,000	5.03%
Stratus One Global Limited ("Stratus One") (Note 2) 港科國際有限公司 (「港科國際」) (附註2)	Trustee 受託人	518,400,000	—	518,400,000	5.03%

Notes:

1. Caitex Technology Holdings Limited is wholly-owned by Chunda International Capital Management Co., Ltd., which is in turn wholly-owned by Dr. Liu Zhiwei. By virtue of Part XV of the SFO, Dr. Liu Zhiwei is deemed to be interested in 340,053,151 Shares owned by Caitex Technology Holdings Limited through Chunda International Capital Management Co., Ltd. Furthermore, Chun Yuan International Company Limited, AI International Capital Management Ltd. and TREND CAPITAL PTE. LTD are wholly-owned by Dr. Liu Zhiwei. Chun Yuan International Company Limited is interested in 4,328,000 Shares, AI International Capital Management Ltd. is interested in 5,400,000 Shares and TREND CAPITAL PTE. LTD is interested in 563,888,000 Shares, respectively. Dr. Liu Zhiwei, in the capacity as beneficial owner, is interested in an aggregate of 2,625,788,940 Shares.
2. As at 31 March 2026, Stratus One is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by GoFintech ESOP Limited. GoFintech ESOP Limited is a special purpose vehicle wholly-owned by Stratus One, the trustee appointed by the Company for the administration of the Share Award Scheme adopted by the Company on 3 June 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2026, the Directors were not aware of any substantial Shareholder (who was not the Director or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company which was required to be entered in the aforesaid register pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

1. Caitex Technology Holdings Limited 由淳大國際資本管理有限公司全資擁有，而淳大國際資本管理有限公司由柳志偉博士全資擁有。根據證券及期貨條例第 XV 部，柳志偉博士被視為於 Caitex Technology Holdings Limited 透過淳大國際資本管理有限公司擁有之 340,053,151 股股份中擁有權益。此外，Chun Yuan International Company Limited，AI International Capital Management Ltd. 及 TREND CAPITAL PTE. LTD 由柳志偉博士全資擁有。Chun Yuan International Company Limited, AI International Capital Management Ltd. 及 TREND CAPITAL PTE. LTD 分別擁有 4,328,000 股、5,400,000 股及 563,888,000 股股份的權益。柳志偉博士以實益擁有人的身份於合計 2,625,788,940 股股份中擁有權益。
2. 於二零二六年三月三十一日，港科國際被視為於 GoFintech ESOP Limited 持有的股份中擁有權益。GoFintech ESOP Limited 為港科國際全資擁有的特殊目的公司，而港科國際為本公司為管理其於二零二四年六月三日採納之股份獎勵計劃而委任的受託人。

除上述所披露者外，於二零二六年三月三十一日，董事並不知悉任何主要股東（不包括本公司董事或行政總裁）於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 336 條須存置之上述登記冊所記錄之權益或淡倉。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS" as set out in the Directors' Report on page 93 of this annual report, the related party transactions set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements are fully exempted from announcement, reporting, annual review and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of such transactions.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Reporting Year, the Company entered into one connected transaction, which has complied with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For details, please refer to the section headed "MATERIAL EVENTS — Connected Transaction: Loan Capitalisation Involving Issue of New Shares under Specific Mandate" on pages 42 to 43 of this annual report, full particulars of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and/or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2026.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Shares listed on the Stock Exchange and held by the public represent at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares) during the Reporting Year and up to the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, and thus the Company has complied with Rule 13.32B of the Listing Rules.

關聯方交易

根據上市規則第14A章，除董事會報告書第93頁「關連交易」部分所披露者外，綜合財務報表附註37所載之關聯方交易均完全獲豁免遵守公告、申報、年度審核及獨立股東批准之規定。

本公司確認已就該等交易遵守上市規則第14A章之相關規定。

關連交易

於本報告年度，本公司進行了一項關連交易，該交易已遵守上市規則第14A章之規定。有關詳情請參閱本年報第42頁至第43頁「重大事項 — 關連交易：貸款資本化（涉及根據特別授權發行新股份）」一節，該交易之全部詳情已按照上市規則第14A章規定予以披露。

管理合約

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，概無訂立或存有任何有關本公司整體或任何重要業務部分之管理及／或行政合約。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司循公開途徑獲得之資料及就董事所知，於本報告年度及截至本年報刊發前之最後實際可行日期，於聯交所上市並由公眾人士持有之股份佔本公司已發行股份總數（不包括庫存股份）至少25%，因此本公司已遵守上市規則第13.32B條之規定。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the percentage of the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for 87% and 90% of the Group's total revenue, respectively.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the percentage of the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 95% and 98% of the Group's cost of revenue, respectively.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers during the year ended 31 March 2026.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Details of the retirement benefit scheme of the Group and the employer's retirement benefit costs charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2026 are set out in notes 3, 11 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities (including sale of treasury shares) throughout the year ended 31 March 2026.

As at 31 March 2026 and as at the date of this annual report, the Company held no treasury shares (as defined under the Listing Rules).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，來自本集團最大客戶及五大客戶之收入總和分別佔本集團總收入87%及90%。

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，向本集團最大供應商及五大供應商採購之總和分別佔本集團收入成本約95%及98%。

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人（定義見上市規則）或任何股東（據董事所深知，擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本）於本集團五大客戶及供應商擁有任何實益權益。

退休福利計劃

有關本集團之退休福利計劃及計入截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度綜合損益及其他全面收益表之僱主退休福利成本之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註3、11及13。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度內，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售任何本公司上市證券（包括出售庫存股份）。

於二零二六年三月三十一日及本年報日期，本公司並無持有任何庫存股份（定義見上市規則）。

優先認購權

章程細則或開曼群島法例並無有關優先認購權之條文規定本公司須按持股比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Details of the Company's compliance with the corporate governance codes are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 98 to 124 of this annual report.

TAXATION OF HOLDERS OF SHARES

HONG KONG

The purchase, sale and transfer of Shares registered in the Company's Hong Kong branch register of members will be subject to Hong Kong stamp duty. The current rate charged on each of the purchaser and seller (or transferee and transferor) is 0.13% of the consideration or, if greater, the fair value of the Shares being bought/sold or transferred (rounded up to the nearest HK\$'000). In addition, a fixed duty of HK\$5.00 is currently payable on an instrument of transfer of Shares.

Profits from dealings in the Share arising in or derived from Hong Kong may also be subject to Hong Kong profits tax.

CAYMAN ISLANDS

Under the present Cayman Islands laws, transfers and other dispositions of Shares are exempt from Cayman Islands stamp duty.

CONSULTATION WITH PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Intending holders and investors of the Shares are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in any doubt as to the taxation implications (including tax relief) of subscribing for, purchasing, holding, disposing of or dealing in Shares. It is emphasized that none of the Company or its Directors or officers will accept any responsibility for any tax effect on, or liabilities of, holders of Shares resulting from their subscription for, purchase, holding, disposal of or dealing in such Shares.

企業管治報告

本公司遵守企業管治守則情況之詳情載於本年報第98至124頁之企業管治報告內。

股份持有人的稅項

香港

買賣及轉讓於本公司之香港股東名冊分冊登記之股份須繳納香港印花稅。買方及賣方(或承讓人及轉讓人)各自繳納之現行稅率為代價或被購買/出售或轉讓股份之公平值(不足之數當作千港元計算)(以較大者為準)之0.13%。此外,每份股份轉讓文件現時須繳納固定稅額5.00港元。

產生自或源自於香港之買賣股份溢利可能亦須繳納香港利得稅。

開曼群島

根據開曼群島現行法例,轉讓及以其他方式處置股份無須繳納開曼群島印花稅。

諮詢專業顧問

倘有意持有股份之人士及投資者對認購、購買、持有、出售或買賣股份之稅務影響(包括稅務減免)有任何疑問,本公司建議諮詢彼等之專業顧問。謹此強調,本公司或其董事或高級行政人員概不對股份持有人因認購、購買、持有、出售或買賣該等股份所產生之任何稅務影響或責任承擔任何責任。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of Directors and chief executive subsequent to the date of the 2025 interim report of the Company are set out below:

Mr. YUAN Tianfu has been appointed as a director of Raytech Holding Limited, a company listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the ticker symbol "RAY" in the United States with effect from 2 January 2026. Mr. YUAN, the Co-CEO of the Company, was re-designated as the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 27 April 2026.

Dr. NIE Riming resigned as a director of Purekind Fund Management Co., Ltd. with effect from 9 January 2026.

Mr. ZHANG Huachen resigned as the Co-CEO of the Company with effect from 27 April 2026.

Ms. LUI Mei Ka has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Ab&B Bio-Tech CO., LTD. JS (stock code: 2627), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, with effect from 27 May 2026.

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. CHIU Kung Chik (chairman of the Audit Committee), Ms. LUI Mei Ka and Dr. LIANG Jinxiang.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed the internal controls and financial reporting matters including the review of the audited consolidated financial statements and annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026.

上市規則第13.51B(1)條項下之董事及行政總裁資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條，本公司於二零二五年中期報告日期後之董事及行政總裁資料變動載列如下：

袁天夫先生獲委任為Raytech Holding Limited（一家於美國納斯達克資本市場上市之公司，股票代碼「RAY」）之董事，自二零二六年一月二日起生效。本公司聯席首席執行官袁先生已調任為本公司首席執行官，自二零二六年四月二十七日起生效。

聶日明博士辭任淳厚基金管理有限公司董事，自二零二六年一月九日起生效。

張華晨先生已辭任本公司聯席首席執行官職務，自二零二六年四月二十七日起生效。

雷美嘉女士擔任聯交所主板上市公司江蘇中慧元通生物科技股份有限公司（股份代號：2627）之獨立非執行董事，自二零二六年五月二十七日起生效。

審閱財務資料

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成，分別為趙公直先生（審核委員會主席）、雷美嘉女士及梁金祥博士。

審核委員會已與管理層審閱本集團所採納之會計原則及慣例，並商討內部監控及財務申報事宜，包括審閱本集團截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表及全年業績。

AUDITOR

On 30 October 2023, as recommended by the Audit Committee, the Board has resolved to appoint ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited (“ZHONGHUI ANDA”) as the Company’s new auditor to fill the casual vacancy arising from the resignation of BDO Limited and to hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the years ended 31 March 2024, 2025 and 2026 were audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA, which will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed to the Shareholders to re-appoint ZHONGHUI ANDA as auditor of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there has been no change in auditor of the Company in any of the preceding three years.

On behalf of the Board

SUN Qing

Chairlady and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 June 2026

核數師

於二零二三年十月三十日，經審核委員會推薦，董事會決議委任中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司（「中匯安達」）為本公司新任核數師以填補香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司辭任後的臨時空缺並任職至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止。

本集團截至二零二四年、二零二五年及二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表已經中匯安達審核。中匯安達將於本公司應屆股東週年大會退任，惟其符合資格並願意接受續聘。本公司將向股東提呈續聘中匯安達為核數師之決議案。

除上述所披露者外，本公司於過去三年間概無更換核數師。

代表董事會

孫青

主席兼執行董事

香港，二零二六年六月三十日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Company's commitment to the highest standards of corporate governance is driven by the Board which, led by the Chairlady, assumes overall responsibility for the governance of the Company, taking into account the interests of the Shareholders, the development of its businesses and the changing external environment.

The Company believes that good corporate governance is fundamental to ensuring that the Company is well managed in the interests of all of its Shareholders.

The Company has adopted the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

本公司致力實行最高水平的企業管治。董事會在主席領導下，承擔本公司管治之整體責任，並充分顧及股東利益、業務發展及不斷轉變的外部環境。

本公司相信良好的企業管治為本公司完善管理奠定基礎，以符合所有股東的利益。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1所載之企業管治守則（「企業管治守則」）之守則條文。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE COMPLIANCE

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Company has complied with all code provisions set out in Part 2 of the CG Code.

遵守企業管治守則

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度內，本公司一直遵守企業管治守則第二部分所載列之所有守則條文。

MODE CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transaction. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2026.

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載的標準守則作為其董事進行證券交易之行為守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後，所有董事均已確認彼等於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定準則。

The Company has also established its management policy in respect of dealings in the Company's securities no less exacting than the Model Code for relevant employees, who include any employee or a director or employee of a subsidiary or holding company who, because of such office or employment, is likely to possess inside information in relation to the Company or its securities. No incident of non-compliance of such policy by the employees was noted by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2026.

本公司亦已訂立其有關買賣本公司證券的管理制度，其嚴苛程度不遜於標準守則，適用於有關僱員，即因其職位或僱傭關係而乃有可能擁有有關本公司或其證券之內幕消息的任何僱員或附屬公司或控股公司的董事或僱員。於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本公司未發現僱員違反該制度的事件。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is collectively responsible for formulating the Group's overall strategy, reviewing and monitoring the Group's business operations and performance, preparing and approving financial statements, considering and approving material contracts and transactions as well as other significant policies and financial matters. The Board takes the responsibility to oversee internal controls and risk management systems and to review the effectiveness of such systems, monitoring the performance of the senior management and determining the policy for corporate governance. The Board also gives clear directions as to the powers delegated to the senior management for the day-to-day operation, business strategies and administrative functions of the Group.

BOARD COMPOSITION

As at 31 March 2026 and up to the date of this annual report, the composition of the Board was as follows:

Executive Director 執行董事

Ms. SUN Qing (*Chairlady*)
(Appointed as Chairlady on 28 October 2025)
孫青女士(主席)
(於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任為主席)

Non-executive Directors 非執行董事

Dr. NIE Riming
聶日明博士

Mr. LI Chunguang
李春光先生

Independent non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事

Mr. CHIU Kung Chik
趙公直先生

Ms. LUI Mei Ka
雷美嘉女士

Dr. LIANG Jinxiang
(Appointed on 14 August 2025)
梁金祥博士
(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)

The Chairlady and the independent non-executive Directors hold meetings at least once every year without the presence of other Directors and the management, and such meeting was held on 28 November 2025.

董事會

董事會共同負責制訂本集團之整體策略、檢討及監督本集團之業務營運及表現、編製及批准財務報表、考慮及批准重大合約及交易，以及其他重要政策及財務事宜。董事會負責監察內部監控及風險管理系統，並檢討該等系統之有效性，以及監督高級管理層表現及制訂企業管治政策。董事會亦就轉授予高級管理層有關本集團日常營運、業務策略及行政職能之權力給予明確指示。

董事會之組成

於二零二六年三月三十一日及直至本年報日期，董事會之組成如下：

主席及獨立非執行董事在其他董事及管理層不在場的情況下每年最少舉行一次會議，而該會議已於二零二五年十一月二十八日舉行。

NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS, COMMITTEES MEETINGS, GENERAL MEETING AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE RATE

董事會會議、委員會會議、股東大會之數目及董事出席率

Number of Board meetings, committees meetings and general meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2026 and the attendance rate of the individual Directors are set out below:

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度內舉行之董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會之數目以及個別董事之出席率載列如下：

Directors		Board Meetings ("BM") 董事會會議 (「董事會會議」)	Audit Committee Meetings ("ACM") 審核委員會會議 (「審核委員會會議」)	Remuneration Committee Meetings ("RCM") 薪酬委員會會議 (「薪酬委員會會議」)	Nomination Committee Meetings ("NCM") 提名委員會會議 (「提名委員會會議」)	General Meetings ("GM") 股東大會 (「股東大會」)
Executive Director	執行董事					
SUN Qing (<i>Chiailady</i>)	孫青(主席)	22/22	N/A 不適用	3/3	3/3	4/4
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
NIE Riming	聶日明	22/22	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	4/4
LI Chunguang	李春光	22/22	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	4/4
HUA Yang ¹	華陽 ¹	10/10	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
CHAN Kin Sang ²	陳健生 ²	11/11	1/1	2/2	2/2	2/2
CHIU Kung Chik	趙公直	22/22	2/2	3/3	3/3	4/4
LUI Mei Ka	雷美嘉	22/22	2/2	3/3	3/3	4/4
LIANG Jinxiang ³	梁金祥 ³	16/16	1/1	2/2	2/2	3/3

1. Mr. HUA Yang retired as a non-executive Director with effect from 19 September 2025.

1. 華陽先生於二零二五年九月十九日起退任非執行董事。

2. Mr. CHAN Kin Sang resigned as the Chairman and as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 28 October 2025.

2. 陳健生先生自二零二五年十月二十八日起辭任主席及獨立非執行董事。

3. Dr. LIANG Jinxiang has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 14 August 2025.

3. 梁金祥博士於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

The biographical details of all existing Directors are set out in the section headed "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT" of this annual report. Save as disclosed in that section, none of the Directors has any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) with other Board members.

OPERATION OF THE BOARD

The Board is provided with relevant information concerning matters to be brought for its decision. Regular board meetings are held at approximately quarterly intervals and at least 14 days' notice will be given to the Directors before each board meeting is held. Board papers are dispatched to the Directors at least 3 days prior to the meetings.

Directors have to declare their interests before the meetings in accordance with the Articles of Association. Directors who are considered to have a conflict of interest or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed will not be counted towards the quorum of the meeting and are required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions.

The Company maintains the minutes of the board meetings for inspection by Directors.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the Executive Committee of the Group (the "**Executive Committee**"). Decisions on important matters are reserved to the Board, while decisions on the Group's general operations are delegated to the Executive Committee. Important matters include, but are not limited to, major acquisitions and disposals, connected transactions, annual budgets, approval of annual and interim results, other significant operational and financial matters and those affecting the Group's strategic policies.

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條規定發出之年度獨立性確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

所有現任董事之詳細履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層之詳細履歷」一節。除該節所披露者外，概無董事與其他董事會成員有任何關係，包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大／相關關係。

董事會之運作

董事會獲提供將提呈董事會決議之事宜之相關資料。定期董事會會議大約每季度舉行一次，而董事於各董事會會議召開前至少十四日獲發會議通知。董事會會議文件則於會議舉行前最少三日發送予董事。

董事須按照章程細則於會議前申報利益。被認為於建議交易或將予討論之事宜中存在利益衝突或擁有重大權益之董事，將不被計入會議法定人數，並須就相關決議案放棄投票。

本公司備存董事會會議之會議紀錄以供董事查閱。

董事會與本集團執行委員會（「**執行委員會**」）之間之職責有清晰劃分。重要事宜留待董事會決策，而本集團一般營運則由執行委員會決定。重要事項包括但不限於重大收購及出售、關連交易、年度預算、審批年度及中期業績、其他重大之營運及財務事宜以及影響本集團之策略性政策之事宜。

RESPONSIBILITIES, ACCOUNTABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to the management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

According to the code provision under the CG Code requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as their identity and the time involved to the Company, the Directors update the Company regarding offices held in public companies and organisations, and other significant commitments on a regular basis.

The Board reserves for its decisions on all major matters relating to the approval and monitoring of policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve a conflict of interest), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operations and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

董事會及管理層之職責、問責情況及貢獻

董事會應負有領導及監控本公司之職責，並為促進本公司之成功集體負責指導及監督本公司事務。

董事會直接及通過其委員會間接領導管理層，並通過制定策略及監督策略實施向管理層提供指導，監督本集團之營運及財務表現，並確保建立健全內部監控及風險管理系統。

所有董事（包括獨立非執行董事）為董事會高效及有效運作提供了廣泛而寶貴之業務經驗、知識及專長。獨立非執行董事負責確保本公司監管報告之高標準，並於董事會中提供平衡，以就企業行動及營運提供有效的獨立判斷。獨立非執行董事獲邀加入審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

所有董事均可全面且及時查閱本公司之所有資料，並可於適當情況下要求尋求獨立專業意見以履行彼等對本公司之職責，費用由本公司承擔。

根據企業管治守則項下規定董事須向本公司披露彼等於公眾公司或組織擔任之職位數目及性質與其他重大承擔，以及彼等之身份及所涉及之時間之守則條文，董事定期就彼等於公眾公司或組織擔任之職位及其他重大承擔向本公司提供最新資料。

董事會對本公司所有重要事項保留決策權，其涉及批准及監察政策事項、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理系統、重大交易（特別是可能涉及利益衝突之交易）、財務資料、董事委任及本公司之其他重要財務及營運事項。有關執行董事會之決策、指導及協調本公司日常營運及管理之職責則授權管理層處理。

DIRECTOR INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT**董事入職培訓及持續專業發展**

Newly appointed Directors are provided with briefings and orientation on their legal and other responsibilities as a Director and the role of the Board.

新委任的董事獲提供彼等作為一名董事的法律和其他責任及董事會角色的簡報及介紹。

Information package comprising the latest development in laws, rules and regulations relating to the duties and responsibilities of Directors will be forwarded to each Director from time to time for their information and reference. "A Guide on Directors' Duties" published by the Companies Registry of Hong Kong, and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors" published by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors have also been forwarded to each newly appointed Director for their information and reference.

資料組合(包括有關董事職責之法律、規則及規例之最新發展)將不時提供予各董事,供其查照及參考。由香港公司註冊處刊發之「董事責任指引」,及香港董事學會刊發之「董事指引」及「獨立非執行董事指南」亦已提供予各新任董事,供其查照及參考。

In addition, the Company has also from time to time provided information and briefings to Directors on the latest development of the laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities. The Company has, on an individual basis, advised Directors on queries or issues arising from the performance of their duties.

此外,本公司亦不時向董事提供有關董事職責之最新法律、規則及規例之資料及簡報。本公司已按個別基準就董事於履行職責過程中所產生之疑問或問題向董事提供意見。

Dr. Liang Jinxiang (appointed on 14 August 2025) had confirmed that, on 13 August 2025, he obtained legal advice from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law as regards the requirements under the Listing Rules that are applicable to him as a director of a listed issuer and the possible consequences of making a false declaration or giving false information to the Stock Exchange and he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer pursuant to Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules.

梁金祥博士(於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任)已確認,於二零二五年八月十三日,彼已向有資格就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見,明白上市規則中所有適用於其作為上市發行人董事的規定,以及向聯交所作出虛假聲明或提供虛假資訊所可能引致的後果,以及彼明白其根據上市規則第3.09D條作為上市發行人董事的責任。

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Company provided training on updates to legal and regulatory regime to the Directors on 28 November 2025, covering the topics of (i) directors' general duties; (ii) information disclosure; (iii) notifiable transactions; (iv) connected transactions; (v) directors' dealings in securities; and (vi) disclosure of interests. Besides, individual Directors who had participated in other continuous professional training organised by professional bodies and/or government authorities also provided the Company with their records of continuous professional development. Such training records were kept by the Company.

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於二零二五年十一月二十八日為其董事提供一次法規及規管制度更新的培訓,主題有關(i)董事一般責任;(ii)信息披露;(iii)須予公佈的交易;(iv)關連交易;(v)董事買賣證券;及(vi)披露權益。此外,個別董事曾參與由專業機構及/或政府機關舉辦之其他持續專業培訓,並亦已向本公司提供其參加持續專業發展之記錄。該等培訓記錄已由本公司備存。

The Directors' knowledge and skills are continuously developed and refreshed by the following means:

- (1) participation in in-house seminars and/or briefings provided by the Company relating to the updates on legal and regulatory, corporate governance requirements and industry-related issues;
- (2) participation in the continuous professional training seminars/conferences/courses/workshops organised by other professional bodies and/or government authorities on topics relating to directors' duties and/or their respective professionalism; and
- (3) accessing and/or reading, via the Internet, the materials relating to the latest developments in laws, rules and regulations in relation to the directors' duties and responsibilities, corporate governance and ESG matters, business and industry developments, and finance industry, as well as watching videos prepared by the Stock Exchange in relation to the aforesaid topics.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, all the Directors participated in continuous professional development and the relevant details are set out below:

董事透過以下方式持續發展及更新彼等之知識及技能：

- (1) 參與由本公司提供有關法律及規例、企業管治要求及業界相關事宜之最新進展之內部研討會及／或簡介會；
- (2) 參與由其他專業機構及／或政府機關舉辦之持續專業培訓研討會／會議／課程／研習班，主題有關董事職責及／或彼等各自之專長；及
- (3) 透過網絡獲取及／或閱讀有關董事職責、企業管治及環境、社會及管治事宜、業務和行業發展及金融業之法律、規則及規例最新發展之材料，以及觀看聯交所就上述主題準備的視頻。

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，所有董事已參與持續專業發展，相關詳情載列如下：

Members of the Board 董事會成員		Training(s) received 已接受之培訓
Executive Director	執行董事	
SUN Qing	孫 青	(1)&(3)
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
NIE Riming	聶日明	(1)&(2)&(3)
LI Chunguang	李春光	(1)&(3)
HUA Yang	華 陽	(3)
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
CHAN Kin Sang	陳健生	(2)&(3)
CHIU Kung Chik	趙公直	(1)&(3)
LUI Mei Ka	雷美嘉	(1)&(3)
LIANG Jinxiang	梁金祥	(1)&(3)

LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR THE DIRECTORS

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover in respect of possible legal actions against its Directors and officers.

董事之責任保險

本公司已就可能針對其董事及高級職員提出之法律訴訟安排合適之保險保障。

CHAIRMAN/CHAIRLADY AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code Provision C.2.1 of the CG Code states that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Prior to 28 October 2025, the position of the Chairman is held by Mr. CHAN Kin Sang. Mr. CHAN resigned as an independent non-executive Director and the Chairman due to his decision to retire, and Ms. SUN Qing was appointed as the Chairlady with effect from 28 October 2025. The role of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company was performed jointly by Mr. YUAN Tianfu and Mr. ZHANG Huachen during the Reporting Year, while it has been performed solely by Mr. YUAN Tianfu since 27 April 2026.

主席及首席執行官

企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條訂明，主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分，並不應由一人同時兼任。於二零二五年十月二十八日前，主席一職由陳健生先生擔任。陳先生因決定退任而辭任獨立非執行董事及主席，及孫青女士已獲委任為主席，自二零二五年十月二十八日起生效。於本報告年度內，本公司首席執行官的角色由袁天夫先生及張華晨先生共同承擔，而自二零二六年四月二十七日起由袁天夫先生獨自承擔。

The Chairman/Chairlady is responsible for taking the lead in formulating the overall strategies and policies of the Group. He/she ensures that the Board functions effectively and all material issues of the Company are discussed in a timely manner. The Chairman/Chairlady also leads the Board to establish good corporate governance policies and procedures for the Group as a whole.

主席負責領導制定本集團的整體策略及政策。彼確保董事會職能之有效性並及時討論本公司之所有重大問題。主席亦領導董事會建立本集團整體的良好企業管治政策和程序。

The Chief Executive Officers, supported by the other executive Director and the senior management of the Company, are responsible for the daily business operations and management of the Group. They monitor the implementation of the Group's strategy with respect to the achievement of its business objectives.

首席執行官在本公司其他執行董事及高級管理層的支持下，負責本集團的日常業務營運及管理。彼等監控本集團在實現業務目標過程中的策略實施。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into letters of appointment with the Company for an initial term of one year with effect from the date of appointment subject to the terms of renewal contained therein and retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

非執行董事

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任書，由獲委任當日起計初步為期一年，期滿後可按當中所載之條款重續及須根據本公司章程細則輪流退任並膺選連任。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee are disclosed on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established in October 2005. It currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. CHIU Kung Chik (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Dr. LIANG Jinxiang and Ms. LUI Mei Ka, and one executive Director, namely Ms. SUN Qing. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee were revised on 29 November 2023 and are aligned with the provisions set out in the CG Code. The main duties of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (c) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
- (e) to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;

董事委員會

薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核委員會之職權範圍已於本公司及聯交所網站上披露。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年十月成立。其目前成員包括三名獨立非執行董事，即趙公直先生（薪酬委員會主席）、梁金祥博士及雷美嘉女士，以及一名執行董事即孫青女士。薪酬委員會之職權範圍於二零二三年十一月二十九日作出修訂，以符合企業管治守則所載之條文。薪酬委員會之主要職責如下：

- (a) 就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構，及制訂薪酬政策設立正規而具透明度的程序，向董事會提出建議；
- (b) 因應董事會所訂立之企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層的薪酬建議；
- (c) 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇。此應包括實物福利、退休金權利及賠償金額（包括喪失或終止職務或委任的賠償）；
- (d) 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建議；
- (e) 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬、須付出的時間及職責以及本集團內其他職位的僱傭條件；

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| <p>(f) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;</p> | <p>(f) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償，以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致，或對本公司而言屬公允及不致過多；</p> |
| <p>(g) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;</p> | <p>(g) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而遭解僱或罷免而涉及的賠償安排，以確保該等賠償安排與合約條款一致，並在其他方面屬合理及恰當；</p> |
| <p>(h) to ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration; and</p> | <p>(h) 確保董事或其任何聯繫人概無參與釐定其個人之薪酬；及</p> |
| <p>(i) to review and approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.</p> | <p>(i) 審閱及批准上市規則第十七章所載有關股份計劃相關事宜。</p> |

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Remuneration Committee held 3 meetings to discuss and deal with the following major matters:

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，薪酬委員會舉行了三次會議，討論及處理以下主要事項：

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| <p>— to review the remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management;</p> | <p>— 檢討所有董事及高級管理層人員之薪酬待遇；</p> |
| <p>— to review the effectiveness of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee;</p> | <p>— 檢討薪酬委員會職權範圍的有效性；</p> |
| <p>— to consider the remuneration packages for the new Directors and senior management, and make recommendations to the Board thereon;</p> | <p>— 審議新任董事及高級管理層人員之薪酬方案，並向董事會作出建議；</p> |
| <p>— to consider the plan for adjustment of remunerations for Directors; and</p> | <p>— 審議董事薪酬調整方案；及</p> |
| <p>— to consider the Directors and senior managements' vesting arrangement under the 2021 Share Option Scheme, details of which are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 27 March 2024.</p> | <p>— 審議二零二一年購股權計劃的董事及高管購股權歸屬安排（詳情於本公司日期為二零二四年三月二十七日之公告披露）。</p> |

Remuneration of Directors and senior management is recommended by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board with reference to their qualifications, experience, duties and responsibilities within the Company and the prevailing market conditions.

董事及高級管理人員之薪酬由薪酬委員會經參考彼等各自之資歷、經驗、於本公司之職責及責任以及現行市況提出建議，並由董事會批准。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee was established in December 2007. It currently comprises one executive Director, namely Ms. SUN Qing (chairlady of the Nomination Committee), and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. LIANG Jinxiang, Mr. CHIU Kung Chik and Ms. LUI Mei Ka. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee were revised on 29 February 2012 and are aligned with the provisions set out in the CG Code.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually, assist the Board in maintaining a board skills matrix, and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and may select individuals nominated for directorship;
- (c) to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive; and
- (e) to support the Company's regular evaluation of the Board's performance.

The Nomination Committee identifies and nominates qualified individuals to the Board for consideration. All newly appointed Directors are subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the AGM or at the next following general meeting of the Company immediately following their appointments pursuant to the Articles of Association. In considering the new appointments or re-nomination of Directors, the Nomination Committee will base its decisions on attributes such as integrity, industry experience and professional and technical skills together with the ability to devote sufficient time and capacity to carry out their duties effectively and responsibly.

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零七年十二月成立。其目前成員包括一名執行董事即孫青女士(提名委員會主席),以及三名獨立非執行董事,即梁金祥博士、趙公直先生及雷美嘉女士。提名委員會之職權範圍於二零一二年二月二十九日作出修訂,以符合企業管治守則所載之條文。

提名委員會之主要職責如下:

- (a) 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗),協助董事會維持董事會才識組合並向董事會就配合本公司的公司策略而擬作出的變動提出建議;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士,並挑選被提名人士出任董事;
- (c) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- (d) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- (e) 支持本公司定期評估董事會表現。

提名委員會物色及提名合資格人士供董事會作考慮。所有新獲委任之董事均須根據章程細則於股東週年大會或於緊隨其獲委任後之本公司下次股東大會上經股東重選。於考慮新委任或重新提名董事時,提名委員會乃根據誠信、行業經驗、專業與技術技能等屬性,連同投入足夠時間及精力以有效及盡責地履行其職責的能力,作出決定。

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Nomination Committee held three meetings to discuss and deal with the following major matters:

- to review the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- to review and assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors;
- to discuss the list of Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company and make recommendations to the Board on their re-election as Directors;
- to review the effectiveness of the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee;
- to consider the changes of Directors, senior management and Board committee members and make recommendations to the Board thereon; and
- to review the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy of the Company for 2025–2026, and set the gender diversity objectives at the Board level and the Group-wide employee level.

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，提名委員會舉行了三次會議，討論及處理以下主要事項：

- 檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成；
- 檢討並評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性；
- 討論於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任之董事名單，並向董事會作出重選彼等為董事之建議；
- 檢討提名委員會職權範圍的有效性；
- 審議董事、高級管理人員及董事委員會成員變更，並向董事會作出建議；及
- 檢討本公司2025–2026年度董事會多元化政策的實施及有效性，在董事會及本集團全體員工層面設定性別多元化目標。

NOMINATION POLICY

A nomination policy was adopted by the Company in November 2018 (the “**Nomination Policy**”) which sets out the selection criteria and nomination procedures in identifying and recommending candidates as Directors for the Board’s consideration. In assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee will take into account (i) the Company’s actual needs, (ii) the candidate’s skills and professional experience that are complementary to the other members of the Board, and (iii) the diversity of the Board, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, etc.

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy from time to time and discuss any revisions required, and will recommend such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

提名政策

本公司於二零一八年十一月採納一項提名政策（「**提名政策**」），當中載列物色及推薦董事候選人予董事會考慮的甄選準則及提名程序。於評估建議候選人是否適合擔任董事時，提名委員會將計及(i)本公司的實際需求、(ii)候選人與其他董事會成員互補的技能及專業經驗，及(iii)董事會多元化，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景等。

提名委員會將不時審閱提名政策，並討論任何所需修訂，且將向董事會推薦該修訂，供其考慮及批准。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of diversity of its Board members. It had adopted a Board Diversity Policy (the “Policy”) in August 2013. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy and competence. The ultimate decision will be based on merits and contributions that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

In order to achieve a diversity of perspectives amongst the structure, size and composition of the Board, when making the recommendations to the Board for appointment or re-appointment of Directors, the Nomination Committee will take into account certain objective criteria such as gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills and knowledge, and length of service, etc. Besides, it will also take into account factors based on the Company’s business model and specific needs from time to time.

In addition, the Policy is reviewed annually to ensure its effectiveness. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

The Board is composed of members of different genders to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity. All appointments of Directors will be considered against measurable objectives for the benefits of diversity on the Board with a view to developing a pipeline of potential successors to the Board to maintain gender diversity. For the year ended 31 March 2026, the proportion of male and female members of the Board was approximately 66.7% and 33.3% respectively, achieving gender diversity on the Board. The Company’s current goal is to maintain the proportion of female members on the Board at the current level at least and will strive to increase the proportion of female directors to achieve an appropriate balance of gender diversity.

As at 31 March 2026, the proportion of male and female in the workforce of the Company was approximately 52.33% and 47.67% respectively. The Company will also ensure that there is gender diversity when recruiting staff at mid to senior level and provide such staff with more appropriate on-the-job training so that the Company will have a pipeline of female senior management and potential successors to the Board in the near future.

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司認同並深信董事會成員多元化對本公司裨益良多。本公司於二零一三年八月採納董事會成員多元化政策（「該政策」）。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則，並將按選定候選人之長處及可為董事會帶來之貢獻而作最終決定。

為使董事會在架構、人數及組成方面更多元化，提名委員會就委任或重新委任董事而向董事會提出建議時，將會考慮多個客觀因素，包括性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資等。此外，委員會亦會不時根據本公司的商業模式及特殊需要等作考慮。

此外，該政策每年進行檢討，以確保其行之有效。提名委員會將會討論任何或需作出之修訂，並向董事會提出修訂建議供其考慮及審批。

董事會由不同性別的成員組成，維持適當的多元化平衡。董事的所有委任將考慮有關董事會多元化裨益的可計量目標，旨在培養潛在的董事會繼任者以維持性別多元化。於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，董事會男性及女性成員的比例分別約為66.7%及33.3%，就董事會而言已達致性別多元化。本公司目前的目標是將董事會女性代表的佔比至少維持在現有水平，並將致力提升女性比例以實現性別多元化的適當平衡。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本公司僱員中男性及女性員工的比例分別約為52.33%及47.67%。本公司亦將確保於中高級員工招聘中促進性別多元化，並為他們提供更合適的在職培訓，從而於不久將來建立女性高級管理人員及董事會潛在繼任者的人才儲備。

BOARD INDEPENDENCE EVALUATION

The Company has established a Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism which sets out the processes and procedures to ensure a strong independent element on the Board, which allows the Board effectively exercises independent judgment to better safeguard Shareholders' interests.

The objectives of the evaluation are to improve Board effectiveness, maximise strengths, and identify the areas that need improvement or further development. The evaluation process also clarifies what actions the Company needs to take to maintain and improve the Board's performance, for instance, addressing individual training and development needs of each Director.

Pursuant to the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism, the Board will conduct annual review on its independence. The Board Independence Evaluation Report will be presented to the Board which will collectively discuss the results and the action plan for improvement, if appropriate.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism and the results were satisfactory.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established in April 2001 and currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. CHIU Kung Chik (chairman of the Audit Committee), Dr. LIANG Jinxiang and Ms. LUI Mei Ka. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee were revised on 30 December 2015 and are aligned with the provisions set out in the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Relationship with the Company's auditor

- (a) to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;

董事會獨立性評估

本公司已設立董事會獨立性評估機制，當中載列確保董事會具備強大獨立元素的流程及程序，使董事會能夠有效作出獨立判斷，更好地保障股東利益。

評估的目的是提高董事會的效率，最大限度地發揮優勢，並確定需要改進或進一步發展的領域。評估程序亦釐清本公司須採取何種行動以保持及提高董事會表現，例如，解決各董事的個人培訓及發展需要。

根據董事會獨立性評估機制，董事會將每年檢討其獨立性。董事會獨立性評估報告將提交董事會，由全體董事共同討論評估結果及改進行動計劃（如適用）。

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，董事會已檢討董事會獨立性評估機制的實施及成效，結果滿意。

審核委員會

審核委員會於二零零一年四月成立，目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成，即趙公直先生（審核委員會主席）、梁金祥博士及雷美嘉女士。審核委員會之職權範圍於二零一五年十二月三十日作出修訂，以符合企業管治守則所載之條文。審核委員會之主要職責如下：

與本公司核數師的關係

- (a) 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會提出建議，批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款及處理任何有關其辭職或被辭退的問題；

- (b) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Audit Committee should discuss with the auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- (c) to develop and implement policy on engaging of an external auditor to supply non-audit services. For this purpose, "external auditor" includes any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party knowing all relevant information would reasonably conclude to be part of the audit firm nationally or internationally. The Audit Committee should report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed;
- (b) 按適用的標準檢討及監察外聘核數師於審核過程中之獨立性、客觀性及有效性。審核委員會應於核數工作開始前先與核數師討論核數性質及範圍及有關申報責任；
- (c) 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制訂政策，並予以執行。就此而言，「外聘核數師」包括與負責核數的公司處於同一控制權、所有權或管理權之下的任何機構，或一個合理知悉所有有關資料的第三方，在合理情況下會斷定該機構屬於該負責核數的公司的本土或國際業務的一部分的任何機構。審核委員會應就任何須採取行動或改善的事項向董事會報告、識別及提出建議；

Review of the Company's financial information

審閱本公司的財務資料

- (d) to monitor the integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them. In reviewing these reports before submission to the Board, the Audit Committee should focus particularly on:
 - (i) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - (ii) major judgmental areas;
 - (iii) significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
 - (iv) the going concern assumptions and any qualifications;
 - (v) compliance with accounting standards; and
 - (vi) compliance with the Listing Rules and legal requirements in relation to financial reporting;
- (d) 監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、半年度報告及（若擬刊發）季度報告的完整性，並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報的重大判斷。審核委員會在向董事會提交有關報表及報告前，應特別針對下列事項加以審閱：
 - (i) 會計政策及實務的任何更改；
 - (ii) 涉及重要判斷性範圍；
 - (iii) 因核數而出現的重大調整；
 - (iv) 持續經營的假設及任何保留意見；
 - (v) 是否符合會計準則；及
 - (vi) 是否遵守有關財務申報的上市規則及法律規定；

(e) regarding (d) above:

- (i) members of the Audit Committee should liaise with the Board and senior management and the Audit Committee must meet, at least twice a year, with the Company's auditor; and
- (ii) the Audit Committee should consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in the reports and accounts, it should give due consideration to any matters that have been raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditor;

(e) 就上述(d)項而言：

- (i) 審核委員會成員應與董事會及高級管理人員聯絡，而審核委員會須至少每年與本公司的核數師舉行兩次會議；及
- (ii) 審核委員會應考慮於該等報告及賬目中所反映或需反映的任何重大或不尋常事項，並應適當考慮任何由本公司之會計及財務匯報職員、合規主任或核數師提出的事項；

Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems

監管本公司之財務申報制度、風險管理及內部監控系統

(f) to review the Company's financial controls, and unless expressly addressed by a separate Board's risk committee, or by the Board itself, to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems;

(g) to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;

(h) to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;

(i) where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;

(j) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;

(f) 檢討本公司的財務監控，以及（除非明確會由董事會轄下另設之風險委員會或由董事會本身處理）檢討本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統；

(g) 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統，確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。討論內容應包括本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是是否足夠；

(h) 主動或應董事會的委派，就有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層對調查結果的回應進行審議；

(i) 如果設有內部審核職能，須確保內部和外聘核數師工作得到協調；也須確保內部審核職能在本公司內部有足夠資源運作，並且有適當的地位，以及檢討及監察其成效；

(j) 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策及實務；

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| <p>(k) to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;</p> | <p>(k) 審閱外聘核數師致管理層的《審核情況說明函件》、核數師就會計紀錄、財務賬目或監控系統向管理層提出的任何重大疑問及管理層作出的回應；</p> |
| <p>(l) to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;</p> | <p>(l) 確保董事會及時回應外聘核數師在致管理層的《審核情況說明函件》中提出的事宜；</p> |
| <p>(m) to review arrangements employees of the Company can use, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The Audit Committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow-up action;</p> | <p>(m) 檢討本公司僱員可暗中就財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生的不正當行為提出關注的安排。審核委員會應確保有適當安排，讓本公司對此等事宜作出公平獨立的調查及採取適當跟進行動；</p> |
| <p>(n) to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor;</p> | <p>(n) 擔任本公司與外聘核數師之間的主要代表，負責監察兩者之間的關係；</p> |
| <p>(o) to report to the Board on the matters set out above; and</p> | <p>(o) 就上述事宜向董事會匯報；及</p> |
| <p>(p) to consider other matters, as defined or assigned by the Board from time to time.</p> | <p>(p) 考慮董事會不時指定或委派的其他事項。</p> |

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Audit Committee held two meetings to consider and approve, inter alia, the following matters:

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，審核委員會舉行了兩次會議，以考慮及批准（其中包括）以下事項：

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| <p>(a) to review the half-year and annual financial statements before submission to the Board, with a focus on compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other requirements in relation to financial reporting of the Audit Committee;</p> | <p>(a) 在提交董事會前審閱半年及年度財務報表，特別留意是否符合會計準則、上市規則及審核委員會有關財務報告之其他規定；</p> |
| <p>(b) to review and discuss the effectiveness of the internal controls system throughout the Group, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management;</p> | <p>(b) 檢討及討論本集團整體之內部監控系統之有效性，包括財務、營運及合規監控，以及風險管理；</p> |
| <p>(c) to review the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial reporting matters;</p> | <p>(c) 檢討本集團採納之會計原則及實務，以及其他財務申報事宜；</p> |
| <p>(d) to review the effectiveness of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee;</p> | <p>(d) 檢討審核委員會職權範圍的有效性；</p> |

- (e) to discuss with the auditor on the annual audit scope; and
- (f) to make recommendations to the Board in relations to the re-appointment and change of auditors of the Group, discuss independence of the auditors and approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the auditors.

The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems of Company for the year ended 31 March 2026 were effective and adequate.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee was established in April 2017 with written terms of reference that specifies its authorities and duties. The working rules of the Executive Committee were revised on 14 April 2023. It currently comprises executive Director, chief executive officer and the relevant department heads of the Company and is chaired by the executive Director. The Executive Committee is primarily responsible for supervising the day-to-day operations of the Group, implementing business strategies made by the Board and making investment decisions within its authorities, etc. The Executive Committee meets as and when necessary.

- (e) 與核數師討論年度審核範圍；及

- (f) 就本集團續聘及更換核數師事宜向董事會提出建議，討論核數師獨立性，並批准核數師之薪酬及聘用條款。

董事會認為，於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及充分。

執行委員會

執行委員會於二零一七年四月成立，並設有書面職權範圍明確其權限和職責。執行委員會之工作規則於二零二三年四月十四日作出修訂。其目前成員包括執行董事、首席執行官及本公司有關部門主管，並由執行董事擔任執行委員會主席。執行委員會主要負責監督本集團的日常運作，實施董事會制定的業務策略及在其職權範圍內作出投資決策等。執行委員會在有需要時舉行會議。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the following corporate governance duties:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors; and

企業管治職能

董事會負責執行以下企業管治職責：

- (i) 制訂及審閱本公司企業管治之政策及常規；
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展；
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法例及監管規定方面之政策及常規；
- (iv) 制訂、檢討及監察僱員及董事適用的操守準則及合規手冊；及

- (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Board has duly discharged the above-mentioned duties.

- (v) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況及於企業管治報告內之披露。

於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，董事會已妥為履行上述職責。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 March 2026, the auditor's remuneration paid or payable by the Group to ZHONGHUI ANDA in respect of the audit and non-audit services were as follows:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services	核數服務	1,730
Non-audit services	非核數服務	
— other professional services	— 其他專業服務	1,679

核數師酬金

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團就核數及其他非核數服務而已付或應付中匯安達之核數師酬金如下：

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The responsibilities of ZHONGHUI ANDA to the Shareholders of the Company are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 190 of this annual report.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

中匯安達對本公司股東之責任載於本年報第190頁之獨立核數師報告書。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2026 and for ensuring that such financial statements give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows and comply with the relevant laws and disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2026, the Directors selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently; made prudent and reasonable judgments and estimates; and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

董事對財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等對編製截至二零二六年三月三十一日止財政年度之財務報表負有責任，並確保該等財務報表真實且公平地反映本集團之事務以及本集團之業績及現金流量，且符合有關法律及上市規則之披露條文。在編製截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表時，董事選擇合適之會計政策，並貫徹地應用；作出審慎及合理之判斷和估計；以及按持續經營基準編製財務報表。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Li Peihua (“**Ms. Li**”) is the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Li is an employee of the Company. For the year ended 31 March 2026, Ms. Li has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS’ RIGHTS

The Board gives high priority to balanced, clear and transparent communications which allow Shareholders and investors to understand the Group’s prospects and the market environment in which it operates. The Company communicates with Shareholders and investors in different ways to ensure that their views and concerns are understood and addressed in a constructive way.

In March 2012, the Board has established a Shareholders communication policy and a Shareholders’ guide is in place to ensure that Shareholders are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Group. The policy is uploaded on the Company’s website and has been regularly reviewed during the year to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company’s website has become the primary platform of communication between the Company and the Shareholders. The investor relations section of the website is kept under regular review by the Company to ensure that information related to Shareholders is disseminated in an accurate and timely manner. During the year ended 31 March 2026, the Company convened one annual general meeting and three extraordinary general meetings. Members of the Board and Board committees also attended the general meetings of the Company to answer relevant questions raised at the meetings. Separate resolutions were proposed at general meetings for any significant separate issues.

公司秘書

李裴華女士(「**李女士**」)為本公司之公司秘書。李女士為本公司僱員。於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，李女士已遵照上市規則第3.29條之規定參與不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。

股東權利

董事會高度重視均衡、清晰和透明的溝通，使股東及投資者瞭解本集團的前景及本集團的經營市場環境。本公司透過不同的方式與股東及投資者進行溝通，以確保彼等的意見和關注被理解，並以建設性的方式處理。

於二零一二年三月，董事會已制訂股東通訊政策及股東指引，以確保股東可隨時、平等及適時取得均衡及容易理解的本集團資料。該政策已刊載於本公司網站並已於本年度內作定期檢討以確保其有效性。

本公司網站已成為本公司與股東溝通之主要平台。本公司定期審閱網站內投資者關係一節，以確保與股東有關之資料能準確且及時地發放。於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本公司共召開了一次股東週年大會及三次股東特別大會。董事會及各委員會成員亦出席本公司股東大會，解答會上相關提問。重大獨立事項於股東大會以獨立決議案提呈。

The particulars of Shareholders' rights relating to, inter alia, putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings, convening of extraordinary general meetings and making enquiries to the Group are as follows:

PROPOSING A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR AT THE GENERAL MEETINGS OF THE COMPANY

Pursuant to Article 120 of the Articles of Association, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director, signed by a Shareholder (other than the person to be proposed for election as a Director) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, and a notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the registration office. The minimum length of the period during which such notices are given shall be at least seven days, commencing no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.

To include a resolution relating to other matters in a general meeting, Shareholders are requested to follow the requirements and procedures as set out in section 615 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the laws of Hong Kong). The relevant Shareholders' Guide has also been published on the Company's website.

有關(其中包括)股東於股東大會上提呈建議、召開股東特別大會及向本集團作出查詢之權利詳情如下:

於本公司股東大會上提名候選人參選董事

根據章程細則第120條,未經董事會推薦參選,概無任何人士(退任董事除外)合資格於任何股東大會上參選董事一職,惟可由合資格出席大會並於會上投票的股東(不包括獲提名參選董事者本人)簽署及發出書面通知,表示有意提名該人士參選董事,而該通知連同該名人士簽署表明參選意願的書面通知須一併提交至註冊辦事處。發出該等通知的最短期限至少為七日,即不早於寄發指定進行選舉的股東大會的通告後一日開始,且不遲於有關股東大會日期前七日結束。

於股東大會納入與其他事宜有關之決議案,股東須遵守香港法例第622章《公司條例》第615條所載之要求及程序。相關股東指引亦已登載於本公司的網站。

CONVENING OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY**召開本公司股東特別大會**

Pursuant to Article 72 of the Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any two or more members of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

根據章程細則第72條，董事會可在任何其認為適當的時候召開股東特別大會。股東大會亦可應本公司任何兩名或以上股東的書面要求而召開，有關要求須送達本公司於香港的主要辦事處（或倘本公司不再設置該主要辦事處，則為註冊辦事處），當中列明大會的主要商議事項並由請求人簽署，惟該等請求人於送達要求當日須持有本公司附帶於本公司股東大會投票權不少於十分之一的繳足股本。股東大會亦可應本公司任何一名股東（其為一間認可結算所（或其代理人）的書面要求而召開，有關要求須送達本公司於香港的主要辦事處（或倘本公司不再設置該主要辦事處，則為註冊辦事處），當中列明大會的主要商議事項並由請求人簽署，惟該請求人於送達要求當日須持有本公司附帶於本公司股東大會投票權不少於十分之一的繳足股本。

倘董事會於送達要求之日起計二十一日內並無按既定程序召開大會，則請求人自身或代表彼等所持全部投票權50%以上的任何請求人可按盡量接近董事會召開大會的相同方式召開股東大會，惟按上述方式召開的任何大會不得於送達有關要求之日起計三個月屆滿後召開，而本公司須向請求人償付因董事會未有召開大會而致使彼等須召開大會所合理產生的所有開支。

ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

The Board is grateful to Shareholders and other stakeholders for their views, and welcomes their questions and concerns raised in relation to the management and governance of the Group.

Shareholders and other stakeholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by post to the Company at Units No. 4102-06, 41/F, COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong or by email to info@290.com.hk for the attention of the Company Secretary.

DIVIDEND POLICY

A dividend policy was adopted by the Company in November 2018 (the “**Dividend Policy**”) which sets out the guideline for distribution of dividends to the Shareholders. The Dividend Policy aims to strike a balance between the Shareholders' interests and the Company's capital requirement for business operation and development needs. The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board will take into account, inter alia, the Group's financial results and liquidity, its business strategies and development plans, as well as other factors that the Board may consider appropriate.

The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may exercise its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association (in both English and Chinese) is available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. On 12 August 2024, the third amended and restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company was duly passed by Shareholders at the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company.

向董事會查詢

董事會就股東及其他利益相關者發表之意見表示感謝，並歡迎彼等就本集團之管理及管治方面提出疑問及關注。

股東及其他利益相關者可隨時透過平郵或電郵方式經公司秘書向董事會發出其查詢及關注，本公司之郵寄地址及電郵地址分別為香港皇后大道中183號中遠大廈41樓4102-06室及info@290.com.hk。

股息政策

本公司於二零一八年十一月採納股息政策（「**股息政策**」），當中載有向股東分派股息的指引。股息政策旨在使股東權益與本公司業務運營及發展所需的資金需求保持平衡。任何股息的派付建議須經董事會全權酌情決定，任何末期股息的宣派須經股東於股東週年大會上批准。

於建議派發任何股息時，董事會將考慮（其中包括）本集團的財務業績及流動資金、其業務策略及發展規劃，以及董事會認為適當的其他因素。

董事會將不時審查股息政策，可於其認為適當及必要時，隨時行使其全權酌情權更新、修訂及／或修改股息政策。

投資者關係

章程文件

本公司之組織章程大綱及細則（包括中英文版本）於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。於二零二四年八月十二日，本公司經第三次修訂及重列之組織章程大綱及細則已經股東於本公司二零二四年股東週年大會正式通過。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

風險管理及內部監控

The Company has an internal audit function. Board acknowledges its responsibility for establishing and maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems, and for determining the nature and extent of risk it is willing to take in pursuing business objectives of the Group. Yet, such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

本公司設有內部審核職能。董事會確認其有責任設立及維持健全及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統，及釐定本集團達致業務目標時所願意承受的風險性質及程度。然而，該等風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險，並僅可就不會有重大失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

The Company has a risk management policy in place to formalize the procedures in identifying, evaluating and monitoring the risks which may be encountered by the Group in the course of business. By tackling the risks in a systematic way, the Board believes that the same can be minimized or under control at a reasonable level.

本公司已制定一套風險管理政策，以規範識別、評估及監控本集團在業務過程中可能遇到的風險的程序。透過系統性方法處理風險，董事會相信該等風險可降至最低或控制在合理水平。

The process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks are as follows:

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程序載列如下：

1. each business unit/department identifies the risks that encountered or may be encountered by them in the course of business/operation;
2. business units/departments compile a list of risks which contains the following information for every single risk identified by them: (a) risk classification; (b) contents of risk; (c) measures taken; (d) risk ranking; and (e) recommendations to deal with such risk, and email this list to the Executive Committee and the Compliance and Risk Management Department (the “**CRM Department**”) for review and assessment;
3. the Executive Committee and the CRM Department discuss, assess and determine whether further action is required to be taken against the identified risks or whether such risks should be reported to the Board;
4. if reporting to the Board is required, the Company Secretary will send the materials to the Board for discussion and revert the Board’s decision to the relevant business unit/department for action/follow up.

1. 各個業務單位／部門識別其在業務／營運過程中遇到或可能遇到的風險；
2. 所有業務單位／部門編製一份風險列表，就其已識別的每一項風險填寫以下資料：(a)風險分類；(b)風險的內容；(c)已採取措施；(d)風險等級；及(e)處理該風險的建議，並將該列表電郵發送予執行委員會及合規與風險管理部（「**合規與風險管理部**」），以供審查及評估；
3. 執行委員會及合規與風險管理部討論、評估及釐定是否需要針對已識別的風險採取進一步行動，或是否應將該等風險上報董事會；
4. 倘需要上報董事會，公司秘書將向董事會發送相關材料供其討論，並把董事會之決定反饋予有關業務單位／部門，供其採取措施／跟進。

Besides, internal control measures and/or procedures have also been designed and implemented for safeguarding the Group's assets against unauthorized use or disposal, maintaining proper accounting records, and monitoring the compliance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Company has a CRM Department to monitor the overall risk management and compliance issues of the Group on an on-going basis. Quarterly reports on compliance, risk management and internal control issues of the Group will be prepared by the CRM Department and tabled before the regular Audit Committee and Board meetings for review and discussion. The Company also approved the establishment of the Investment Decision and Risk Management Committee on 28 April 2023 and the adoption of the Measures and Procedures for Investment Decision and Risk Management. The Investment Decision and Risk Management Committee is specifically responsible for investment decision-making and risk management matters under the guidance of the Executive Committee. The Investment Decision and Risk Management Committee meets regularly or when necessary to consider matters relating to risk management and make decisions. Modifications and improvements on the existing risk management and internal control policies will be carried out from time to time as required.

The CRM Department carries out reviews of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group or specific business segments of the Group, having regard to specific corporate and fundraising exercises that have taken place and the applicable regulatory and independence requirements on an annual basis. The Company's reviews have not revealed systemic deficiencies of medium risk or above. The results of the review were submitted by the CRM Department to the Audit Committee for their consideration. The Board, based on the review of the Audit Committee, confirmed the effectiveness and adequacy of risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

The Audit Committee also considers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, as well as their training programmes and budgets.

Hence, the Board considers that the existing risk management and internal control systems of the Group are effective and adequate to meet its needs in its current business environment.

此外，本公司亦已設計及實施內部監控措施及／或程序，以確保本集團的資產不會在未經授權的情況下被使用或處置，保存適當的會計記錄，以及監控及遵守適用法律、規則及規例。

本公司已設立合規與風險管理部持續監控本集團的整體風險管理及合規事宜。有關本集團合規、風險管理及內部監控事宜的季度報告將由合規與風險管理部編製，並在定期審核委員會及董事會會議上提呈，以供審議及討論。本公司亦於二零二三年四月二十八日批准設立投資決策及風險管理委員會，並通過採納《投資決策及風險管理辦法和議事程序》。投資決策及風險管理委員會在執行委員會指導下具體負責投資決策及風險管理事務。投資決策及風險管理委員會定期或於需要時召開會議審議風險管理相關事宜並做出決策。現有的風險管理及內部監控政策將按需要不時進行修訂及完善。

合規與風險管理部每年檢討本集團或本集團特定業務分部之風險管理及內部監控系統的成效。該等檢討充分顧及所進行的特定企業活動及集資活動以及適用監管規定及獨立性規定。本公司進行的檢討中均未發現中等或以上風險的系統性缺陷。檢討結果已由合規與風險管理部呈遞審核委員會以供其考慮。董事會基於審核委員會之檢討，確認本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性及充分性。

審核委員會亦考慮本集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠，以及員工所接受之培訓課程及有關預算是否充足。

因此，董事會認為，本集團現有的風險管理及內部監控系統為有效及足夠可滿足其於當前業務環境中的需求。

Notwithstanding the Board's overall confirmation on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, the Board notes the incident relating to the non-compliance with Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules in connection with the series of Artwork Acquisition Transactions completed during the period from January 2025 to September 2025. The Group has formulated and rolled out a comprehensive set of remedial measures to strengthen pre-transaction compliance assessment, transaction aggregation review, internal reporting workflows and relevant staff training, details of which are set out in the section headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION — ARTWORK ACQUISITION TRANSACTIONS" on pages 46 to 48 of this annual report.

The Board has been monitoring the ongoing implementation progress of these remedial measures, including the operation of the dedicated internal artwork investment review team, enhanced collaboration between finance, company secretarial and legal teams, formation of the transactional compliance team under the Audit Committee, and enhanced reporting obligations for subsidiary departments. To elevate regulatory awareness across the Group, training sessions covering the Listing Rules requirements governing notifiable transactions were delivered to Directors, senior management and relevant personnel of the Company and its subsidiaries in October 2025, January 2026 and May 2026.

The Group will continue to organise quarterly internal training covering Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules, together with ongoing regulatory training for Directors, senior management and all relevant staff including new joiners to deepen their comprehension of Listing Rules obligations. The Group will also conduct periodic reviews to ensure such measures remain robust and effective to prevent recurrence of similar compliance oversights in respect of future investment transactions.

INSIDE INFORMATION DISCLOSURE POLICY

To ensure timely, fair, accurate and complete disclosure of inside information and for compliance with the applicable laws and regulations, an updated policy on handling the inside information has been approved by the Board in August 2017, pursuant to which, the Company has taken a series of procedures to identify and preserve the confidentiality of the price sensitive information and to disclose the same to the public in a timely manner, if required. All staff are also required to observe the code of ethical standards stated in Staff Handbook to keep non-public information confidential.

儘管董事會已整體確認本集團風險管理及內部監控制度行之有效，惟董事會注意到，於二零二五年一月至二零二五年九月期間完成之一系列藝術品收購交易涉及不遵守上市規則第14章之事件。本集團已制定並推出一套全面的補救措施，以加強交易前合規評估、交易匯總審閱、內部報告工作流程及相關員工培訓，有關詳情載於本年報第46至48頁之「主要交易 — 藝術品收購交易」一節。

董事會一直監察該等補救措施的持續實施進度，包括專責內部藝術品投資審閱團隊的運作、加強財務、公司秘書及法律團隊之間的協作、於審核委員會下成立交易合規團隊，以及加強附屬公司部門的報告責任。為提高本集團整體的監管意識，本集團已於二零二五年十月、二零二六年一月及二零二六年五月為本公司及其附屬公司的董事、高級管理層及相關人員舉辦培訓課程，內容涵蓋規管須予公佈的交易的上市規則規定。

本集團將繼續舉辦涵蓋上市規則第14章的季度內部培訓，連同為董事、高級管理層及所有相關員工（包括新入職員工）提供持續的監管培訓，以加深彼等對上市規則責任的理解。本集團亦將進行定期檢討，以確保該等措施維持穩健有效，避免就未來投資交易再次發生類似的合規疏忽。

內幕消息披露政策

為確保適時、公平、準確及完整披露內幕消息及符合適用法例及規例，董事會已於二零一七年八月批准已更新之處理內幕消息政策。據此，本公司已採取一系列程序以識別及保密股價敏感資料，並及時向公眾披露該等資料（如需要）。所有員工亦須遵守員工手冊載明的道德標準守則，將非公開資料保密。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

與股東及投資者之溝通

The Company continues to pursue a proactive policy of promoting investor relations and communication by maintaining regular meetings with institutional Shareholders, fund managers and analysts through different means including meetings, presentations and correspondence. In an effort to enhance communications with the Shareholders and investors, the Company maintains a website (www.290.com.hk) to disseminate information relating to the latest business developments and all corporate announcements.

The annual general meeting is a valuable forum for the Board to communicate directly with the Shareholders. No less than 21 days' notice in writing will be distributed to all Shareholders prior to the annual general meeting. The circular of the annual general meeting sets out the details of each proposed resolution and other relevant information. Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings of the Company on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors. Shareholders have the opportunity to participate and vote in general meetings and are informed of the rules and voting procedures that govern the general meeting.

The 2025 annual general meeting of the Company was held at Units No. 4102-06, 41/F, COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. All Directors attended the 2025 annual general meeting. The external auditor of the Company, ZHONGHUI ANDA, also attended the 2025 annual general meeting to answer questions raised by the Shareholders.

Having considered the various existing channels of communication and the feedbacks from the Shareholders, investors and analysts, the Board considers that the Shareholders' communication policy has been properly implemented and effective during the year ended 31 March 2026.

本公司持續採取主動促進投資者關係和溝通之政策，定期與機構股東、基金經理及分析師會面，形式包括會議、簡報及書信。為加強與股東及投資者之溝通，本公司已設立一個網站(www.290.com.hk)，方便發放有關最新業務發展之資料及所有企業公告。

股東週年大會乃董事會直接與股東聯繫之重要平台。股東週年大會舉行前將向股東發出不少於二十一日之書面通知。股東週年大會通函載列每項擬提呈決議案之詳細內容及其他相關資料。本公司就各項重大獨立事項於其股東大會上提呈獨立決議案，包括推選個別董事。股東有機會參與股東大會並於會上投票，且獲告知規管股東大會之規則及投票程序。

本公司之二零二五年股東週年大會於香港皇后大道中183號中遠大廈41樓4102-06室舉行。全體董事均已出席二零二五年股東週年大會。本公司外聘核數師中匯安達亦出席二零二五年股東週年大會，以於會上回答股東所提出之問題。

經考慮現有各種溝通渠道以及股東、投資者及分析師的反饋意見後，董事會認為，於截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度股東溝通政策已妥為實施且行之有效。

OVERVIEW

GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited (“**GoFintech**” or the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) is pleased to present its Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the “**ESG Report**”), which summarised the environmental, social and governance (“**ESG**”) initiatives and accomplishments for the year ended 31 March 2026 (the “**Reporting Year**” or “**2026**”).

Founded in 2002, GoFintech is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in securities brokerage and margin financing, corporate finance, money lending, asset management, equity investment, investment immigration business, trading and supply chain operations business and investments in artworks. The Group’s operations are located primarily in Hong Kong with offices in Mainland China.

ESG investing has been moving mainstream as climate-related risks reshape the principles of investment decisions. As a significant player in China’s financial market, GoFintech has been vigilant on those trends and the impacts that may assert on its business.

BOARD STATEMENT

The board of directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) is pleased to present the ESG Report of the Group, which reviews the Group’s ESG initiatives, plans, performance, as well as its sustainable development in respect of environmental protection, labour practices, business operations, supply chain management and other ESG issues for the Reporting Year. As a responsible corporation, the Group views ESG commitment as part of its responsibilities and is committed to incorporating ESG considerations into its decision-making process.

概覽

國富量子創新有限公司（「**國富量子**」或「**本公司**」，連同其附屬公司統稱「**本集團**」）欣然呈列環境、社會及管治報告（「**環境、社會及管治報告**」），當中概述截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度（「**本報告年度**」或「**二零二六年度**」）的環境、社會及管治（「**環境、社會及管治**」）措施及成就。

國富量子創辦於二零零二年，為投資控股公司，其附屬公司主要從事證券經紀及孖展融資、企業融資、放債、資產管理、股權投資、投資移民業務、貿易及供應鏈營運業務及藝術品投資。本集團的業務主要位於香港，並於中國內地設有辦事處。

環境、社會及管治投資因氣候相關風險重塑投資決策原則而漸趨主流。作為中國金融市場的重要參與者，國富量子一直對該等趨勢以及可能對其業務造成的影響保持警惕。

董事會聲明

本公司董事會（「**董事會**」）欣然提呈本集團的環境、社會及管治報告，該報告審視本集團於本報告年度的環境、社會及管治措施、計劃、表現，以及在環境保護、勞工常規、業務營運、供應鏈管理及其他環境、社會及管治議題方面的可持續發展情況。作為一家負責任企業，本集團將環境、社會及管治承諾視為其責任的一部分，並致力於將環境、社會及管治相關考慮因素納入其決策過程。

THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Group has applied a top-down approach to manage its ESG and climate-related issues, with the Board having overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategies, reporting, and the oversight and management of these matters. The Board reviews and confirms annually the Group's ESG and climate-related risks and opportunities, performance, progress made against goals and targets, management approaches, strategies, priorities of material ESG issues, and related policies. The Board also ensures the effectiveness of ESG and climate-related risk management and internal control mechanisms. In carrying out these responsibilities, assistance is provided by the Group's designated personnel from the business and functional departments, as well as ESG professionals, ensuring that the Board is equipped with the necessary skills, experience, and knowledge to oversee the Group's ESG strategy.

The Group's designated personnel from the business and functional departments facilitate the Board's oversight of ESG and climate-related issues. They are responsible for managing the Group's ESG and climate-related policies and performance, monitoring ESG and climate-related risks and opportunities, the effectiveness of the ESG management systems, and identifying and prioritising the Group's ESG and climate-related issues. They also propose and recommend to the Board on the Group's ESG and climate-related strategies, priorities, goals and targets, and report the relevant ESG and climate-related matters to the Board annually. More governance practice on ESG and climate-related issues are described in the section headed "Climate-related Disclosure".

環境、社會及管治的治理架構

本集團採用自上而下的方針管理其環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜，董事會對本集團的環境、社會及管治策略、報告以及對該等事宜的監督及管理負有全面責任。董事會每年審閱並確認本集團的環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關風險及機遇、表現、目標及達標的進度、管理方式、策略、重大環境、社會及管治事宜的優先事項及相關政策。董事會亦確保環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關風險管理及內部控制機制的有效性。為履行該等職責，本集團業務及職能部門的指定人員以及環境、社會及管治方面的專業人士會提供協助，確保董事會具備監督本集團環境、社會及管治策略所需的技能、經驗及知識。

本集團業務及職能部門指定人員協助董事會監督環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜。彼等負責管理本集團的環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關政策及表現、監測環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關風險及機遇、環境、社會及管治管理體系的有效性，以及識別本集團環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜並進行優次排序。彼等亦就本集團的環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關策略、優先事宜、目的及目標向董事會提出建議，並每年向董事會報告環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜。有關環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜的更多管治常規於「氣候相關披露」一節中闡述。

REPORTING SCOPE

The reporting scope of this ESG Report is in line with the annual report, covering all the Group's business operations, including subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The Group's business segments include securities brokerage and margin financing, corporate finance, money lending, asset management, equity investment, investment immigration business, trading and supply chain operations business and investments in artworks. The business segments represent all of the Group's revenue for the Reporting Year. To align with the ongoing business expansion, the Group will make efforts to broaden the scope of disclosure when necessary. This will be achieved by enhancing the data collection process across multiple operational locations.

The content including data in preparing this ESG Report is primarily based on the internal policies and documents as well as information provided by various key stakeholders.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK

This ESG Report serves to provide details of the Group's ESG policies and practices of its business in Hong Kong and Mainland China, which has been prepared and compiled in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code (the “**ESG Reporting Code**”) set out in the Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the “**Listing Rule**”) on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”).

Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices is set out in the “Corporate Governance Report” of the annual report.

During preparation of this ESG Report, the Group has applied the following reporting principles of the ESG Reporting Code.

報告範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告的報告範圍與年報一致，涵蓋本集團所有業務營運，包括香港及中國內地的附屬公司。本集團的業務分部包括證券經紀及孖展融資、企業融資、放債、資產管理、股權投資、投資移民業務、貿易及供應鏈運營業務及藝術品投資。該等業務分部涵蓋本集團於本報告年度的全部收入。隨著業務不斷擴張，本集團將在必要時努力擴大披露範圍。這將通過加強多個運營地點的數據收集流程來實現。

本環境、社會及管治報告的內容（包括所用數據）主要基於內部政策及文件，以及各主要持份者提供的資料。

報告框架

本環境、社會及管治報告旨在提供有關本集團於香港及中國內地業務的環境、社會及管治政策及慣例詳情，乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）主板證券上市規則（「**上市規則**」）附錄C2所載的《環境、社會及管治報告守則》（「**環境、社會及管治報告守則**」）編製。

有關本集團企業管治常規的資料載於年報「企業管治報告」一節。

於編製本環境、社會及管治報告過程中，本集團已應用環境、社會及管治報告守則所載的下列匯報原則。

Materiality: Materiality assessment was conducted to identify and prioritise material ESG issues during the Reporting Year, thereby adopting the confirmed material ESG issues as the focus for the preparation of this ESG Report. The materiality of ESG issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board and senior management of the Group. Details of materiality of ESG issues are described in the section headed “Stakeholders Engagement” and “Materiality Assessment” under aspect “ESG Practice”.

Quantitative: The standards and methodologies used in the calculation of relevant data in this ESG Report, as well as the applicable assumptions were disclosed. The key performance indicators (“KPIs”) are supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks where feasible.

Consistency: The preparation approach of this ESG Report was substantially consistent with the ESG report of previous year and explanations were provided regarding data with changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies.

This ESG Report has undergone the internal review process of the Group’s management and has been approved by the Board.

ESG PRACTICE

THE GROUP’S APPROACH

GoFintech started the ESG journey from its own operations to ensure full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, and aim at becoming a leading player in the sector. During the Reporting Year, the Group’s Chief Executive Officer (“**CEO**”) and Financial Controller (“**FC**”) continued to take lead in exploring ESG practices. The Group made commitments in two areas:

- 1) Continue green operations within GoFintech
- 2) Anticipate and address the Group’s stakeholders’ concerns

重要性：已進行重要性評估，以識別本報告年度的重大環境、社會及管治議題並進行優先排序，進而以所確定的重大環境、社會及管治議題為重點編製本環境、社會及管治報告。董事會及本集團高級管理層已審查並確認環境、社會及管治議題之重要性。有關環境、社會及管治事宜重要性的詳情於「環境、社會及管治慣例」層面下的「持份者參與」及「重要性評估」章節中闡述。

量化：本環境、社會及管治報告中相關數據計算所用的標準及方法以及適用的假設均已披露。關鍵績效指標（「**關鍵績效指標**」）輔以說明性附註，以便在可行情況下建立基準。

一致性：本環境、社會及管治報告的編製方式與上一年度環境、社會及管治報告的編製方式基本一致，並已對披露範圍及計算方法有變化的數據作出解釋。

本環境、社會及管治報告已通過本集團管理層的內部審查程序並經董事會批准。

環境、社會及管治慣例

本集團的方針

國富量子由自身營運著手其環境、社會及管治事宜，以確保全面遵守所有適用法律及法規，並致力成為行業領先者。於本報告年度，本集團的首席執行官（「**首席執行官**」）及財務總監（「**財務總監**」）繼續帶領本集團探索環境、社會及管治的慣例。本集團就以下兩個方面作出承諾：

- 1) 繼續國富量子的綠色經營
- 2) 預測及處理本集團持份者的關注事宜

In addition, the Group understands that climate change is posing imminent impacts on the environment and the communities in which the Group operates. In order to mitigate climate change, enhance decarbonisation and respond to the Group stakeholders' concerns, the Group has set targets related to greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, waste management and energy consumption. The targets were approved by the Board and the progress towards these targets will be reviewed by the management, and the result of the review is reported to the Board annually. The Group will continue to work on environmental protection and minimising its carbon footprint in order to achieve long-term sustainability. Details of the targets are mentioned in the sections headed "Climate-related Disclosure", "Air Emissions", "Waste Management" and "Energy Consumption" under aspect "Environmental".

Stakeholders Engagement

Stakeholders are the interest groups who are involved in the Group's business and have significant impact on the Group's success. GoFintech applied the following principles to assess its stakeholders and their importance during the Reporting Year:

- Impact on the viability of the Group's business model
- Impact on the efficiency and reputation of the Group
- Impact on the direction and quality of the Group's decision-making

Having two decades' development, the Group appreciates the importance of effective communication with external and internal parties. The Group has built channels in its daily operation to understand views and expectations of its stakeholders, who are customers, employees, shareholders, government and regulatory authorities, suppliers and the community.

此外，本集團深知氣候變化正對本集團經營所在的環境和社區造成迫切的影響。為緩和氣候變化、加強減碳及回應本集團持份者的關注事宜，本集團已制定有關溫室氣體（「溫室氣體」）排放、廢物管理及能源消耗的目標。該等目標已獲董事會批准，而管理層將檢討達標進度，並每年向董事會報告檢討結果。本集團將繼續致力於環境保護及減少碳足跡，以實現長遠的可持續發展。有關目標詳情載於「環境」層面部分的「氣候相關披露」、「廢氣排放」、「廢物管理」及「能源消耗」各節。

持份者參與

持份者為參與本集團業務並對本集團的成功有重大影響的利益群體。於本報告年度，國富量子採用以下原則評估持份者及其重要性：

- 對本集團業務模式可行性的影響
- 對本集團效率及聲譽的影響
- 對本集團決策方向及質量的影響

經過二十年的發展，本集團深明與外部及內部各方進行有效溝通的重要性。本集團在日常營運中已建立各種渠道，藉以了解客戶、僱員、股東、政府及監管機構、供應商及社區等持份者的意見及期望。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The table below provides highlights of stakeholder engagement activities: 下表列出持份者參與活動的概要：

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication Channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望	Management Responses 管理層回應
Customers 客戶	- Customer service hotline and email - Company website - 客戶服務熱線及電郵 - 公司網站	- Integrity - High quality services - Complaint handling mechanism - 誠信 - 優質服務 - 投訴處理機制	- Ensuring contractual obligations are in place for protection of customers' benefits and rights - Collecting customers' opinion from various channels in order to improve customer satisfaction - 確保制定合約責任，以保護客戶利益及權利 - 從各種渠道收集客戶意見，以提升客戶滿意度
Employees 員工	- Trainings and workshops - Performance evaluation or appraisal - Internal announcement - 培訓及工作坊 - 績效評估或考核 - 內部公告	- Humanity and labour rights - Occupational health and safety - Career development - Equal opportunity - 人道及勞工權益 - 職業健康及安全 - 事業發展 - 平等機會	- Paying attention to occupational health and safety, creating a comfortable working environment - Encouraging employees to participate in continuous education and professional trainings to enhance competency - Holding team building function to increase workplace collaboration - Setting up contractual obligations to protect labour rights - 注重職業健康及安全、營造舒適的工作環境 - 鼓勵僱員參與持續進修及專業培訓以提升能力 - 舉辦團隊建設活動以促進工作間的協作 - 制訂合約責任保障勞工權益
Shareholders 股東	- Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings - Financial reports - Announcements and circulars - 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 - 財務報告 - 公告及通函	- Financial performance - Information transparency - Operating risks management - Corporate sustainability - 財務表現 - 信息透明度 - 營運風險管理 - 企業可持續發展	- Ensuring efficient communications and information disclosure through shareholder's meetings, annual reports and regular announcements published on official websites - 透過股東大會、年度報告及在官方網站定期刊發的公告，確保有效溝通及信息披露

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication Channels 溝通渠道	Expectations 期望	Management Responses 管理層回應
Government and Regulatory Authorities 政府及監管機構	• Routine reports • Written or electronic correspondences • 例行報告 • 書面或電子通信	• Compliance with laws and regulations • Fulfilling tax obligations • Cooperation for mutual benefits • 遵守法律及法規 • 履行稅務責任 • 合作達致互惠互利	• Upholding integrity and operating business in compliance with law and regulations • Paying tax on time in return contributing to the society • 秉持誠信及於經營業務中遵守法律及法規 • 按時繳稅以回饋社會
Suppliers 供應商	• Business cooperation • 商業合作	• Fair and open selection • Supply chain management • 公平及公開的篩選 • 供應鏈管理	• Ensuring contractual obligations are in place to protect mutual benefit • Performing supplier selection with due care to ensure fair and open procurement • 確保制定合約責任，保護相互利益 • 嚴謹篩選供應商，確保採購公平公開
Community 社區	• ESG reports • 環境、社會及管治報告	• Involvement in communities • Environmental protection awareness • Compliant operations • 社區參與 • 環保意識 • 合規經營	• Encouraging employees to participate in volunteer and charitable activities • 鼓勵僱員參與義工及慈善活動

Materiality Assessment

Materiality assessment is a process of identifying and assessing the ESG issues that are important to the Group's business and its stakeholder. With the assistance of the Group's management and the designated personnel, a list of material ESG issues has been identified.

Factors such as business strategic objectives and policies, industrial standards and legal and regulatory responsibilities have been taken into consideration for identifying the Group's material ESG issues, covering environmental protection, climate change, operating practices, employment and labour practices.

重要性評估

重要性評估是識別及評估對本集團業務及其持份者具重要性的環境、社會及管治議題的過程。在本集團管理層及指定人員的協助下，本集團已識別出一系列重大環境、社會及管治事宜。

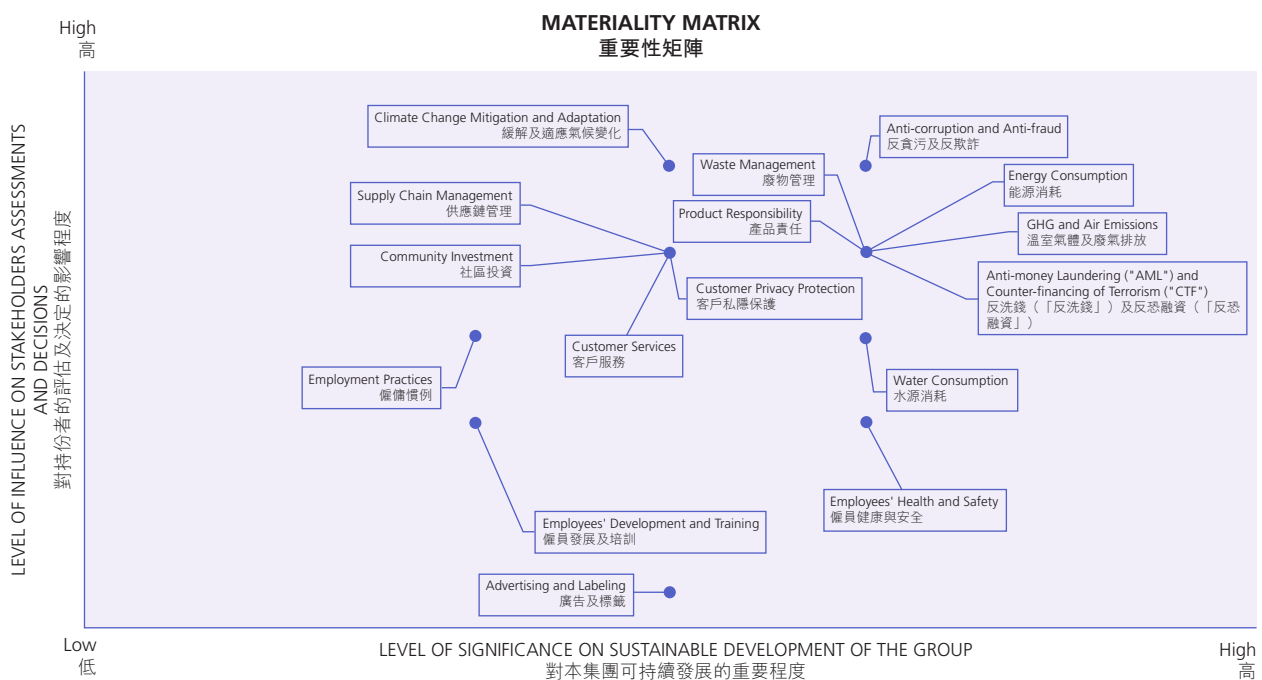
業務策略目標及政策、行業標準、法律及監管責任等因素在識別本集團重大環境、社會及管治事宜時已納入考慮當中，涵蓋環境保護、氣候變化、營運慣例、僱傭及勞工常規。

To prioritise the identified material ESG issues, the Group conducted a materiality assessment survey during the Reporting Year. Employees of different business units and departments were invited to evaluate the significance of the identified ESG issues to the Group's stakeholders and its businesses. Based on the results of the survey, the Group compiled the materiality matrix.

The results of the materiality assessment were reviewed by the Group's management, and approved by the Board. The materiality matrix below mapped out the identified material ESG issues and their respective level of importance on their influence on stakeholders and significance on the sustainable development of the Group. Those material ESG issues reflected are compared against GoFintech's own strategic and operational focus to produce a series of aligned priorities.

為確定重大環境、社會及管治事宜的優先次序，本集團已於本報告年度進行重要性評估調查。不同業務單位及部門的員工獲邀評估經識別的環境、社會及管治事宜對本集團持份者及業務的重要性。根據調查結果，本集團已編製重要性矩陣。

重要性評估的結果已經本集團管理層審閱，並獲董事會批准。以下重要性矩陣列出已識別的重大環境、社會及管治議題及其各自對持份者的影響，以及對本集團可持續發展的重要程度。所反映的重大環境、社會及管治議題已與國富量子自身的策略及營運重點進行比較，從而整理出一系列相應的優先事宜。



Based on the result of materiality assessment, GoFintech identified six major sustainable business development priorities among all material ESG issues include:

- Anti-corruption and Anti-fraud
- Energy Consumption
- GHG and Air Emissions
- Waste Management
- Product Responsibility
- AML and CTF

During the Reporting Year, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG and climate-related issues and confirmed that the information disclosed in the ESG Report complies with the “comply or explain” provisions of the ESG Reporting Code.

SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS OPERATIONS

As a financial institution, GoFintech provides services to a wide range of corporate and private clients who trust it to bring financial solutions and grow their assets and wealth. The Group is committed to the quality of its products and customer services throughout its operations. The Group has also developed a series of internal policies and procedures with regular updates to ensure strict compliance.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations in relation to product responsibility and product quality, including health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to its products and services provided as well as methods of redress. Such laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (“SFO”) of Hong Kong, Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong, Trade Descriptions Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Law of the People’s Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, the Product Quality Law of the People’s Republic of China, the Patent Law of the People’s Republic of China, and the Advertising Law of the People’s Republic of China.

根據重要性評估的結果，國富量子於所有重大環境、社會及管治議題中識別出六個主要的可持續業務發展優先事宜，該等事宜包括：

- 反貪污及反欺詐
- 能源消耗
- 溫室氣體及廢氣排放
- 廢物管理
- 產品責任
- 反洗錢及反恐融資

於本報告年度，本集團確認已就環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜設立適當且有效的管理政策及內部監控系統，並確認環境、社會及管治報告所披露的資料符合環境、社會及管治報告守則中「不遵守就解釋」條文。

可持續業務營運

作為一所金融機構，國富量子為各類公司及私人客戶提供服務，彼等信任其能提供金融解決方案並增加彼等之資產及財富。在整個營運過程中，本集團致力於提升產品及客戶服務質量。本集團亦已制定一系列內部政策及程序，並定期進行更新以確保嚴格遵守相關法律及法規。

於本報告年度，本集團並無發現在產品責任及產品質量方面有任何嚴重違反相關法律及法規的情況，包括與本集團所提供的產品及服務有關的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法。該等法律及法規包括但不限於《香港證券及期貨條例》（「《證券及期貨條例》」）、《香港公司條例》、《香港商品說明條例》、《香港個人資料（私隱）條例》、《中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法》、《中華人民共和國產品質量法》、《中華人民共和國專利法》及《中華人民共和國廣告法》。

The Group has been awarded the 'ESG Outstanding Impact Enterprise', while Mr. ZHANG Huachen, co-CEO of the Group has been awarded the "ESG Outstanding Leader" by the Global Commercial Newspapers Union in the Reporting Year, which demonstrated our commitments and efforts to sustainability.

於本報告年度，本集團獲全球商報聯盟頒發「ESG卓越影響力企業」，而本集團聯席首席執行官張華晨先生獲頒發「ESG卓越領軍人物」，彰顯我們對可持續發展的承諾及努力。



PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Product quality starts with product safety, which is at the core of the Group's commitment to all clients. The Group has placed great importance on due diligence and risk monitoring processes in product planning and on-going management. Product reliability is the next layer of quality assurance initiative. It is conducted by a set of check and balance processes amongst various professional teams. As the health and safety risks involved in the Group's services are not material, it is not applicable to disclose the product recall procedure or the percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.

產品責任

產品質量始於產品安全，其為本集團對所有客戶承諾的核心。本集團高度重視產品規劃及持續管理過程中的盡職調查及風險監控流程。質量保證的更深一層為產品可靠性，乃由不同專業團隊之間的一系列制衡流程來實現。由於本集團服務涉及的健康及安全風險不大，因此不適用披露產品回收程序或已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。

At operation level, senior officers are assigned to supervise the daily operation to ensure compliance with the Group's internal policies and risk control management requirements. If the Group is aware of any fraudulent or non-compliance cases including but not limited to fraudulent GoFintech corporate website, mobile apps and WeChat group that could lead to fraud or any loss of the Group's customers, the Group will report immediately to the Hong Kong Police and police authorities in Mainland China, and file a brief with relevant regulators if feasible. Meanwhile, the Group will make public announcement through external engagement channels exposing such fraudulent acts in order to protect its reputation and the interest of customers.

CUSTOMER SERVICES

GoFintech aspires to provide the best customer experience as it can in product variety, product quality and customer communications. The Group believes in providing quality advice and insights to customers and has established a dedicated team of professionals with diverse experience and in-depth knowledge of its services. They offer valuable counsel to customers across the Group's major service offerings.

The Group's customer service quality assurance measure is guided by the principle of transparency. The role of quality reviewers was established many years ago with the designated duty of overseeing the process of customer service, including assessing service quality through telephone tapes on sample check basis.

In addition, the Group actively seeks customer feedback on a regular basis and closes gaps where possible, as it believes feedback is a valuable mechanism for building a stronger customer-oriented corporate culture. Complaints Handling Procedure is one of the internal policies, providing detailed processes to follow when dealing with customers' complaints. A variety of customer communication channels were set up, such as telephone hotlines and dedicated email addresses. Both are made prominently on the client statements to ensure customers are aware of those channels for their opinions. Once a complaint has been received, the Group will investigate the complaint received competently, diligently and impartially, and also offer appropriate redress or remedial action accordingly. During the complaint investigation, the client will be kept informed of the investigation progress when appropriate. During the Reporting Year, the Group have not received any material complaints (for the year ended 31 March 2025 ("2025"): nil).

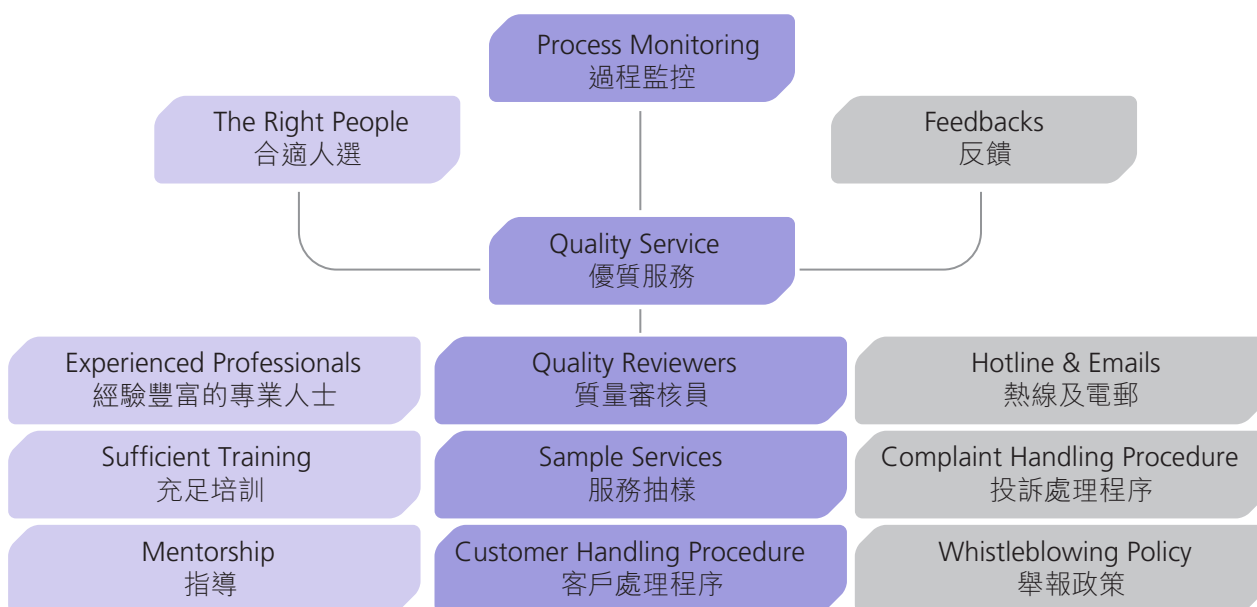
在營運層面，本集團委派高級人員監督日常經營，以確保遵守本集團的內部政策以及風險控制管理規定。倘本集團獲悉任何欺詐或違規案件，包括但不限於偽冒國富量子企業網站、手機應用程式及微信群等可能導致欺詐或本集團客戶損失的情況，本集團將立即向香港警方及中國內地警方報告，並在可行的情況下向相關監管機構將案由存檔。同時，本集團亦會通過外部參與渠道公開揭露該類欺詐行為，以保護本集團聲譽及客戶利益。

客戶服務

國富量子希望在產品種類、產品質量及客戶溝通方面為客戶提供最佳體驗。本集團堅信為客戶提供優質建議及見解的重要性，並已建立一支由專業人士組成的專業團隊，彼等具豐富經驗及對本集團的服務有深入了解，能就本集團各主要服務產品為客戶提供寶貴建議。

本集團的客戶服務質量保證措施遵循透明度原則。本集團已設立質量審核員職位多年，其職責為監督客戶服務過程，包括抽樣聆聽電話錄音，評估服務質量。

此外，本集團定期主動尋求客戶反饋，並於許可的情況下化解疑慮，因為其認為反饋乃為寶貴機制，能幫助建立並強化以客為本的企業文化。投訴處理程序為內部政策之一，為處理客戶投訴提供詳細流程，供員工遵守。本集團已建立各類客戶溝通渠道，例如電話熱線及專用電郵地址，兩者均於客戶聲明中顯著列明，以確保客戶了解可供表達意見的渠道。一旦收到投訴，本集團將稱職、盡責及公正地調查收到的投訴，並相應地提供適當的糾正或補救措施。在投訴調查期間，本集團會適時告知客戶調查進展。於本報告年度，本集團並無接獲任何重大投訴（截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度（「二零二五年度」）：無）。



CUSTOMER PRIVACY PROTECTION AND CYBER SECURITY

客戶私隱保護及網絡安全

Customer's data privacy is handled with utmost care at GoFintech and is the most important commitment the Group has made to its clients. The Group had developed Privacy Policy to comply with the applicable data protection laws and regulations, including but not limited to Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong. It also ensures that appropriate technical measures are put in place to protect the personal data against any unauthorised use or access.

The Group has established a system whereby all data is categorised, while authorisation on usage, filing, editing and access is clearly defined. In principle, staff only access client personal data on a need-to-know basis when opening and maintaining client's account. The head of legal department is also the Group's Information Security Officer with the responsibility to ensure the relevance and the enforcement of the Privacy Policy.

國富量子以最謹慎的方式處理客戶資料隱私，此乃本集團對客戶作出的最重要承諾。本集團已制定私隱政策，以遵守資料保護的適用法律及法規，包括但不限於《香港個人資料（私隱）條例》。該政策亦確保已採取適當的技術措施保護個人資料，防止未經授權的使用或訪問。

本集團已建立可對所有資料進行分類的系統，同時明確規定使用、存檔、編輯及訪問的授權條件。原則上，員工僅於開立及維護客戶賬戶時，才可根據需要查閱客戶的個人資料。法律部門的負責人亦是本集團的資訊安全官，負責確保私隱政策的適切性及執行。

As a business continuity strategy, extra network security measures have been taken when some of the Group's employees had to work from home. It covered remote access policy and procedures upgrade, intrusion detection systems and monitoring, virus and malware protection, vulnerability management, incident response planning, and patch management.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any received complaints in relation to breaches of customer privacy, losses or misuse of client data. The Group will review its data protection measures regularly to ensure its effectiveness.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBLE MARKETING

GoFintech treasures the trust that its clients put into its advice and service, and the Group has never taken it for granted. The Group appreciates that ample competition helps improve the quality of product and service and benefits customers at large. Therefore, the Group advocates fair competition and follows best practice in product and service marketing activities. As a company providing financial services, the Group does not consider advertising and labelling as a material ESG issue for it. In the Group's dealings with its clients, information provided should be complete, true, accurate, clear, and comply with all relevant laws and regulations regarding the proper advertising, including but not limited to Trade Descriptions Ordinance of Hong Kong.

The Group respects the intellectual property rights and strives to protect intellectual property rights of its own. On the other hand, the Group equally respects the intellectual property rights of the others. All software installed by the Group is purchased through legitimate sources. During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any cases of infringement of intellectual property rights.

作為一項業務連續性策略，本集團於部分員工必須在家工作時採取額外的網絡安全措施，該等措施涵蓋遙距訪問政策及程序升級、入侵檢測系統及監控、病毒及惡意軟件防護、漏洞管理、意外應對計劃以及修補程式管理等。

於本報告年度，本集團並未收到任何有關侵犯客戶私隱、遺失或濫用客戶資料的投訴。本集團將定期檢討數據保護措施以確保其有效性。

知識產權及負責任營銷

國富量子珍視客戶對本集團的建議及服務的信任，從未將其視為理所當然。本集團意識到充分競爭有助於提高產品及服務質量，從而令整體客戶受益。因此，本集團提倡公平競爭，並在產品及服務營銷活動中遵循最佳慣例。作為一家提供金融服務的公司，本集團認為廣告及標籤對其而言並不屬重大的環境、社會及管治事宜。在本集團與客戶交易時，所提供的資料應為完整、真實、準確、清晰，並遵守有關恰當宣傳的所有法律及法規，包括但不限於《香港商品說明條例》。

本集團尊重知識產權，並致力保障自身的知識產權。另一方面，本集團同樣尊重他人的知識產權。本集團安裝的所有軟件均透過合法途徑購買。於本報告年度，本集團未發現任何侵犯知識產權的情況。

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

As a financial service provider, the Group's suppliers are mainly general office supplies providers. In order to provide a fair assessment of suppliers' selection, the Group has adopted relevant policies and evaluated needed services based on a combination of capability, efficiency, competitiveness and reputation of the suppliers before entering into the contractual agreements. If any inconsistency is found between the Group's requirements and their act, the Group will suspend the cooperation until improvement is made.

During the Reporting Year, the Group has engaged a total of 23 major suppliers (2025: 22), all of which have gone through the aforementioned procurement practices of the Group.

The number of major suppliers by geographical region is as follows:

By Geographical Region	按地區劃分	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度
Hong Kong	香港	15	15
Mainland China	中國內地	6	5
The United States	美國	1	1
The United Kingdom	英國	1	1

In view of green supply chain management, the Group strives to engage suppliers who incorporate the consideration of environmental and social risks into their supply chain management. The Group periodically evaluates and monitors the performance of its suppliers to ensure their compliance with laws and regulations relating to environmental and social policies, service standards, contract conditions and quality provisions. Any non-compliance with relevant environmental and social laws and regulations discovered by the designated personnel from the Group will be promptly reported to the management. Corrective action plan will be carried out to remediate the identified risk in a timely manner. The supplier who continuously fails to meet the Group's requirement could be subject to termination of supplier contract.

供應鏈管理

作為金融服務提供商，本集團的供應商主要為一般辦公用品供應商。為公平評估供應商篩選，本集團已採納相關政策並在訂立合約協議前會根據供應商的能力、效率、競爭力及聲譽等綜合因素評估所需的服務。如發現供應商之行為與本集團要求有所衝突，本集團將暫停合作直至其作出改善。

於本報告年度，本集團共委聘23家主要供應商（二零二五年度：22家），均經過本集團上述採購慣例確定。

按地區劃分的主要供應商數目如下：

在綠色供應鏈管理方面，本集團致力委聘將環境及社會風險納入供應鏈管理的供應商。本集團定期評估及監察其供應商的表現，以確保供應商遵守有關環境及社會政策、服務標準、合約條件及質量規定的法律及法規。本集團指定人員倘發現任何不符合相關環境及社會法律及法規的行為，將及時向管理層報告。本集團將實施糾正措施計劃，以及時糾正已識別的風險。對於持續未能滿足本集團要求的供應商，或會終止供應商合約。

The Group attaches importance to the environmental impacts of the purchased goods and services. More environmentally friendly products or services should be procured by the Group when it is feasible, to minimise negative impacts on the environment and human health, and conserve natural resources. The Group will provide the necessary guidance to its suppliers and service providers on how to implement good environmental and social practices throughout the supply chain engagement process.

The Group will review the above measures regularly to ensure its effectiveness.

BUSINESS ETHICS AND PRACTICE

The Group advocates an operating environment of fairness and a corporate culture of integrity and honesty. Employees, senior management and directors are guided with the Group's principles of business ethics and integrity.

ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-FRAUD

GoFintech has zero tolerance towards any form of corruption, bribery, forgery, extortion, conspiracy, embezzlement and collusion. Anti-corruption policies and procedures are crystalised in both Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook to drive both mind-set and behavioural change. Head of Compliance and Risk Management Department leads all related work streams from policy setting to enforcement.

All employees are required to act in full compliance with all anticorruption related internal policies, laws and regulations, including but not limited to Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Company Law and Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China. Anti-corruption training is mandatory for all employees including the directors. The Group strives to provide internal and external anti-corruption and corporate governance training and related training materials for its employees and directors annually. During the Reporting Year, the Group has provided anti-corruption training materials for all directors and employees for their self-study. In addition, 1 Continuous Professional Training ("CPT") course was provided to directors and employees. The course was a 1.5-hour seminar covering topic of AML, attended by 2 directors and 5 employees.

本集團重視所採購商品及服務對環境的影響。本集團在可行的情況下會採購更環保的產品或服務，以盡量減少對環境及人類健康的負面影響，保護自然資源。本集團將就如何於供應鏈參與過程中實施良好的環境及社會慣例，為其供應商及服務商提供必要指導。

本集團將定期檢討上述措施以確保其有效性。

商業道德及常規

本集團提倡公平的營商環境及誠信正直的企業文化。僱員、高級管理層及董事均遵循本集團的商業道德及誠信原則。

反貪污及反欺詐

國富量子對任何形式的貪污、賄賂、偽造、勒索、串謀、挪用公款及勾結行為採取零容忍態度。操守準則及員工手冊中均明確規定反貪污政策及程序，以促進心態及行為的轉變。合規與風險管理部主管負責由政策制定至執行的所有相關工作流程。

全體僱員均須完全遵守與反貪污有關的所有內部政策、法律及法規，包括但不限於《香港防止賄賂條例》以及《中華人民共和國公司法》及《中華人民共和國刑法》。包括董事在內的所有僱員均須接受反貪污培訓。本集團力求每年為其僱員及董事提供內部和外部反貪污及企業管治培訓以及相關培訓材料。於本報告年度，本集團已為全體董事及僱員提供反貪污培訓材料，供彼等自學。此外，本集團為董事及僱員提供1個持續專業培訓（「持續專業培訓」）課程。兩名董事及五名僱員參加了1.5小時的反洗錢研討會。

The Group's operation policy requires:

1. No confidential commercial information of the Group shall be disclosed, discussed and shared with third parties for personal interest.
2. All employees are prohibited to give and accept personal, commercial, regulatory or contractual advantage, by using the excuse of work or the authority granted from the Group.
3. If any misconducts are found and proven, the Group will apply disciplinary actions in accordance with set policies.

AML AND CTF

GoFintech has taken AML and CTF as one of the most imperative compliance requirements. The Group has established AML and CTF Policy and Prevention of Bribery and Conflict of Interest Handling Guideline with updates on a compliance tool used by the Group during the Reporting Year to ensure that all business operations comply with relevant laws and regulations. The Group also formulated relevant policies and measures including customer acceptance policies, customer due diligence process, ongoing monitoring, and customer and transaction record keeping preventing any breaches throughout the transaction.

The Group also regularly conducts internal training relating to AML and CTF procedures and recent updates on relevant regulation and other topics related to licensed regulated activities. The compliance training provided up-to-date information regarding AML and CTF, including but not limited to the regulatory framework, stakeholders' roles and responsibilities, procedure and importance of conducting customer due diligence, and the transaction monitoring system. By doing so, the Group ensures its employees are equipped with sufficient knowledge and awareness, regarding AML and CTF, therefore, minimising the risk of relevant breaches.

本集團的營運政策規定：

1. 不得為個人利益向第三方披露、討論及分享本集團的機密商業資料。
2. 禁止所有僱員利用其職務便利或本集團授予的權力，給予及接受個人、商業、監管或合約方面的好處。
3. 倘發現並證實任何不當行為，本集團將按照既定政策採取紀律行動。

反洗錢及反恐融資

國富量子將反洗錢和反恐融資視為最重要的合規規定之一。本集團已設立反洗錢及反恐融資政策及防止貪污及利益衝突處理指引，並於本報告年度更新本集團使用的合規工具，以確保所有業務經營遵守相關法律及法規。本集團亦已制定相關政策及措施，包括客戶接納政策、客戶盡職調查流程、持續監控，以及客戶及交易記錄存置，從而預防交易過程中出現任何違規情況。

本集團亦定期就反洗錢及反恐融資程序、相關條例的近期更新及有關許可受規管活動的其他議題進行內部培訓。合規培訓提供有關反洗錢及反恐融資的最新資料，包括但不限於監管框架、持份者的角色及責任、進行客戶盡職調查的程序與重要性，以及交易監控系統。通過這些培訓，本集團確保僱員具備反洗錢及反恐融資的足夠知識及警覺，從而降低相關違規的風險。

WHISTLEBLOWING MECHANISM

GoFintech formulated a whistleblowing system for employees and external parties to report any suspected irregularities or doubts on misconduct. Such report will be raised to the Group by post or email in confidence and anonymity. Upon receiving the report, the Group will conduct the investigation in a fair and impartial way for every report. If there is any evidence of illegal conduct or breach of laws and regulations, it shall be referred to the relevant public or regulatory bodies such as the Hong Kong Police Force, the Independent Commission against Corruption, the Securities and Futures Commission, or relevant regulatory body. Disciplinary actions would be adopted once the guilty or misconduct is proven. The Group is committed to protecting the identity of whistleblowers and retaliation against them. Related practices are reviewed regularly to ensure their effectiveness.

During the Reporting Year, there were no concluded legal cases regarding corruptive practices brought against the Group or its employees, and no reports were received through the Group's whistleblowing channels. Also, the Group has not identified any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong and Mainland China including but not limited to Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Company Law of the People's Republic of China and Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China.

舉報機制

國富量子已制定舉報制度，供僱員及外部人士舉報任何涉嫌違規行為或疑似不當行為。此類舉報將以保密及匿名方式通過郵寄或電郵向本集團提出。接獲舉報後，本集團將以公平公正的方式對每宗舉報進行調查。倘有證據顯示非法行為或違反法律及法規，將轉交相關公共或監管機構處理，如香港警務處、廉政公署、證券及期貨事務監察委員會或相關監管機構。任何犯罪或不當行為一經證實，將採取紀律行動。本集團致力保護舉報人的身份並保護其免遭報復。本集團定期檢討相關常規以確保其有效性。

於本報告年度，並無對本集團或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件，亦無透過本集團的舉報渠道接獲任何舉報。此外，本集團並未發現任何嚴重違反香港及中國內地相關法律及法規的情況，包括但不限於《香港防止賄賂條例》、《中華人民共和國公司法》及《中華人民共和國刑法》。

EMPLOYMENT

THE GROUP'S TALENT POLICY

Talents have long been recognised as one of the major competitive strengths in financial industry, and GoFintech has continued its investment to attract and retain talents. The Group has established the Employee Handbook which builds a holistic and harmony system for employment practice, covering compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

The Group is committed to promoting equal opportunities and diversity in recruitment. The Group's hiring, appraisal and promotion policies are merit-based regardless of individual's gender orientation, racial background, age, religion, marital status and so on, and relevant processes are clear and transparent.

During the Reporting Year, the Group has not identified any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations including but not limited to Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, Minimum Wage Ordinance of Hong Kong, Bill of Rights Ordinance of Hong Kong, Sex Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong, Disability Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong, Family Status Discrimination Ordinance and Race Discrimination Ordinance of Hong Kong, Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong, Employees' Compensation Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China and the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

The Group recognises its employees' qualifications, experience and work performance by offering attractive remuneration packages. In order to retain talents, remuneration packages are reviewed annually and bonuses are paid each year, according to work performance, seniority and contribution to the Group, to recognise employees' hard work throughout the year.

僱傭

本集團的人才政策

人才一直被認為是金融業的主要競爭優勢之一，而國富量子亦繼續投放資源吸引及挽留人才。本集團已制定員工手冊，為僱傭慣例構建一個整體和諧的體系，其中涵蓋薪酬與解僱、招聘與晉升、工作時間、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他福利待遇等方面。

在招聘方面，本集團致力促進平等機會及多元化。本集團的招聘、考核及晉升政策均是基於個人表現，而不論個人的性取向、種族背景、年齡、宗教及婚姻狀況等，且相關流程均清晰透明。

於本報告年度，本集團並未發現任何嚴重違反相關法律及法規的情況，包括但不限於《香港僱傭條例》、《香港最低工資條例》、《香港人權法案條例》、《香港性別歧視條例》、《香港殘疾歧視條例》、《香港家庭崗位歧視條例》、《香港種族歧視條例》、《香港職業安全及健康條例》、《香港僱員補償條例》、《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》等對本集團可能有重大影響的法律及法規。

本集團提供具吸引力的薪酬待遇作為對僱員資歷、經驗及工作表現的認同。為留住人才，本集團每年檢討薪酬待遇，並根據工作表現、資歷及對本集團的貢獻發放花紅以表彰僱員一年來的努力。

As at 31 March 2026, the Group has a total of 86 employees (as at 31 March 2025: 62). The workforce distributions by gender, age group, employment type and geographical region are as follows:

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團共有86名員工（於二零二五年三月三十一日：62名）。按性別、年齡組別、僱傭類型及地區劃分的員工分佈情況如下：

Categories	類別	As at 31 March 於三月三十一日	
		2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度
By Gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男	45	37
Female	女	41	25
By Age Group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 31	31歲以下	22	12
31–40	31歲至40歲	31	21
41–50	41歲至50歲	22	21
Over 50	超過50歲	11	8
By Employment Type	按僱傭類型劃分		
Full-time	全職	81	57
Part-time	兼職	5	5
By Geographical Region	按地區劃分		
Hong Kong	香港	78	56
Mainland China	中國內地	8	6

The promotion of employees depends on their performance, working ability, intrinsic potential, and the needs of the Group's entities. The basis and process for management to determine promotion, transfer and demotion of employees are clearly defined to protect the interest of both the employees and the Group. Only with the appropriate approval, the relevant actions can be carried out.

員工的晉升取決於其表現、工作能力、內在潛力以及本集團各公司的需求。管理層決定員工晉升、調動及降級的依據及流程均有明確規定，從而保障員工與本集團的利益。相關行動只有在取得應有的批准後才可進行。

Employment termination of employees is arranged in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. Unreasonable dismissal under any circumstances is strictly prohibited, dismissal will be based on appropriate and lawful grounds supported by internal policies of the Group. During the Reporting Year, the Group's overall turnover rate was approximately 58.11%¹ (2025: approximately 46.51%). The employee turnover rate by gender, age group, and geographical region was as follows:

員工的僱傭終止安排須依據相關法律及法規。本集團嚴禁在任何情況下無理由解僱員工，解僱必須依據本集團內部政策所支持的適當及合法理由進行。於本報告年度，本集團的整體僱員流失率為約58.11%¹（二零二五年度：約46.51%）。按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失率如下：

Turnover Rate ²	流失率 ²	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度
By Gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男	51.22%	42.67%
Female	女	66.67%	51.85%
By Age Group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 31	31歲以下	135.29%	27.27%
31–40	31歲至40歲	26.92%	69.23%
41–50	41歲至50歲	37.21%	27.78%
Over 50	超過50歲	52.63%	42.11%
By Geographical Region	按地區劃分		
Hong Kong	香港	62.69%	48.70%
Mainland China	中國內地	14.29%	28.57%

Note(s):

附註：

- The overall employee turnover rate is calculated by dividing the number of employees leaving employment during the financial year by the average number of employees at the beginning and the end of the financial year, and multiplying by 100%.
- The employee turnover rate by category is calculated by dividing the number of employees leaving employment in the specific category during the financial year by the average number of employees at the beginning and the end of the financial year in the specific category, and multiplying by 100%.

- 僱員總體流失率是按財政年度內離職僱員人數除以財政年度年初及年末的平均僱員人數，再乘以100%計算。
- 各類別的僱員流失率是按財政年度內特定類別的離職僱員人數除以財政年度年初及年末特定類別的平均僱員人數，再乘以100%計算。

STAFF BENEFIT AND WELL-BEING

The Group has formulated policies in determining the working hours and rest periods for employees following local employment laws and regulations. In addition to the statutory benefits, such as paid annual leave, maternity leave, paid sick leave and marriage leave, the Group continues to offer employees with casual Fridays, festival gifts, training subsidy, qualification allowance, travel and overtime allowance. Qualified members were also offered housing allowance under the Group's Staff Residential Rental Subsidy programme.

The Group offers a variety of communications means with the staff, for instance, weekly all-staff meeting and management meeting. During the Reporting Year, an all-staff-meeting was held as a conclusion for the years 2025–2026. In addition, the Group's Townhall Meeting is held regularly. All these channels effectively cascade the Group's policies and principles throughout the organisation.

DIVERSITY, EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES AND ANTI-DISCRIMINATION

To maintain an embracing and collaborative workplace culture, the Group provides equal opportunities in all aspects of employment and ensures the workplace is free from discrimination, physical or verbal harassment against any individual because of race, religion, colour, gender, physical or mental capability, age, place of origin, marital status, and sexual orientation. The Group also strives to ensure that complaints, afflictions and concerns, including whistleblowing, are dealt with promptly and confidentially. The Group has zero tolerance for sexual harassment or abuse in the workplace in any form.

EMPLOYEES' HEALTH AND SAFETY

Due to the office-based operation, the Group does not involve significant safety risks. Nevertheless, the Group does not overlook the responsibility to safeguard employees' health and safety. The Group has formulated various management requirements in accordance with relevant occupational health and safety laws and regulations. The relevant health and safety measures and response plans are clearly stated in the Employee Handbook.

員工福利及福祉

本集團已根據當地僱傭法律及法例制定政策以釐定員工的工作時數及假期。除有薪年假、產假、有薪病假及婚假等法定福利外，本集團繼續為員工提供星期五休閒日、節日禮品、培訓補貼、資歷津貼、差旅津貼及加班津貼。此外，根據本集團「員工住房租金補貼」計劃，符合條件的員工亦可享有住房補貼。

本集團與員工以多種方式進行溝通，例如每週一次的全體員工會議及管理層會議。於本報告年度，本集團舉行全體員工會議，對二零二五年度至二零二六年度進行總結。此外，本集團定期舉行全員大會。所有該等渠道能有效地將本集團的政策及原則傳播至整個組織。

多元化、平等機會及反歧視

為了維持包容及協作的工作文化，本集團就僱傭所有方面提供平等機會，並確保所有人士在職場不會因種族、宗教、膚色、性別、身體或精神狀況、年齡、出生地、婚姻狀況及性取向而遭受歧視、身體或語言騷擾。本集團亦致力確保相關投訴、困擾及疑慮（包括舉報）均得到及時及保密地處理。本集團絕不容忍任何形式的職場性騷擾或欺凌行為。

僱員健康與安全

本集團業務經營主要在辦公室進行，故不涉及重大的安全風險。儘管如此，本集團並不忽視其保障員工健康及安全的責任。本集團已根據相關職業健康及安全的法律及法規制定多項管理要求。員工手冊已明確規定相關的健康與安全措施以及應對計劃。

Acknowledging the relatively longer time spent in front of computers as the reality of financial industry practitioners, the Group has provided protective equipment and furniture, such as ergonomic chairs and lightings, to help relieve body stiffness and eye stress. Regular breaks during the day with desk-side stretch exercise have always been encouraged. The management team will continue to seek feedback from the staff on the support needed from the Group so that the staff can be more focused and well-motivated to deliver first-class service to customers.

The Group adhered to placing the health and safety of employees as its top priority, therefore the relevant precautionary measures remained the same as the previous years. The Group provided highly sought-after protective measures for staff, such as face masks and sanitising packages, through its overseas network. The Group also made flexible work arrangements including home office for its staff on the basis of no compromise on customer service quality.

Sanitising measures were put in place in offices when employees returned to work. Employees' body temperatures were also taken regularly, and the Group issued a policy to arrange employees to go for immediate medical treatment should their body temperature exceed 37.3°C at Group's expense where necessary. The Group will review the relevant measures regularly to ensure their effectiveness.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety-related laws and regulations, including but not limited to Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong, Employees Compensation Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases that would have a significant impact on the Group. In the past three years (including the Reporting Year), the Group did not record any cases of work-related fatalities. In addition, the Group did not record any work-related injuries or losses in working days due to work-related injuries during the Reporting Year (2025: nil).

考慮到金融從業人員長時間在電腦前工作的實際情況，本集團提供了防護設備及家具，例如符合人體工學原理的椅子及照明裝置，以幫助放鬆身體及舒緩眼睛疲勞。本集團一直鼓勵員工定時休息，日間亦可在辦公桌旁做伸展運動。管理團隊將繼續就需要本集團提供的支援，徵詢員工意見，從而使員工能夠更加專注並更有動力地為客戶提供一流的服務。

本集團堅持將僱員的健康與安全放在首位，因此相關預防措施與往年相同。本集團透過其海外網絡為員工提供了急需的防護裝備，例如口罩及消毒包。本集團亦在不影響客戶服務質量的基礎上，為員工作出靈活的工作安排，包括在家辦公。

員工復工後，辦公室已採取清潔消毒措施。員工亦須定期檢查體溫，本集團公佈政策，倘員工體溫超過攝氏37.3度，則安排立即就醫，必要時由本集團承擔費用。本集團將定期檢討相關措施以確保其有效性。

於本報告年度，本集團並未發現任何嚴重違反健康及安全相關法律及法規的情況，包括但不限於《香港職業安全及健康條例》、《香港僱員補償條例》、《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》等可能對本集團有重大影響的法律及法規。於過去三年（包括本報告年度），本集團並無錄得任何因工死亡事故。另外，本集團於本報告年度並無錄得任何工傷或因工傷造成的工作日損失（二零二五年度：無）。

EMPLOYEES' DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING**僱員發展及培訓**

The level of professionalism of GoFintech's team is its building block. The Group holds that principle and enables continued professional training of staff as such that they will play to their strength and deliver high-quality performance. The Group encourages staff to participate in external seminars and industrial events to keep abreast of industry challenges and best practices, at the same time, the Group offers internal trainings in areas of legal, compliance, business ethics and other licensed regulated activities. The Group also offers subsidies on external training programmes, licence fees and qualification allowance.

國富量子的基石是其團隊的專業水平。本集團秉承此原則，持續對員工進行專業培訓，使彼等發揮自身實力，實現高質量的表現。本集團鼓勵員工參加外部研討會及業內活動，以了解業內挑戰及最佳慣例，同時，本集團提供法律、合規、商業道德及其他許可受規管活動方面的內部培訓。本集團亦就外部培訓課程、牌照費用及資歷津貼提供補貼。

To ensure employees' professionalism and the service quality provided, the Group regularly conducts internal trainings relating to AML and CTF procedure, recent updates on relevant regulations and other topics related to licensed regulated activities. The Group also provides cyber security training to its employees, in order to prevent any relevant incident leading to customers' or the Group's loss or threat. Employees were taught to conduct the best practice and the procedure of timely response in case of any breaches.

為確保僱員的專業性及所提供的服務質素，本集團定期舉辦內部培訓，內容涉及反洗錢及反恐融資程序、相關條例的近期更新及與許可受規管活動有關的其他主題。本集團亦為員工提供網絡安全培訓，旨在防止任何導致顧客或本集團遭受損失或威脅的相關事件。員工亦獲得最佳常規以及發生違規情況時的及時應對程序方面的相關指導。

During the Reporting Year, the Group recorded approximately 24.03%³ (2025: approximately 25.00%) of trained employees, with an average of approximately 2.02⁴ (2025: approximately 1.90) training hours per employee.

於本報告年度，本集團受訓僱員人數約佔24.03%³（二零二五年度：約25.00%），每名僱員的平均培訓時數約為2.02⁴（二零二五年度：約1.90）小時。

Categories	類別	Percentage of Trained Employee ⁵		Average Training Hours ⁶ (hours)	
		受訓僱員百分比 ⁵		平均培訓時數 ⁶ (小時)	
		2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度
By Gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男	30.30%	30.19%	3.05	2.53
Female	女	17.46%	17.95%	0.94	1.05
By Employee Category	按僱員類別劃分				
Management	管理人員	12.50%	30.00%	1.28	1.60
General staff	一般員工	48.78%	22.58%	3.60	2.05

		Breakdown of Trained Employee ⁷ 受訓僱員分佈 ⁷	
		2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度
Categories	類別		
By Gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男	64.52%	69.57%
Female	女	35.48%	30.43%
By Employee Category	按僱員類別劃分		
Management	管理人員	35.48%	39.13%
General staff	一般員工	64.52%	60.87%

Note(s):

附註：

- The percentage of trained employee is calculated by dividing the total number of employees who took part in training during the financial year by the total number of employees, covering the employees as at the end of the financial year and resigned employees during the financial year, and multiplying by 100%.
- 受訓僱員百分比乃按財政年度內參與培訓的僱員總數除以僱員總數（包括財政年度末的僱員及財政年度內離職的僱員），再乘以100%計算。
- The average training hours per employee is calculated by dividing the total training hours during the financial year by the total number of employees, covering the employees as at the end of the financial year and resigned employees during the financial year.
- 每名僱員的平均培訓時數乃按財政年度內總培訓時數除以僱員總數（包括財政年度末的僱員及財政年度內離職的僱員）計算。
- The percentage of trained employees by category is calculated by dividing the number of employees in the specified category who took part in training during the financial year by the total number of employees in the specified category, covering the employees as at the end of the financial year and resigned employees during the financial year, and multiplying by 100%.
- 按類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比乃按財政年度內參與培訓的特定類別僱員數目除以特定類別的僱員總數（包括財政年度末的僱員及財政年度內離職的僱員），再乘以100%計算。
- The average training hours by category is calculated by dividing the total number of training hours for employees in the specified category during the financial year by the number of employees in the specified category, covering the employees as at the end of the financial year and resigned employees during the financial year.
- 按類別劃分的平均培訓時數乃按財政年度內特定類別僱員的培訓總時數除以特定類別的僱員總數（包括財政年度末的僱員及財政年度內離職的僱員）計算。
- The breakdown of trained employee by category is calculated by dividing the number of employees in the specified category who took part in training during the financial year by the total number of employees who took part in training during the financial year, and multiplying by 100%.
- 按類別劃分的受訓僱員分佈乃按財政年度內參與培訓的特定類別僱員數目除以財政年度內參與培訓的僱員總數，再乘以100%計算。

LABOUR STANDARDS

Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

In strict compliance with relevant local labour laws and regulations, the Group prohibits hiring child labour and requires verifying the age of applicants during the recruitment process. The Group strictly follows the internal policies, in which all staff are required to sign employment contract before employment to safeguard legal rights of both parties. Furthermore, employees of the Group work overtime on a voluntary basis to prevent any breaches of labour standards. Any punishments, management methods and behaviours involving verbal abuse, physical punishment, physical abuse, oppression, sexual harassment against its employees are prohibited for any reasons. The Group also conducts regular reviews and inspections to prevent any child labour or forced labour in operation. If the case of child labour is found, it will be dealt with in the light of the circumstances, including terminating the employment contracts of the child labour and reporting to legal authorities. For the case of forced labour, the Group will terminate the employment contracts of the staff who are responsible for the cause of the case. The measures will be reviewed regularly to ensure their effectiveness.

During the Reporting Year, the Group has not identified any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to child and forced labour, including but are not limited to Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China that would have a significant impact on the Group.

WORKING ENVIRONMENT

The Group has implemented different policies to govern the impact on the environment of its operations. To enhance working efficiency, the Group is committed to providing employees with a comfortable and green workplace. Office areas are inspected regularly to ensure that a good working environment is maintained. Once the Group has found problems within the workplace, precautionary measures will be promptly taken to minimise the potential harm to employees. In addition, the Group cleans air-conditioning systems regularly. Inspections of indoor air quality have been conducted, and the results have consistently been satisfactory, with no remediation required.

勞工準則

防止童工及強制勞工

本集團嚴格遵守當地相關勞工法律及法規，嚴禁僱用童工，並在招聘過程中要求核實應聘者的年齡。本集團嚴格遵守內部政策，所有職員於任職前必須簽訂僱傭合約以保障雙方的合法權益。此外，本集團僱員超時工作均在自願性基礎上進行，以防止違反勞工準則。本集團亦禁止以任何理由對員工進行辱罵、體罰、身體暴力、壓迫、性騷擾等懲罰措施、管理方法及行為。本集團亦定期進行檢查及審查，以防止發生任何童工及強制勞工的情況。倘發現僱用童工，將按具體情況處理，包括終止童工的僱傭合約及向法律機關報告。對於強制勞工的情況，本集團將終止對該事件的起因負有責任的員工的僱傭合約。本集團將定期檢討該等措施以確保其有效性。

於本報告年度，本集團並未發現任何嚴重違反與童工及強制勞工有關的法律及法規的情況，包括但不限於《香港僱傭條例》以及《中華人民共和國勞動法》等可能對本集團有重大影響的法律及法規。

工作環境

本集團已實施多項不同的政策，以管理其營運對環境的影響。為提升工作效率，本集團盡力為僱員提供舒適、綠色的工作場所。本集團會定期檢查辦公場所，確保維持良好的工作環境。一旦發現工作場所存在問題，本集團會迅速採取預防性措施，務求盡量減少對員工的潛在傷害。此外，本集團定期清潔空調系統。室內空氣質素檢測已完成而結果持續令人滿意，無需採取補救措施。

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group's business itself does not create a significant direct impact on or engagement with the community in neither environmental nor social aspects. However, the Group believes that contribution to social causes and development of local communities is part of its corporate social responsibility. It has upheld the principle of corporate social responsibility throughout its operations and implemented policy to maintain its community investment.

During the Reporting Year, the Group denoted a total of HK\$2 million to the family of the firefighter hero Ho Wai Ho and to the Hong Kong Fire Services Department Welfare Fund. Moreover, the Group has co-organised the 4th "SpinQ Cup" Quantum Computing Challenge in January 2026. The competition attracted over a thousand participants from more than 200 universities and enterprises across over 10 countries and regions worldwide. It also innovatively introduced engaging tracks such as "Quantum Chess", effectively promoting the popularisation of quantum knowledge.

社區投資

本集團的業務本身在環境及社會方面均不會對社區產生重大的直接影響，亦不會與社區產生重大的直接聯繫。然而，本集團認為對社會事業及當地社區發展作出貢獻為其企業社會責任的一部分。本集團在整個營運過程中秉持企業社會責任的原則，並實施保持社區投資的政策。

於本報告年度，本集團向消防英雄何偉豪的家人及香港消防處福利基金合共捐贈2百萬港元。此外，本集團於二零二六年一月協辦了第四屆「量旋杯」量子計算挑戰賽。本次賽事吸引了來自全世界超過10個國家及地區的200多所大學及企業的逾千名參賽者。賽事亦創新性地引入「量子象棋」等趣味環節，有效推動了量子知識的普及。



The Group will continue focusing on social participation and community investment, especially related to labour needs and health, and continue to encourage the employees to actively participate in charitable activities and voluntary services coordinated by nonprofit organisations. The Group believes that promoting awareness of corporate social responsibilities among staff would not just help society and business in general, but more about their personal growth. The Group welcomes opportunities of sponsorship or partnership for charity events, and organising volunteer work to support vulnerable groups in Hong Kong.

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group is committed to building an environmentally friendly corporation image. It pursues to minimise resource consumption and adopts environmentally friendly practices across the business with the relevant environmental protection policies set for the Group's business operations. The Group provides financial products and services to a wide range of corporate clients and individual customers. For the Group's staff to carry out daily work, the Group rents office spaces which have been furnished with office equipment. The Group uses electricity, water and waste management services provided by the leased premises. Due to the office-based business nature, the Group's daily operation has limited environmental impact.

However, the Group proactively implements emissions reduction and energy conservation measures to achieve efficient use of resources, enhancing its sustainability development. Various initiatives have been implemented throughout its operations such as minimising the use of paper and reducing water consumption. Through active monitoring and managing the use of resources, the Group aims to reduce its carbon footprints as well as its operating cost.

During the Reporting Year, the Group has not identified any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste that would have a significant impact on the Group. The relevant laws and regulations include but are not limited to Air Pollution Control Ordinance of Hong Kong, Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste.

本集團將繼續注重參與社會及社區投資，尤其是與勞工需求及健康相關的領域，並繼續鼓勵員工積極參與慈善活動以及由非牟利組織協調的義工服務。本集團認為，提升員工企業社會責任的意識不僅有利於社會與企業，同時亦有助促進員工的個人成長。本集團歡迎任何贊助或合作開展慈善活動的機會，並組織義工活動支持香港的弱勢群體。

環境

本集團致力於建立環保企業形象，力求將資源消耗減到最低，並於整個業務中採納環保慣例，已為本集團業務營運制定相關的環保政策。本集團為眾多企業客戶及個人客戶提供金融產品及服務。為方便本集團的員工開展日常工作，本集團租用配置辦公設備的辦公場所。本集團使用租賃場所提供的電、水及廢物管理服務。由於以辦公室工作為主的業務性質，本集團的日常營運對環境的影響有限。

然而，本集團積極實施減排及節能措施，以有效使用資源，促進自身的可持續發展。本集團在整個營運過程中實施了多項舉措，如盡量減少紙張的使用及減少用水。透過積極監控及管理資源的使用，本集團旨在減少碳足跡以及降低營運成本。

於本報告年度，本集團在廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污以及產生有害及無害廢物等方面，並未發現任何嚴重違反相關法律及法規並可對本集團造成重大影響的情況。相關的法律及法規包括但不限於《香港空氣污染管制條例》、《香港廢物處置條例》、《中華人民共和國環境保護法》及《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》。

CLIMATE-RELATED DISCLOSURE

Governance

The Group considers climate-related risks and opportunities in its strategy development, business planning, and day-to-day operations, including decisions on major transactions. The Group identifies these risks and opportunities through its regular materiality assessments and risk review processes. As with other material risks, the Group applies a consistent risk management and internal control mechanisms to evaluate and manage relevant risks and opportunities. To support oversight, the Group's designated personnel receive inputs from functional departments and consolidate these inputs to report material climate-related issues and developments to the Board annually.

Also, the Group has set a short-term GHG emissions target. However, climate-related performance metrics have not been incorporated into the Group's remuneration policies. To further its climate commitment, the Group will continue to explore the feasibility of establishing a long-term climate-related or carbon neutralisation target as part of the Group's transition plan and monitor developments in ESG and climate-related issues to boost its ESG performance.

Strategy

The Group recognises that climate change has been affecting its business operations and the Group faces both physical and transition risks. The Group ensures that its assets and operations are prepared to withstand or respond to expected climate impacts. The Group has initiated a climate change assessment with reference to the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") framework to identify and mitigate the potential climate-related risks that may arise from its business operations. At the same time, the potential climate-related opportunities have also been identified. In alignment with the PRC on "Carbon Peaking and Carbon Neutrality China's Plans and Solutions" the Group has established defined time horizons to enable a comprehensive assessment of climate-related risks and opportunities, comprising short-term (within the next Reporting Year), medium-term (by 2030), and long-term (by 2060). The potential climate-related risks and opportunities mainly stem from the following dimensions:

氣候相關披露

管治

本集團在制定策略、業務規劃及日常經營（包括有關主要交易的決策）的過程中，會考慮氣候相關的風險及機遇。本集團透過定期開展重要性評估及風險審視流程，識別該等風險及機遇。本集團採用與其他重大風險相一致的風險管理及內部監控機制來評估及管理相關風險及機遇。為支持監督工作，本集團的指定人員每年接收來自職能部門的意見，然後匯總該等意見，以向董事會報告重要的氣候相關事宜及發展情況。

此外，本集團已設定短期溫室氣體排放目標。然而，氣候相關的表現指標尚未納入本集團的薪酬政策。為進一步踐行氣候承諾，本集團將繼續探討設立長期氣候相關或碳中和目標的可行性，並將其作為本集團轉型計劃的一環，同時監測環境、社會及管治以及氣候相關事宜的發展情況，以提升其環境、社會及管治表現。

策略

本集團認識到氣候變化已對其業務營運產生影響，且本集團面臨物理及轉型風險。本集團確保其資產及營運能承受或應對預期的氣候影響。本集團已參照氣候相關財務披露工作小組（「TCFD」）框架展開氣候變化評估，從而識別及減緩其業務營運可能產生的潛在氣候相關風險。同時，潛在的氣候相關機遇亦已被識別。為響應中國的「碳達峰碳中和規劃與方案」，本集團已設定明確的時間範圍，以便對氣候相關風險及機遇進行全面評估，包括短期（於下個報告年度內）、中期（二零三零年前）及長期（二零六零年前）。潛在氣候相關風險及機遇主要源自於以下各方面：

Physical Risks

Climate change leads to the increase of extreme weather events, such as typhoons, storms and heavy rainfall from short-term to long-term. These events may potentially disrupt the daily operations of the Group by causing damages to power grid and communication infrastructure, which raising operation costs. Additionally, they can impede employees' ability to work or commute, leading to injuries. Consequently, the Group may experience partial halt or even permanent cessation of business operations, which expose the Group to risks associated with reduced revenue and higher operational costs from negative impacts on workforce.

To better manage the above physical risks, the Group has formulated emergency plan which is reviewed regularly to respond to such events, including procedures to approach typhoons and black rainstorms. The relevant procedures and measures are outlined in the Employee Handbook. When it is anticipated that extreme weather events will happen, the senior management will react according to the plans and communicate with the employees about the work arrangements to ensure staff safety and operational continuity.

Transition Risks

Climate change can lead to market volatility, affecting asset valuations and investment returns. Shifts in consumer preferences toward sustainable products can disrupt markets and impact investment portfolios. It is believed that the effect on asset valuations and investment returns and the shift in consumer preferences would expect to occur from short-term to long-term, which would threaten the strand existing assets and erode revenue stream if the transition risks are not handled properly.

As a mitigation, the Group has planned to implement advanced risk assessment tools to evaluate climate-related impacts on assets and investments. This includes scenario analysis and stress testing for better decision-making. It is also part of the Group's strategy to diversify investment portfolios to include a mix of assets less susceptible to climate-related market volatility, such as low-carbon and climate-resilient investments. In addition, the Group will regularly train employees and adopt internal policies and processes to align with market trends and regulatory standards.

物理風險

從短期到長期而言，氣候變化導致颱風、風暴及暴雨等極端天氣事件發生的頻率增加。極端天氣可能會對電網及通訊基礎設施造成破壞，從而可能擾亂本集團的日常營運，增加運營成本。此外，極端天氣可能會妨礙僱員開展工作或通勤，導致僱員受傷。因此，本集團的業務營運可能會部分暫停甚至永久終止，使本集團面臨因勞動力受到負面影響而導致的收入減少及營運成本上升的相關風險。

為把上述物理風險管理得更好，本集團已制定應對此類事件的應急計劃並定期進行檢討，當中包括應對颱風及黑色暴雨的程序。相關程序及措施於員工手冊中載列。當預計會發生極端天氣事件時，高級管理層將根據計劃作出行動，並與員工溝通工作安排，以確保人員安全及營運持續性。

轉型風險

氣候變化可引致市場波動，影響資產估值及投資回報。消費者偏好轉向可持續產品，或會擾亂市場並影響投資組合。本集團認為，從短期至長期而言，資產估值及投資回報預計將受到影響，且消費者偏好將發生轉變。倘若轉型風險未獲得妥善處理，可能使現有資產面臨擱淺威脅，並使收入來源受到侵蝕。

為緩解此類風險，本集團計劃採用先進的風險評估工具，以評估氣候相關因素對資產及投資的影響，包括透過情境分析及壓力測試提升決策效能。此舉亦屬本集團分散投資組合策略之一環，旨在納入較不易受氣候相關市場波動影響的多類資產，如低碳投資及氣候韌性投資。此外，本集團將定期培訓員工並採納內部政策與流程，以緊貼市場趨勢及符合監管標準。

The Group anticipates that there will be more stringent climate legislation and regulations to support the global vision of carbon neutrality in the medium-term and long-term. From a listed company's perspective, the Group acknowledges the stricter requirements of climate-related disclosures. One example is the update of the Stock Exchange's ESG reporting framework in respect of disclosures regarding significant climate-related issues. The Group's business operations may be materially and adversely affected under the stricter environmental laws and regulations if it fails to comply with the laws and regulations as applicable to its businesses from time to time. Negative publicity may also arise due to failure to meet the compliance requirements for climate change, and the need to comply with increasingly stringent environmental laws, regulations and disclosure requirements might lead to an increase in the Group's compliance costs.

In response to the policy and legal risks as well as the reputation risks, the Group regularly monitors existing and emerging trends, policies and regulations relevant to climate and be prepared to alert the top management where necessary to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines or reputational risks due to delayed response.

Opportunities

ESG investing has been moving mainstream as climate-related risks reshape the principles of investment decisions. As a significant player in China's financial market, the Group will grasp the opportunities arising from the emerging trend of green finance. During the Reporting Year, the Group allocated HK\$1 million towards a green deposit of which the funds will be used to finance and/or refinance an eligible green project. Moving forward, the Group remains committed to actively supporting climate-friendly endeavours by facilitating the development and innovation of climate-friendly products and technologies.

本集團預計在中長期將會有更嚴格的氣候法例及法規以支持全球碳中和的願景。本集團深知，就上市公司而言，對氣候相關資料披露的規定更為嚴格。其中一個例子就是聯交所更新了有關重大氣候相關事宜披露的環境、社會及管治報告框架。在更嚴格的環境法律及法規背景下，倘本集團未能遵守不時適用於其業務的法律及法規，本集團的業務營運可能會因而受到重大不利影響。未能滿足氣候變化的合規要求亦可能產生負面輿論，而遵守日益嚴格的環境法律、法規及披露要求或會導致本集團合規成本增加。

為應對政策及法律風險以及聲譽風險，本集團定期監測與氣候有關的現有及新出現的趨勢、政策及法規，並於必要時即時提醒最高管理層，以避免因反應遲緩而導致的成本增加、不合規罰款或聲譽風險。

機遇

環境、社會及管治投資因氣候相關風險重塑投資決策原則而漸趨主流。作為中國金融市場重要參與者，本集團將把握綠色金融新興趨勢衍生的機遇。於本報告年度，本集團劃撥1,000,000港元作為綠色存款，相關資金將投放於合資格綠色項目的融資及／或再融資。未來，本集團將繼續積極支持氣候友善型項目，推動氣候友善型產品和技術的開發與創新。

Even though the Group's business model and value chain do not currently face significant and concentrated climate-related risks and opportunities, the Group regularly monitors related risks that may affect its operations and strives to grasp any related opportunities. Where such issues are identified, we will conduct corresponding risk assessments and develop appropriate mitigation measures. These findings can inform both current operations and anticipated evolutions in our business model, with allocation of necessary resources to address climate-related risks and capitalise on emerging opportunities. The assessment would also allow us to estimate the anticipated financial effect and quantifying the effects and changes on the financial position.

The Group is at an early stage in assessing its climate resilience, with uncertainty regarding the extent and timing of potential impacts. Its capacity to adapt over time is supported by the operational and planning flexibility inherent in its current business model. The Group intends to explore climate-related scenario analysis that is appropriate to its circumstances, including scenarios aligned with the latest international climate agreements. This will support enhanced understanding, monitoring and disclosure of climate-related risks and opportunities through ongoing risk assessments in the future.

Risk Management

Climate-related risks are managed as part of the Group's overall risk management framework, alongside other risk categories such as strategic, financial, compliance and operational risks. The assessment incorporates key risk management processes to ensure that principal corporate risks are appropriately identified, thoroughly evaluated, and effectively managed and monitored.

In identifying and assessing risks, the Group's risk management process considers both the likelihood and potential impact of each risk. Likelihood is assessed based on historical data and information reasonably available to the Group during the reporting year. Impact is evaluated with reference to factors including financial loss, legal implications, corporate reputation, environmental safety and business operations. The combined assessment of likelihood and impact is then used to categorise risks by severity. Higher-level risks and the corresponding mitigation measures are reported annually to management and the Board.

儘管本集團的業務模式及價值鏈目前並未面臨重大及集中的氣候相關風險及機遇，但本集團定期監測可能影響其運營的相關風險，並努力把握任何相關機遇。倘識別出該等問題，我們將進行相應的風險評估並制定適當的緩解措施。該等發現可為我們當前的運營及業務模式的預期變化提供指引，並分配必要資源以應對氣候相關風險及利用新出現的機遇。該評估亦將使我們能夠估計預期的財務影響，並量化對財務狀況的影響及變動。

本集團對其氣候適應能力的評估尚處於早期階段，潛在影響的程度及時間仍存在不確定性。本集團當前業務模式所具備的運營與規劃靈活性，為其隨時間推移不斷進行適應的能力提供了有力支撐。本集團計劃探索開展適合自身情況的氣候相關情景分析，其中包括與最新國際氣候協定相契合的情景。這將有助本集團於未來透過持續的風險評估，加強對氣候相關風險及機遇的了解、監控及披露。

風險管理

除策略、財務、合規及經營風險等其他風險類別外，本集團將氣候相關風險作為本集團整體風險管理框架的一部分進行管理。該評估納入關鍵風險管理流程，以確保主要企業風險得到適當識別、全面評估以及有效管理及監控。

在識別及評估風險時，本集團的風險管理流程會考慮發生每項風險的可能性及潛在影響。可能性乃根據過往數據及本集團於報告年度合理可得的資料進行評估。影響乃參考包括財務損失、法律影響、企業聲譽、環境安全及業務經營在內的因素進行評估。然後，本集團將對可能性及影響的綜合評估用於按嚴重程度對風險進行分類。較高級別的風險及相應的緩解措施會每年報告予管理層及董事會。

Metrics and Targets

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions include direct GHG emissions (Scope 1) from petrol consumed by company-owned vehicles, energy indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) from purchased electricity consumption in offices, and other indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3) from paper waste disposed at landfill (Category 5: Waste Generated in Operations) and employees' air business travels (Category 6: Business Travel).

The Group adopts an operational control approach in calculating its GHG emissions, as this method captures emissions from operations over which the Group has the authority to establish and implement operational policies. Scope 2 GHG emissions are calculated using a location-based approach.

To minimise the environmental impacts of GHG emissions from the Group's business operations, the Group has set a target to reduce its GHG emissions intensity (tCO₂e/employee) by 2026, using the year ended 31 March 2024 ("2024") as the baseline year (2024: 2.75 tCO₂e/employee).

During the Reporting Year, the Group's total GHG emissions intensity was approximately 0.67 tCO₂e/employee, which has decreased by approximately 75.64% compared to the target baseline. The reduction was mainly attributable to effective GHG emissions management. Hence, the Group achieved its target.

Since the period of the target has ended, the Group sets a new target to reduce its GHG emissions intensity (tCO₂e/employee) by the year ended 31 March 2028 ("2028"), using 2026 as the baseline year (2026: 0.67 tCO₂e/employee). The target is applied across the whole entity and covers Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions. It mainly includes carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide. Meanwhile, the Group will enhance its targets by leveraging international agreements, obtaining third-party validation, and adopting a sectoral decarbonisation approach.

指標與目標

本集團溫室氣體排放的主要來源為公司自有車輛消耗汽油產生的直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1)、辦公室外購電力消耗產生的能源間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2)以及堆填區廢紙處理(第5類:營運產生的廢物)及僱員航空商務差旅(第6類:商務差旅)產生的其他間接溫室氣體排放(範圍3)。

本集團採用運營控制法計算其溫室氣體排放,因為此方法涵蓋了本集團有權制定及實施運營政策的各項業務所產生的排放量。範圍2溫室氣體排放採用基於地域的方法進行計算。

為最大限度地減少本集團業務營運產生的溫室氣體排放對環境的影響,本集團已訂立目標,以截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度(「二零二四年度」)作為基準年度(二零二四年度:2.75噸二氧化碳當量/僱員),於二零二六年度前減低其溫室氣體排放密度(噸二氧化碳當量/僱員)。

於本報告年度,本集團的總溫室氣體排放密度為每名僱員約0.67噸二氧化碳當量,與目標基準水平相比減少約75.64%。該減少主要歸因於行之有效的溫室氣體排放管理。因此,本集團實現了目標。

由於目標期限已屆滿,本集團設定了新目標,以二零二六年度作為基準年度(二零二六年度:0.67噸二氧化碳當量/僱員),於截至二零二八年三月三十一日止年度(「二零二八年度」)前降低其溫室氣體排放密度(噸二氧化碳當量/僱員)。該目標適用於整個集團,並涵蓋範圍1、範圍2及範圍3的溫室氣體排放。其主要包括二氧化碳、甲烷及一氧化二氮。同時,本集團將通過藉助國際協定、獲取第三方驗證及採用行業脫碳方法來提升其目標。

The Group will continue to monitor its GHG emissions, implement relevant measures and reduce its GHG emissions intensity progressively. The result would be reviewed by the Board annually, in order to achieve the target of reducing GHG emission intensity by 2028. Also, more GHG reduction measures are described in the section headed "Air Emissions" under aspect "Environmental".

本集團將繼續監測其溫室氣體排放，實施相關措施，並逐步降低其溫室氣體排放密度。董事會每年檢討結果，以實現於二零二八年度前降低溫室氣體排放密度的目標。此外，更多溫室氣體減排措施於「環境」層面部分的「廢氣排放」一節中闡述。

The Group's GHG emissions performance was as follows:

本集團的溫室氣體排放表現如下：

GHG Emissions ⁸ 溫室氣體排放 ⁸	Unit 單位	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度	2024 二零二四年度
Scope 1 — Company-owned vehicles 範圍1 — 公司自有車輛	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	13.61	12.90	150.33
Direct GHG emission 直接溫室氣體排放量	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	13.61	12.90	150.33
Scope 2 — Purchased electricity 範圍2 — 外購電力	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	22.22	20.60	24.15
Scope 3 — Paper waste disposed at landfill and air business travel 範圍3 — 堆填區廢紙處理及航空商務差旅	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	21.70	22.42	9.78
Indirect GHG emissions 間接溫室氣體排放量	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	43.92	43.02	33.93
Total GHG Emissions — Scope 1, 2 and 3 溫室氣體排放總量 — 範圍1、2及3	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	57.53	55.92	184.26
Total GHG emissions intensity ⁹ 總溫室氣體排放密度 ⁹	tCO ₂ e/employee 噸二氧化碳當量／僱員	0.67	0.90	2.75

Note(s):

8. GHG emissions data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, including but not limited to, “The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards” issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, “How to prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs” issued by the Stock Exchange, “Global Warming Potential Values” from the Sixth Assessment Report (AR6) of the United Nation Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, and the “2025 Sustainability Report” published by the HK Electric Investments.
9. As at 31 March 2026, the Group had a total of 86 (as at 31 March 2025: 62; as at 31 March 2024: 67) employees. These data are also used for calculating other intensity data.

The Group has implemented policies to manage GHG emissions from its operations. Meanwhile, the Group seeks to educate its staff members to increase office environmental awareness. More energy conservation measures are described in the section headed “Energy Consumption” under aspect “Environmental”.

The Group is committed to disclosing the amount and percentage of assets or business activities exposed to climate-related transition risks and physical risks, as well as those aligned with climate-related opportunities, where such information is available. During the Reporting Year, the Group did not apply an internal carbon price or utilise carbon credits. Looking ahead, the Group will seek opportunities to strengthen its data capabilities and monitor developments in market and regulatory conditions, with a view to disclosing such information in the future.

附註：

8. 溫室氣體排放數據以二氧化碳當量的形式呈列，乃基於（包括但不限於）世界資源研究所及世界可持續發展工商理事會發佈的《溫室氣體盤查議定書：企業會計及報告標準》、聯交所發佈的《如何編備環境、社會及管治報告 — 附錄二：環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》、政府間氣候變化專門委員會發佈的第六次評估報告(AR6)的《全球暖化潛能值》及港燈電力投資刊發的《2025年可持續發展報告》。
9. 於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團合共有86名（於二零二五年三月三十一日：62名；於二零二四年三月三十一日：67名）僱員。該等數據亦用於計算其他密度數據。

本集團已實施多項政策以管理其營運產生的溫室氣體排放。同時，本集團亦對員工進行宣傳教育，提高辦公室環保意識。更多節能措施於「環境」層面部分的「能源消耗」一節中闡述。

本集團致力於在可獲得相關資料的情況下，披露面臨氣候相關轉型風險及物理風險的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比，以及涉及氣候相關機遇的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。於本報告年度，本集團並無採用內部碳定價或使用碳信用額度。展望未來，本集團將尋求機會加強其數據能力，並監測市場及監管狀況的發展情況，以期在日後披露該等資料。

AIR EMISSIONS

The major source of the Group's GHG and air emissions is company-owned vehicles. The Group has taken the following measures to minimise the GHG and air emissions from its business operations:

- Choose the shortest route when vehicles are travelling between the Group's operating locations and destinations to reduce consumption of fuel;
- Turn off engines for idling vehicles;
- Conduct regular vehicle maintenance to ensure efficient use of fuel; and
- Encourage employees to hold video conference call.

In order to further strengthen the management of company-owned vehicles, the Group has formulated a comprehensive Vehicle Usage Management Methods to ensure the efficient and responsible use of the vehicles. Key commitments include but are not limited to:

- Strict usage principles: Company vehicles are strictly limited to official business only, and all expenses must be approved and centrally managed.
- Standardised procedures: Use of company vehicles requires prior application and approval, ensuring vehicles are only used for essential business needs.
- Daily and scheduled maintenance: Vehicles undergo daily inspections, monthly checks, and regular maintenance, ensuring optimal vehicle condition and fuel efficiency, which helps reduce emissions.

The Group has adopted various vehicle control measures to minimise the pollutants emitted during its business operation that are described above in this section. Through these measures, the Group demonstrates its commitment to reducing fuel consumption and vehicle emissions, aligning with its broader ESG objectives.

廢氣排放

本集團溫室氣體及廢氣排放的主要來源為公司自有車輛。本集團已採取以下措施，以盡量減低業務營運的溫室氣體及廢氣排放：

- 開車往來本集團的經營地點與目的地時，選擇最短的路線以節省燃油；
- 停車熄匙；
- 定期保養車輛，確保有效使用燃料；及
- 鼓勵僱員舉行視像會議。

為進一步加強公司自有車輛管理，本集團已制定全面的《車輛使用管理辦法》，以確保高效及負責任地使用車輛，核心承諾包括但不限於：

- 嚴格使用原則：公司車輛僅限於公務用途，所有開支須經審批並統一管理。
- 標準化程序：用車須事先申請及獲批，確保僅用於必要公務需求。
- 日常與定期保養：執行每日檢查、月度檢驗及定期維護，保障車輛最佳狀態及燃油效益，從而減少排放。

本集團已採納多項車輛管控措施，以盡量減少本節上文所述業務營運過程中排放的污染物。透過此等措施，本集團彰顯其致力減少油耗及車輛排放的承諾，契合更廣泛的環境、社會及管治目標。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Due to the increased usage of vehicles from operational needs, the Group's total air emissions have increased during the Reporting Year as compared to 2025 due to the increased usage of vehicles. The Group's air emissions performance was as follows:

因出於經營需要使車輛使用次數增加，本集團於本報告年度的總廢氣排放量因汽車使用次數增加而較二零二五年度有所增加。本集團的廢氣排放表現如下：

Air Emissions ¹⁰ 廢氣排放 ¹⁰	Unit 單位	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度	2024 二零二四年度
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x) 氮氧化物(NO _x)	g 克	19,817.09	6,246.34	37,870.21
Sulphur Oxides (SO _x) 硫氧化物(SO _x)	g 克	74.97	71.03	828.05
Particulate Matter (PM) 懸浮粒子(PM)	g 克	1,459.09	459.90	2,788.30

Note(s):

附註：

10. The calculation method of air emissions and the related emission factors were based on, including but not limited to, "How to Prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.

10. 廢氣排放的計算方法及相關排放係數乃基於(包括但不限於)聯交所發佈的《如何編備環境、社會及管治報告 — 附錄二：環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》。

SEWAGE DISCHARGE

Due to the Group's minimal water consumption in its daily operation, there were no significant water discharges during the Reporting Year. Moreover, the management office of the building exclusively handles water supply and discharge, making it impractical to provide water withdrawal and discharge data or sub-metering specifically for the Group as an individual occupant. More water conservation measures are described in the section headed "Water Consumption" under aspect "Environmental".

污水排放

由於本集團在日常營運中用水量極少，故本報告年度並無大量污水排放。此外，供水及排水均由物業管理處管控，因此，本集團作為個別租戶無法提供具體的取水及排水數據或分錶讀數。更多節水措施載於「環境」層面部分的「水源消耗」一節。

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Hazardous Waste

In view of the Group's business nature, the Group did not generate a material amount of hazardous waste during the Reporting Year. Where it is required to handle hazardous waste, the Group will independently store and transport the hazardous waste to third-party professionals for safe and legal processing.

Non-hazardous Waste

The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group is mainly office paper from daily business operations. During 2025, the Group has set target to maintain the total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity (tonnes/employee) at the level of 0.02 tonnes/employee for 2026. To achieve the target, the Group has taken various measures to minimise the environmental impact and promote "green office" concept. In particular, the Group promotes "think before you print" attitude in order to encourage paperless offices by facilitating the use of electronic means for communication such as intranet, email, internal workflow system to reduce printing and paper copies. Moreover, the reduction measures for other kinds of waste include:

- Set up recycling bins to collect recyclable products; and
- Encourage employees to reduce the use of one-off products.

During the Reporting Year, the Group's total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity was approximately 0.01 tonnes/employee, which stayed the same with 2025 due to effective reduction measures. Hence, the Group achieved its target.

廢物管理

有害廢物

鑒於本集團的業務性質，本集團於本報告年度並無產生大量有害廢物。於需要處理有害廢物時，本集團會將有害廢物獨立儲存及運送給第三方專業機構以進行安全合法的處理。

無害廢物

本集團產生的無害廢物主要為日常業務營運中的辦公用紙。於二零二五年度，本集團已制定目標，在二零二六年度將總無害廢物棄置密度（噸／僱員）維持在每名僱員0.02噸的水平。為達致該目標，本集團已採取多種措施減低對環境的影響並提倡「綠色辦公」的理念。本集團特別提倡「複印前三思」理念，鼓勵無紙化辦公，推廣使用電子通訊方式，例如內聯網、電郵、內部工作流程系統等，減少打印及影印。此外，其他類型廢棄物的減廢措施包括：

- 放置回收箱收集可回收產品；及
- 鼓勵員工減少使用一次性產品。

於本報告年度，由於採取了有效的減廢措施，本集團的總無害廢物棄置密度約為每名僱員0.01噸，與二零二五年度持平。因此，本集團實現了目標。

Since the period of the target has ended, the Group sets a new target to maintain the total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity (tonnes/employee) by the year ended 31 March 2027 ("2027"), using 2024 as the baseline year (0.02 tonnes/employee). The Group will continue to monitor the amount of non-hazardous waste it generates and implement relevant measures so as to reduce its non-hazardous waste intensity progressively.

由於目標期限已屆滿，本集團設定了新目標，以二零二四年度作為基準年度（0.02噸／僱員），於截至二零二七年三月三十一日止年度（「二零二七年度」）前保持總無害廢物棄置密度（噸／僱員）。本集團將繼續監察其產生的無害廢物數量並實施相關措施，以逐步降低其無害廢物密度。

The Group's waste disposal performance was as follows:

本集團的廢物棄置表現如下：

Non-hazardous Waste 無害廢物	Unit 單位	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度	2024 二零二四年度
Office paper 辦公室用紙	tonnes 噸	0.65	0.62	1.03
Total non-hazardous waste disposal 無害廢物棄置總量	tonnes 噸	0.65	0.62	1.03
Total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity 總無害廢物棄置密度	tonnes/employee 噸／僱員	0.01	0.01	0.02

ENERGY CONSUMPTION

能源消耗

The major sources of the Group's energy consumption were direct energy consumption from petrol consumed by company-owned vehicles and indirect energy consumption from purchased electricity used in the offices. To minimise the environmental impacts of energy consumption from the Group's business operations, the Group has set target to reduce the total energy consumption intensity (kWh/employee) by 2026, using 2024 as the baseline year (2024: 8,694.14 kWh/employee).

本集團能源消耗的主要來源為公司自有車輛消耗汽油產生的直接能源消耗以及辦公室耗用的外購電力產生的間接能源消耗。為將本集團業務營運過程中的能源消耗對環境的影響減至最小，本集團已制定目標，以二零二四年度作為基準年度（二零二四年度：8,694.14千瓦時／僱員），於二零二六年度前降低總能源消耗密度（千瓦時／僱員）。

To achieve the target, the Group has implemented company-owned vehicles management methods as described in the section headed "Air Emissions" to reduce its energy consumption by company-owned vehicles. In addition, the Group encourages employees to establish energy-saving habits at offices and has also implemented various energy-saving measures including:

- Replace lighting control system with light emitting diode ("LED") bulbs;
- Maintain indoor temperature at 25.5°C;
- Conduct regular maintenance to avoid excessive electricity usage;
- Use electronic devices in energy-saving mode where possible;
- Lower the brightness of the monitor screen;
- Switch off the monitors during lunch hours; and
- Turn off the light when leaving the offices.
- 以發光二極管(「LED」)燈泡代替照明控制系統;
- 室內溫度保持在攝氏25.5度;
- 定期維修以避免任何不必要用電;
- 盡量以省電模式使用電子設備;
- 降低顯示器屏幕的亮度;
- 午餐時間關閉顯示器;及
- 離開辦公室時關燈。

During the Reporting Year, the Group's total energy consumption intensity was approximately 1,012.63 kWh/employee, which has decreased by approximately 88.35% compared to the baseline year. The main reason for the reduction was the effective energy-saving measures. Hence, the Group has achieved its target.

Since the period of the target has ended, the Group sets a new target to maintain the total energy consumption intensity (kWh/employee) by 2028, using 2026 as the baseline year (2026: 1,012.63 kWh/employee). The Group will continue to monitor its energy consumption and implement relevant measures, reducing its energy consumption intensity progressively.

為實現該目標，本集團已實施「廢氣排放」一節所述的公司自有車輛管理方法，以減少公司自有車輛的能源消耗。此外，本集團鼓勵僱員養成辦公場所節能習慣，並實施多項節能措施，包括：

於本報告年度，本集團的總能源消耗密度約為每名僱員1,012.63千瓦時，較基準年度減少約88.35%。有關減少的主要原因是採取了行之有效的節能措施。因此，本集團實現了目標。

由於目標期限已屆滿，本集團設定新目標，以二零二六年度作為基準年度（二零二六年度：1,012.63千瓦時／僱員），於二零二八年度前保持總能源消耗密度（千瓦時／僱員）。本集團將繼續監測其能源消耗情況並實施相關措施，逐步降低其能源消耗密度。

The Group's energy consumption performance was as follows:

本集團的能源消耗表現如下：

Types of Energy ¹¹ 能源類型 ¹¹	Unit 單位	2026 二零二六年度	2025 二零二五年度	2024 二零二四年度
Direct energy consumption — Petrol 直接能源消耗量 — 汽油	kWh 千瓦時	49,425.93	46,830.97	545,914.20
Indirect energy consumption — Purchased electricity 間接能源消耗量 — 外購電力	kWh 千瓦時	37,660.00	34,336.00	36,593.00
Total energy consumption 總能源消耗量	kWh 千瓦時	87,085.93	81,166.97	582,507.20
Total energy consumption intensity 總能源消耗密度	kWh/employee 千瓦時／僱員	1,012.63	1,309.14	8,694.14

Note(s):

附註：

11. The unit conversion method of energy consumption data is formulated based on the Energy Statistics Manual issued by International Energy Agency.

11. 能源消耗數據的單位換算方法乃根據國際能源署所發佈之《能源數據手冊》制定。

WATER CONSUMPTION

水源消耗

As the Group operates in office premises of which both the water supply and discharge are solely controlled by the building's management office, there is no issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. The provision of water withdrawal and discharge data or sub-meter for the Group as an individual occupant is not available, therefore target setting for water efficiency is not applicable. The Group's water consumption is minimal. Yet, the Group promotes water-saving practices in the workplace by encouraging its employees to reduce water use in order to raise awareness on water conservation, including:

由於本集團辦公場所的供水及排水均由物業管理辦事處全權管控，因此不存在求取適用水源方面的問題。本集團作為個別租戶無法提供取水及排水數據或分錶讀數，因此無法設定用水效益目標。儘管本集團的用水量很小，本集團仍在工作場所提倡節約用水，鼓勵員工減少用水，以提高節水意識，相關措施包括：

- Conduct regular maintenance and repair of toilet flushing system;
- 定期檢查及維修沖廁系統；
- Remind employees to turn off taps tightly after using to avoid dripping of water;
- 提醒僱員在用水後關緊水龍頭，防止滴漏；

- Use water-saving appliances in water facilities where possible;
- Notify relevant department if problems are found to avoid wasting water resources; and
- Post water-saving reminders in pantry and toilets to remind employees on water conservation.
- 用水設施盡量採用節水型器具；
- 一旦發現問題立即通知相關部門，以防浪費水資源；及
- 在茶水間及廁所張貼節水提示，提醒僱員節約用水。

USE OF PACKAGING MATERIALS

Since the Group is principally engaged in the provision of financial services, packaging is not involved in the usual course of the Group's business, and therefore the use of packaging materials during the Reporting Year is not applicable.

包裝材料的使用

由於本集團主要業務是提供金融服務，本集團的日常業務並不涉及包裝物料，故披露本報告年度內包裝材料的使用情況並不適用。

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Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面 A1：排放物		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的：	Environmental 環境
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Environmental — Air Emissions 環境 — 廢氣排放
關鍵績效指標 A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	
KPI A1.2	[Repealed 1 January 2025]	
關鍵績效指標 A1.2	[於 2025 年 1 月 1 日廢除]	
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental — Waste Management
關鍵績效指標 A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境 — 廢物管理
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental — Waste Management
關鍵績效指標 A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境 — 廢物管理
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental — Air Emissions
關鍵績效指標 A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境 — 廢氣排放
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental — Waste Management
關鍵績效指標 A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法，及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境 — 廢物管理

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect A2: Use of Resources 層面 A2：資源使用		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	Environmental 環境
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental — Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標 A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及／或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境 — 能源消耗
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental — Water Consumption
關鍵績效指標 A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境 — 水源消耗
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental — Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標 A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	環境 — 能源消耗
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental — Water Consumption
關鍵績效指標 A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題，以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境 — 水源消耗
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Environmental — Use of Packaging Materials
關鍵績效指標 A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位估量。	環境 — 包裝材料的使用

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources 層面 A3：環境及天然資源		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	Environmental 環境
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Environmental
關鍵績效指標 A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	環境
Aspect A4: Climate Change 層面 A4：氣候變化		
General Disclosure 一般披露	[Repealed 1 January 2025] [於 2025 年 1 月 1 日廢除]	
KPI A4.1	[Repealed 1 January 2025]	
關鍵績效指標 A4.1	[於 2025 年 1 月 1 日廢除]	
Aspect B1: Employment 層面 B1：僱傭		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的：	Employment 僱傭
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	Employment — The Group's Talent Policy
關鍵績效指標 B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型（如全職或兼職）、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	僱傭 — 本集團的人才政策
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employment — The Group's Talent Policy
關鍵績效指標 B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	僱傭 — 本集團的人才政策

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面 B2：健康與安全		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Employment — Employees' Health and Safety 僱傭 — 僱員健康與安全
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標 B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the Reporting Year. 過去三年(包括本報告年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Employment — Employees' Health and Safety 僱傭 — 僱員健康與安全
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標 B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Employment — Employees' Health and Safety 僱傭 — 僱員健康與安全
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標 B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施，以及相關執行及監察方法。	Employment — Employees' Health and Safety 僱傭 — 僱員健康與安全
Aspect B3: Development and Training 層面 B3：發展及培訓		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Employment — Employees' Development and Training 僱傭 — 僱員發展及培訓
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標 B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層等)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Employment — Employees' Development and Training 僱傭 — 僱員發展及培訓
KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標 B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分，每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Employment — Employees' Development and Training 僱傭 — 僱員發展及培訓

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面 B4：勞工準則		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的：	Employment — Labour Standards 僱傭 — 勞工準則
KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標 B4.1	(a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討僱傭慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	Employment — Labour Standards 僱傭 — 勞工準則
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標 B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	Employment — Labour Standards 僱傭 — 勞工準則
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management 層面 B5：供應鏈管理		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Sustainable Business Operations — Supply Chain Management 可持續業務營運 — 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標 B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Sustainable Business Operations — Supply Chain Management 可持續業務營運 — 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標 B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例，向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目，以及相關執行及監察方法。	Sustainable Business Operations — Supply Chain Management 可持續業務營運 — 供應鏈管理

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Sustainable Business Operations — Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	可持續業務營運 — 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Sustainable Business Operations — Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標 B5.4	描述在挑選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例，以及相關執行及監察方法。	可持續業務營運 — 供應鏈管理
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility		
層面 B6：產品責任		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Sustainable Business Operations
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	可持續業務營運
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Sustainable Business Operations — Product Responsibility (Not applicable — explained)
關鍵績效指標 B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	可持續業務營運 — 產品責任 (不適用 — 已解釋)
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Sustainable Business Operations — Customer Services
關鍵績效指標 B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	可持續業務營運 — 客戶服務

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Sustainable Business Operations — Intellectual Property Rights and Responsible Marketing
關鍵績效指標 B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	可持續業務營運 — 知識產權及負責任營銷
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Sustainable Business Operations — Customer Services
關鍵績效指標 B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	可持續業務營運 — 客戶服務
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Sustainable Business Operations — Customer Privacy Protection and Cyber Security
關鍵績效指標 B6.5	描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策，以及相關執行及監察方法。	可持續業務營運 — 客戶私隱保護及網絡安全
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption		
層面 B7：反貪污		
General Disclosure	Information on:	Business Ethics and Practice
一般披露	(a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	商業道德及常規
KPI B7.1	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的： (a) 政策；及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	商業道德及常規
關鍵績效指標 B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Business Ethics and Practice — Whistleblowing Mechanism
KPI B7.2	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	商業道德及常規 — 舉報機制
KPI B7.3	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Business Ethics and Practice
關鍵績效指標 B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序，以及相關執行及監察方法。	商業道德及常規
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Business Ethics and Practice — Anti-corruption and Anti-fraud, AML and CTF
關鍵績效指標 B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	商業道德及常規 — 反貪污及反欺詐、反洗錢及反恐融資

Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Section/Declaration 章節／聲明
Aspect B8: Community Investment 層面 B8：社區投資		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標 B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Community Investment 社區投資
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標 B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	Community Investment 社區投資

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,
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Governance

管治

19. An issuer shall disclose information about:
- (a) the governance body(s) (which can include a board, committee or equivalent body charged with governance) or individual(s) responsible for oversight of climate related risks and opportunities; and
發行人須披露以下相關資料：
負責監督氣候相關風險和機遇的治理機構（可包括董事會、委員會或其他同等治理機構）或個人；及
- (b) management's role in the governance processes, controls and procedures used to monitor, manage and oversee climate-related risks and opportunities.
管理層在用以監察、管理及監督氣候相關風險和機遇的管治流程、監控措施及程序中的角色。
- Climate-related Disclosure
— Governance
氣候相關披露 — 管治

Strategy

策略

Climate-related risks and opportunities

氣候相關風險和機遇

20. An issuer shall disclose information to enable an understanding of climate-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect the issuer's cash flows, its access to finance or cost of capital over the short, medium or long-term. Specifically, the issuer shall:
- (a) describe climate-related risks and opportunities that could reasonably be expected to affect the issuer's cash flows, its access to finance or cost of capital over the short, medium or long-term;
發行人須披露有關資料，以便了解在短期、中期或長期可合理預期會影響發行人現金流量、融資渠道或資本成本的氣候相關風險和機遇。具體而言，發行人須：
描述在短期、中期或長期可合理預期會影響發行人現金流量、融資渠道或資本成本的氣候相關風險和機遇；
- Climate-related Disclosure
— Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明**

- (b) explain, for each climate-related risk the issuer has identified, whether the issuer considers the risk to be a climate-related physical risk or climate-related transition risk;
就發行人已識別的每項氣候相關風險，解釋發行人是否認為該風險屬於與氣候相關的物理風險或與氣候相關的轉型風險；
- (c) specify, for each climate-related risk and opportunity the issuer has identified, over which time horizons — short, medium or long-term — the effects of each climate-related risk and opportunity could reasonably be expected to occur; and
就發行人已識別的每項氣候相關風險及機遇，具體說明其合理預期每項氣候相關風險及機遇影響發行人的時間範圍（短期、中期或長期）；及
- (d) explain how the issuer defines “short-term”, “medium-term” and “long-term” and how these definitions are linked to the planning horizons used by the issuer for strategic decision-making.
解釋發行人如何定義「短期」、「中期」及「長期」，以及該等定義如何與其進行策略決策的規劃範圍掛鉤。

Business model and value chain**業務模式及價值鏈**

21. An issuer shall disclose information that enables an understanding of the current and anticipated effects of climate-related risks and opportunities on the issuer’s business model and value chain. Specifically, the issuer shall disclose:
發行人須披露有關資料，以便了解氣候相關風險及機遇對發行人業務模式及價值鏈的當前及預期影響。具體而言，發行人須披露：
- (a) a description of the current and anticipated effects of climate-related risks and opportunities on the issuer’s business model and value chain; and
描述氣候相關風險及機遇對發行人業務模式及價值鏈的當前及預期影響；及
- Climate-related Disclosure — Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,
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- (b) a description of where in the issuer's business model and value chain climate related risks and opportunities are concentrated (for example, geographical areas, facilities and types of assets).
描述氣候相關風險及機遇集中於發行人業務模式及價值鏈的哪個方面(例如，地理區域、設施及資產類型)。

Strategy and decision-making**策略及決策**

22. An issuer shall disclose information that enables an understanding of the effects of climate-related risks and opportunities on its strategy and decision-making. Specifically, the issuer shall disclose:
發行人須披露有關資料，以便了解氣候相關風險及機遇對其策略及決策的影響。具體而言，發行人須披露：
- (a) information about how the issuer has responded to, and plans to respond to, climate-related risks and opportunities in its strategy and decision-making, including how the issuer plans to achieve any climate-related targets it has set and any targets it is required to meet by law or regulation; and
有關發行人已經及將來計劃在其策略和決策中如何應對氣候相關風險和機遇的資料，包括發行人計劃如何實現任何其所設定的氣候相關目標，以及任何法律或法規要求達到的目標；及
- (b) information about how the issuer is resourcing, and plans to resource, the activities disclosed in accordance with paragraph 22(a).
有關發行人當前及將來計劃如何為根據第22(a)段披露的活動提供資源的資料。
23. An issuer shall disclose information about the progress of plans disclosed in previous reporting periods in accordance with paragraph 22(a).
發行人須披露有關過往報告期間按照第22(a)段所披露計劃的進展之資料。
- Climate-related Disclosure — Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略
Climate-related Disclosure — Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明****Current financial effect****當前財務影響**

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| 24. | An issuer shall disclose qualitative and quantitative information about: | Climate-related Disclosure
— Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略 |
| (a) | <p>發行人須披露有關以下各項的定性及定量資料：</p> <p>how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected its financial position, financial performance and cash flows for the reporting period; and</p> <p>氣候相關風險和機遇如何影響發行人在報告期間的財務狀況、財務表現及現金流量；及</p> | |
| (b) | <p>the climate-related risks and opportunities identified in paragraph 24(a) for which there is a significant risk of a material adjustment within the next annual reporting period to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities reported in the related financial statements.</p> <p>當存在將導致下一報告年度相關財務報表中的資產和負債賬面價值發生重要調整的重大風險時，關於第24(a)段中識別的氣候相關風險和機遇的資料。</p> | |

Anticipated financial effect**預期財務影響**

- | | | |
|-----|--|---|
| 25. | The issuer shall provide qualitative and quantitative disclosures about: | Climate-related Disclosure
— Strategy
氣候相關披露 — 策略 |
| (a) | <p>發行人須提供有關以下各項的定性及定量披露：</p> <p>how the issuer expects its financial position to change over the short, medium and long-term, given its strategy to manage climate-related risks and opportunities; and</p> <p>發行人經考慮其管理氣候相關風險和機遇的策略後，預期其財務狀況在短期、中期及長期內將如何變化；及</p> | |
| (b) | <p>how the issuer expects its financial performance and cash flows to change over the short, medium and long-term, given its strategy to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.</p> <p>發行人經考慮其管理氣候相關風險和機遇的策略後，預期其財務表現及現金流量在短期、中期及長期內將如何變化。</p> | |

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,
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Climate resilience

氣候適應力

26. An issuer shall disclose information that enables an understanding of the resilience of the issuer's strategy and business model to climate-related changes, developments and uncertainties, taking into consideration the issuer's identified climate-related risks and opportunities. An issuer shall use climate-related scenario analysis to assess its climate resilience using an approach that is commensurate with an issuer's circumstances. In providing quantitative information, the issuer may disclose a single amount or a range. Specifically, the issuer shall disclose:
- 發行人須披露有關資料，以便了解發行人的策略及業務模式對氣候相關變化、發展及不確定性的適應力，當中須考慮發行人已識別的氣候相關風險及機遇。發行人須採用與其情況相稱的方法，使用氣候相關情景分析來評估其氣候適應力。在提供量化資料時，發行人可披露單一金額或範圍。具體而言，發行人須披露：
- (a) the issuer's assessment of its climate resilience as at the reporting date; and
發行人於報告日期對其氣候適應力的評估；及
- (b) how and when the climate-related scenario analysis was carried out.
如何及何時進行氣候相關情景分析。

Climate-related Disclosure
— Strategy

氣候相關披露 — 策略

Risk Management

風險管理

27. An issuer shall disclose information about:
- 發行人須披露以下相關資料：
- (a) the processes and related policies it uses to identify, assess, prioritise and monitor climate-related risks;
其用以識別、評估、確定優先排序及監測氣候相關風險的流程及相關政策；

Climate-related Disclosure
— Risk Management
氣候相關披露 — 風險管理

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明**

- (b) the processes the issuer uses to identify, assess, prioritise and monitor climate related opportunities (including information about whether and how the issuer uses climate-related scenario analysis to inform its identification of climate-related opportunities); and
發行人用以識別、評估、確定優先排序及監測氣候相關機遇的流程(包括有關發行人是否及如何使用氣候相關情景分析以助其識別氣候相關機遇的資料)；及
- (c) the extent to which, and how, the processes for identifying, assessing, prioritising and monitoring climate-related risks and opportunities are integrated into and inform the issuer's overall risk management process.
識別、評估、確定優先排序及監測氣候相關風險及機遇的流程在何種程度上及如何融入發行人的整體風險管理流程並為其提供依據。

Metrics and Targets**指標與目標****Greenhouse gas emissions****溫室氣體排放**

28. An issuer shall disclose its absolute gross greenhouse gas emissions generated during the reporting period, expressed as metric tons of CO₂ equivalent, classified as:
發行人須披露其於報告期間產生的溫室氣體絕對總排放量(以二氧化碳當量公噸表示)，並分類為：
- (a) Scope 1 greenhouse gas emissions;
範圍1溫室氣體排放；
- (b) Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions; and
範圍2溫室氣體排放；及
- (c) Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions.
範圍3溫室氣體排放。

Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets

氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,
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- | | | |
|-----|--|---|
| 29. | An issuer shall: | Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標 |
| (a) | <p>發行人須：</p> <p>measure its greenhouse gas emissions in accordance with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (2004) unless required by a jurisdictional authority or another exchange on which the issuer is listed to use a different method for measuring greenhouse gas emissions;</p> <p>除非管轄機關或發行人上市之另一交易所要求採用其他溫室氣體排放計量方法，否則根據《溫室氣體核算體系：企業核算與報告標準(2004年)》計量其溫室氣體排放。</p> | |
| (b) | <p>disclose the approach it uses to measure its greenhouse gas emissions;</p> <p>披露其用於計量溫室氣體排放的方法；</p> | |
| (c) | <p>for Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions disclosed in accordance with paragraph 28(b), disclose its location-based Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions, and provide information about any contractual instruments that is necessary to enable an understanding of the issuer's Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions; and</p> <p>就根據第28(b)段披露的範圍2溫室氣體排放，披露其以地域為基準的範圍2溫室氣體排放，並提供有助於了解發行人範圍2溫室氣體排放的任何所需合約文書的資料；及</p> | |
| (d) | <p>for Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions disclosed in accordance with paragraph 28(c), disclose the categories included within the issuer's measure of Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions, in accordance with the Scope 3 categories described in the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard (2011).</p> <p>就根據第28(c)段披露的範圍3溫室氣體排放，根據《溫室氣體核算體系：企業價值鏈(範圍3)核算與報告標準(2011年)》所述的範圍3類別，披露發行人計量範圍3溫室氣體排放中包含的類別。</p> | |

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明****Climate-related transition risks****氣候相關轉型風險**

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|-----|---|--|
| 30. | An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities vulnerable to climate-related transition risks.
發行人須披露易受氣候相關轉型風險影響的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。 | Climate-related Disclosure — Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標 |
|-----|---|--|

Climate-related physical risks**氣候相關物理風險**

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| 31. | An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities vulnerable to climate-related physical risks.
發行人須披露易受氣候相關物理風險影響的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。 | Climate-related Disclosure — Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標 |
|-----|---|--|

Climate-related opportunities**氣候相關機遇**

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|-----|---|--|
| 32. | An issuer shall disclose the amount and percentage of assets or business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities.
發行人須披露涉及氣候相關機遇的資產或業務活動的金額及百分比。 | Climate-related Disclosure — Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標 |
|-----|---|--|

Capital deployment**資本運用**

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| 33. | An issuer shall disclose the amount of capital expenditure, financing or investment deployed towards climate-related risks and opportunities.
發行人須披露用於氣候相關風險和機遇的資本開支、融資或投資的金額。 | Climate-related Disclosure — Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標 |
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Internal carbon prices**內部碳定價**

34. An issuer shall disclose:
- 發行人須披露：
- (a) an explanation of whether and how the issuer is applying a carbon price in decision-making (for example, investment decisions, transfer pricing, and scenario analysis); and
闡釋發行人有否及如何在決策中應用碳定價（例如投資決策、轉移定價及情景分析）；及
- (b) the price of each metric tonne of greenhouse gas emissions the issuer uses to assess the costs of its greenhouse gas emissions.
發行人用於評估其溫室氣體排放成本的每公噸溫室氣體排放的定價。
- Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標

Remuneration**薪酬**

35. An issuer shall disclose whether and how climate-related considerations are factored into remuneration policy, or an appropriate negative statement. This may form part of the disclosure under paragraph 19(a)(iv).
- 發行人須披露氣候相關考慮因素有否及如何納入薪酬政策，或提供適當的否定聲明。這可能構成根據第 19(a)(iv) 段作出的披露的一部分。
- Climate-related Disclosure
— Governance
氣候相關披露 — 管治

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明****Industry-based metrics****行業指標**

36.

An issuer is encouraged to disclose industry-based metrics that are associated with one or more particular business models, activities or other common features that characterise participation in an industry. In determining the industry-based metrics that the issuer discloses, an issuer is encouraged to refer to and consider the applicability of the industry-based metrics associated with disclosure topics described in the IFRS S2 Industry based Guidance on implementing Climate-related Disclosures and other industry-based disclosure requirements prescribed under other international ESG reporting frameworks.

本交易所鼓勵發行人披露與一項或多項特定的業務模式和活動有關的行業指標，或描述參與有關行業特徵的其他常見指標。在決定發行人披露的行業指標時，本交易所鼓勵發行人參考《國際財務報告可持續披露準則S2號—氣候相關披露》行業實施指南和其他國際環境、社會及管治報告框架下其他行業披露要求所述的與披露主題相關的行業指標，並考慮其是否適用。

Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets

氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標

Climate-related targets**氣候相關目標**

37.

An issuer shall disclose (a) the qualitative and quantitative climate-related targets the issuer has set to monitor progress towards achieving its strategic goals; and (b) any targets the issuer is required to meet by law or regulation, including any greenhouse gas emissions targets. For each target, the issuer shall disclose:

發行人須披露(a)其為監察實現其策略目標的進展而設定的與氣候相關的定性及量化目標；及(b)法律或法規要求發行人達到的任何目標，包括任何溫室氣體排放目標。發行人須就每個目標披露：

(a)

the metric used to set the target;
用以設定目標的指標；

(b)

the objective of the target (for example, mitigation, adaptation or conformance with science-based initiatives);
目標的目的(例如減緩、適應或符合以科學為基礎的舉措)；

Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets

氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,
Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs**主題範疇、層面、一般
披露及關鍵績效指標**Description**

描述

Section/Declaration

章節／聲明

- (c) the part of the issuer to which the target applies (for example, whether the target applies to the issuer in its entirety or only a part of the issuer, such as a specific business unit or geographic region);
目標適用於發行人的部分(例如目標是適用於發行人整個集團還是僅適用於其一部分(如特定業務單位或地理區域))。
- (d) the period over which the target applies;
目標的適用期間；
- (e) the base period from which progress is measured;
計量進度的基準期間；
- (f) milestones or interim targets (if any);
階段性目標或中期目標(如有)；
- (g) if the target is quantitative, whether the target is an absolute target or an intensity target; and
如屬量化目標，其屬絕對目標還是強度目標；及
- (h) how the latest international agreement on climate change, including jurisdictional commitments that arise from that agreement, has informed the target.
最新氣候變化國際協議(包括該協議產生的司法承諾)如何幫助發行人設定目標。
38. An issuer shall disclose information about its approach to setting and reviewing each target, and how it monitors progress against each target, including:
發行人須披露其設定及審核每項目標的方法以及其如何監察達標進度的資料，包括：
- (a) whether the target and the methodology for setting the target has been validated by a third party;
目標及設定目標的方法是否經第三方驗證；
- (b) the issuer's processes for reviewing the target;
發行人審核目標的程序；
- (c) the metrics used to monitor progress towards reaching the target; and
用於監察達標進度的指標；及
- (d) any revisions to the target and an explanation for those revisions.
對目標作出的任何修訂及作出該等修訂的解釋。
- Climate-related Disclosure
— Metrics and Targets,
Climate-related Disclosure
— Governance
氣候相關披露 — 指標與目標、氣候相關披露 — 管治

Part D: Climate-related Disclosures**D 部分：氣候相關披露****Subject Areas,****Aspects, General****Disclosures & KPIs****主題範疇、層面、一般****披露及關鍵績效指標****Description****描述****Section/Declaration****章節／聲明**

39. An issuer shall disclose information about its performance against each climate-related target and an analysis of trends or changes in the issuer's performance.
發行人須披露有關各項氣候相關目標表現的資料，以及對發行人表現的趨勢或變化的分析。
40. For each greenhouse gas emissions target disclosed in accordance with paragraphs 37 to 39, an issuer shall disclose:
就根據第37至39段披露的各項溫室氣體排放目標，發行人須披露：
- (a) which greenhouse gases are covered by the target;
目標涵蓋的溫室氣體；
 - (b) whether Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions are covered by the target;
目標是否涵蓋範圍1、範圍2或範圍3的溫室氣體排放；
 - (c) whether the target is a gross greenhouse gas emissions target or a net greenhouse gas emissions target. If the issuer discloses a net greenhouse gas emissions target, the issuer is also required to separately disclose its associated gross greenhouse gas emissions target;
目標是溫室氣體排放總額目標還是溫室氣體排放淨額目標。倘發行人披露溫室氣體排放淨額目標，其亦須另外披露相關溫室氣體排放總額目標；
 - (d) whether the target was derived using a sectoral decarbonisation approach; and
目標是否採用行業脫碳方法得出；及
 - (e) the issuer's planned use of carbon credits to offset greenhouse gas emissions to achieve any net greenhouse gas emissions target.
發行人計劃使用碳信用額度抵銷溫室氣體排放，以實現任何溫室氣體排放淨額目標。

Applicability of cross-industry metrics and industry-based metrics**跨行業指標及行業指標的適用性**

41. In preparing disclosures to meet the requirements in paragraphs 21 to 26 and 37 to 38, an issuer shall refer to and consider the applicability of (i) cross-industry metrics (see paragraphs 28 to 35) and (ii) industry-based metrics (see paragraph 36).
在編製披露內容以符合第21至26段及第37至38段的規定時，發行人須參考(i)跨行業指標(見第28至35段)及(ii)行業指標(見第36段)並考慮其是否適用。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告書



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
GOFINTECH QUANTUM INNOVATION LIMITED
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) set out on pages 191 to 311, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2026, and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2026, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“**HKSAs**”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the “**Code**”), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致：

國富量子創新有限公司全體股東
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師已審計列載於第191至311頁國富量子創新有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(統稱「**貴集團**」)的綜合財務報表，包括於二零二六年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表、綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重要會計政策資料)。

我們認為，綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則會計準則真實而公允地反映了貴集團於二零二六年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「**《香港審計準則》**」)進行審計。根據該等準則，我們的責任於本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」一節中進一步詳述。根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師道德守則(「**守則**」)中適用於公眾利益實體財務報表審計之規定，我們獨立於貴集團。我們亦已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審計憑證足夠及能適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS USING LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT AND INVESTMENTS IN ARTWORKS

Refer to Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group measured its investments at fair value through profit or loss and investments in artworks with the changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated profit or loss. This fair value measurement is significant to our audit because the balance of investments at fair value through profit or loss using level 3 fair value measurement and investments in artworks of HK\$2,227,622,000 as at 31 March 2026 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's fair value measurement involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuers engaged by the Company;
- Obtaining the external valuation reports and meeting with the external valuers to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgments and assumptions applied in the valuation model;
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the fair value measurement in the consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及達成我們對其的意見時處理，而我們不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

使用第三級公平值計量之按公平值列入損益賬之投資及藝術品投資

請參閱綜合財務報表附註6。

貴集團計量按公平值列入損益賬之投資及藝術品投資，有關公平值變動於綜合損益中確認。對我們的審計而言，這項公平值計量非常重要，此乃由於截至二零二六年三月三十一日，使用第三級公平值計量之按公平值列入損益賬之投資及藝術品投資結餘高達2,227,622,000港元，對綜合財務報表具有重大影響。此外，貴集團之公平值計量涉及運用判斷，並基於若干假設及估計。

我們的審計程序包括以下各項：

- 評估 貴公司所委聘外部估值師的工作能力、獨立性及誠信；
- 獲取外部估值報告並與外部估值師會面，以討論並質疑估值過程、所使用的方法及用以支持估值模型中所運用的重要判斷及假設的市場證據；
- 將估值模型中的關鍵假設和輸入數據與支持憑證進行核對；
- 檢查估值模型的計算準確性；以及
- 評估綜合財務報表中公平值計量的披露情況。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS USING LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT AND INVESTMENTS IN ARTWORKS (Continued)

We consider that the Group's fair value measurement of the investments at fair value through profit or loss using level 3 fair value measurement and investments in artworks is supported by the available evidence.

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

Refer to Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group tested the amount of loan and trade receivables for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of loan and trade receivables of HK\$1,782,755,000 as at 31 March 2026 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the Group's procedures on granting credit limits and credit periods to debtors;
- Assessing the Group's relationship and transaction history with the debtors;
- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing ageing of the debts;
- Assessing creditworthiness of the debtors;
- Checking subsequent settlements from the debtors;
- Assessing the value of the collateral for the debts; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the Group's exposure to credit risk in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for loan and trade receivables is supported by the available evidence.

關鍵審計事項 (續)

使用第三級公平值計量之按公平值列入損益賬之投資及藝術品投資 (續)

我們認為 貴集團使用第三級公平值計量之按公平值列入損益賬之投資及藝術品投資的公平值計量可得到現有證據的支持。

應收貸款及貿易應收賬款的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註22。

貴集團測試了應收貸款及貿易應收賬款的減值金額。對我們的審計而言，這項減值測試非常重要，此乃由於截至二零二六年三月三十一日，應收貸款及貿易應收賬款結餘為1,782,755,000港元，對綜合財務報表具有重大影響。此外，貴集團的減值測試涉及運用判斷並基於若干假設及估計。

我們的審計程序包括以下各項：

- 評估 貴集團向債務人授出信貸限額及信貸期的程序；
- 評估 貴集團與債務人的關係及交易史；
- 評價 貴集團的減值評估情況；
- 評估債務的賬齡；
- 評估債務人的信用情況；
- 檢查債務人後續結算情況；
- 評估債務抵押品的價值；及
- 評估 貴集團在綜合財務報表中對信貸風險敞口的披露情況。

我們認為 貴集團對應收貸款及貿易應收賬款進行的減值測試得到現有證據的支持。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司年報所載所有資料，惟綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的核數師報告除外。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料，我們亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就審計綜合財務報表而言，我們的責任是閱讀其他資料，及在此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況有重大不符，或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作，如我們認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述，我們需要報告有關事實。就此而言，我們無需報告任何事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則會計準則和香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製綜合財務報表使其真實而公允地列報，以及制定董事認為必要的相關內部監控，以使編製綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

<https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/Standards/Our-views/auditre>

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Yeung Hong Chun

Audit Engagement Director

Practising Certificate Number P07374

Hong Kong, 30 June 2026

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標，是對整體綜合財務報表是否存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向閣下作為整體報告我們的意見，而並不可作其他目的。我們不會就本報告之內容向任何其他人士承擔責任或負責。合理保證是高水平的保證，但不能保證按《香港審計準則》進行的審計總能發現存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如按合理預期它們個別或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

我們就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任的進一步說明載於香港會計師公會網站：

<https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/Standards/Our-views/auditre>

有關說明構成我們核數師報告的一部分。

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

楊匡俊

審計項目董事

執業證書編號P07374

香港，二零二六年六月三十日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	7	1,752,677	863,400
Cost of sales and services	銷售及服務成本		(1,622,017)	(825,811)
Gross profit	毛利		130,660	37,589
Fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資公平值變動		422,436	50,145
Other income, net	其他收入淨額	9	86,840	13,961
Expected credit losses on loan and trade receivables and other receivables	應收貸款及貿易應收賬款以及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損		(13,869)	(182)
Impairment loss of property and equipment and right-of-use assets	物業及設備以及使用權資產之減值虧損		—	(3,404)
Staff costs	員工成本	12	(65,179)	(70,985)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支	12	(59,782)	(27,462)
Finance costs	財務成本	10	(7,911)	(3,031)
Share of profits of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利		64,946	1,643
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之視作出售之虧損	19(b)	(218,905)	—
Impairment loss of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之減值虧損	19(c)	(2,459,256)	—
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(2,120,020)	(1,726)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	11	(10,620)	(799)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	12	(2,130,640)	(2,525)
Other comprehensive income/ (expense):	其他全面收入／(開支)：			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>	<i>隨後可重新分類至損益賬之項目：</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額		5,964	454
Share of other comprehensive income/ (expense) of associates	應佔聯營公司其他全面收入／(開支)		40,311	(30,597)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面收入／(開支)(扣除稅項)		46,275	(30,143)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度全面開支總額		(2,084,365)	(32,668)
Loss per share	每股虧損		HK cents 港仙	HK cent 港仙
— Basic and diluted	— 基本及攤薄	15	(28.18)	(0.04)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2026 於二零二六年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property and equipment and right-of-use assets	物業及設備以及使用權資產	16	6,525	7,683
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	15,206	42,682
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	19	3,324,660	2,991,487
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資	20	675,941	285,324
Investments in artworks	藝術品投資	21	826,716	443,000
Prepaid consideration for investments	投資之預付代價		23,244	—
Regulatory deposits	法定按金	23	319	205
			4,872,611	3,770,381
Current assets	流動資產			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資	20	1,166,974	300,618
Loan and trade receivables	應收貸款及貿易應收賬款	22	1,782,755	150,619
Contract assets	合約資產		—	17
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	其他應收款項、按金及預付款項	24	698,186	142,173
Bank balances — trust	銀行結餘 — 信託	25	172,359	156,101
Bank balances and cash — general	銀行結餘及現金 — 一般	26	435,560	92,186
			4,255,834	841,714
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	27	1,601,313	213,687
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		45,911	40,620
Borrowings	借款	28	508,189	415,377
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之金融負債		1,810	11
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	10,893	8,305
Current tax liabilities	即期稅項負債		1,691	890
			2,169,807	678,890
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,086,027	162,824
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		6,958,638	3,933,205

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 March 2026 於二零二六年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	4,858	6,880
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	30	9,731	702
			14,589	7,582
Net assets	資產淨值		6,944,049	3,925,623
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	31	1,030,385	745,847
Reserves	儲備	33	5,913,664	3,179,776
Total equity	權益總額		6,944,049	3,925,623

Approved by the Board on 30 June 2026.

董事會於二零二六年六月三十日批准。

SUN Qing
孫青
Director
董事

CHIU Kung Chik
趙公直
Director
董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital	Share premium	Treasury stock	Translation reserve	Special reserve	Capital reserve	Share-based payment reserve	Other reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	庫存股	匯兌儲備	特殊儲備	資本儲備	股份支付儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	權益總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	632,625	788,938	-	(13,487)	13,524	1,863	306	(3,440)	(633,486)	786,843
Total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度全面開支總額	-	-	-	(30,143)	-	-	-	-	(2,525)	(32,668)
Issue of shares (note 31)	發行股份(附註31)	79,217	219,021	(51,840)	-	-	-	-	-	-	246,398
Acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司	34,005	244,838	(385)	-	-	-	-	2,607,149	-	2,885,607
Share-based payments (note 34)	以股份為基礎的付款(附註34)	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,443	-	-	39,443
Forfeiture and lapse of share options	沒收購股權及購股權失效	-	-	-	-	-	-	(91)	-	91	-
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日	745,847	1,252,797	(52,225)	(43,630)	13,524	1,863	39,658	2,603,709	(635,920)	3,925,623
At 1 April 2025	於二零二五年四月一日	745,847	1,252,797	(52,225)	(43,630)	13,524	1,863	39,658	2,603,709	(635,920)	3,925,623
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	本年度全面收入/(開支)總額	-	-	-	46,275	-	-	-	-	(2,130,640)	(2,084,365)
Issue of shares (note 31)	發行股份(附註31)	144,032	2,032,404	-	-	-	-	(1,191)	-	-	2,175,245
Acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司	140,506	3,582,911	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,723,417
Share-based payments (note 34)	以股份為基礎的付款(附註34)	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,470	-	-	21,470
Forfeiture and lapse of share options	沒收購股權及購股權失效	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23,652)	-	23,652	-
Others	其他	-	-	(817,341)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(817,341)
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	1,030,385	6,868,112	(869,566)	2,645	13,524	1,863	36,285	2,603,709	(2,742,908)	6,944,049

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動的現金流量		
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(2,120,020)	(1,726)
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整：		
Impairment loss of property and equipment	物業及設備減值虧損	—	1,089
Impairment loss of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	—	2,315
Depreciation	折舊	10,629	8,840
Finance costs	財務成本	7,911	3,031
Interest revenue	利息收益	(52,318)	(27,978)
Dividend income	股息收入	(217)	(1,838)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	出售物業及設備之虧損	119	—
Expected credit losses on loan and trade receivables and other receivables	應收貸款及貿易應收賬款以及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損	13,869	182
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之視作出售虧損	218,905	—
Fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資公平值變動	(422,436)	(50,145)
Fair value changes on investments in artworks	藝術品投資之公平值變動	4,574	(504)
Share of profits of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利	(64,946)	(1,643)
Impairment loss of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資減值虧損	2,459,256	—
Equity-settled share-based payments	以權益結算之股份支付	21,470	39,443
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司之收益	—	(2,068)
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	出售無形資產之收益	(23,960)	—
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital	營運資金變動前經營溢利／(虧損)	52,836	(31,002)
Change in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款變動	(1,511,336)	(156,744)
Change in bank balances — trust	銀行結餘 — 信託變動	(16,372)	120,633
Change in trade payables, other payables and accruals	貿易應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用變動	1,394,716	(25,977)
Cash used in operations	經營業務所用現金	(80,156)	(93,090)
Income tax (paid)/refunded	(已付)／已退回所得稅	(790)	101
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(80,946)	(92,989)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量		
Interest received	已收利息	38,725	11,964
Dividend received	已收股息	217	1,838
Transaction cost on acquisition of an associate	收購聯營公司之交易成本	(4,140)	—
Prepaid consideration for investment	投資之預付代價	(23,244)	—
Proceeds from disposal of investments at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公平值列入損益賬之投資之所得款項	136,489	94,798
Purchases of investments at fair value through profit or loss	購入按公平值列入損益賬之投資	(967,043)	(307,066)
Prepayment for investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資之預付款項	(1,550)	(10,000)
Distribution/redemption of unlisted investment funds	非上市投資基金之分派／贖回	6,704	—
Subscription of loans to third parties	向第三方認購貸款	(877,865)	—
Repayment of loans to third parties	償還第三方貸款	199,201	—
Prepaid consideration for investments in artworks	藝術品投資之預付代價	—	(50,000)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	—	(14,952)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	—	2,722
Purchases of property and equipment	購買物業及設備	(636)	(4,469)
Proceeds on disposal of property and equipment	出售物業及設備之所得款項	1,655	—
Purchases of intangible assets	購買無形資產	—	(36,001)
Purchases of investments in artworks	購入藝術品投資	(388,082)	(442,496)
Proceeds on disposal of intangible assets	出售無形資產之所得款項	51,436	—
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額	(1,828,133)	(753,662)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動的現金流量		
Borrowings raised	籌集借貸	684,581	415,377
Repayments of borrowings	償還借貸	(10,825)	—
Repayments of corporate bonds	償還公司債券	—	(2,062)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(10,026)	(7,556)
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份之所得款項	1,588,020	246,398
Interests paid	已付利息	(5,261)	(3,031)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得淨現金	2,246,489	649,126

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加／(減少)淨額	337,410	(197,525)
Effect of foreign currency translation	外幣換算之影響	5,964	454
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初之現金及現金等價物	92,186	289,257
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	年末之現金及現金等價物	435,560	92,186
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物分析，		
Bank balances and cash — general	銀行結餘及現金 — 一般	435,560	92,186

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited (the “**Company**”) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Suite 102, Cannon Place, P.O. Box 712, North Sound Rd., George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-9006, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Units No. 4102-06, 41/F, COSCO Tower, 183 Queen’s Road Central, Hong Kong. The Company’s shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”).

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “**Group**”) have adopted all the new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”) that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 April 2025. HKFRS Accounting Standards comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRS**”); Hong Kong Accounting Standards; and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards did not result in significant changes to the Group’s accounting policies, presentation of the Group’s consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

1. 一般資料

國富量子創新有限公司(「**本公司**」)於開曼群島註冊成立為一家受豁免有限公司。註冊辦事處地址為 Suite 102, Cannon Place, P.O. Box 712, North Sound Rd., George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-9006, Cayman Islands。主要營業地點地址為香港皇后大道中183號中遠大廈41樓4102-06室。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註18。

2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則

於本年度，本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」)已採納香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之與本集團業務相關並於二零二五年四月一日開始之會計年度生效之所有新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則。香港財務報告準則會計準則包括所有香港財務報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)、香港會計準則及詮釋。採納該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則並無導致本集團之會計政策、本集團綜合財務報表之呈列以及本年度及過往年度呈報之金額出現重大變動。

本集團並無應用已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則。本集團已開始評估該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則之影響，惟尚未能確定該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則會否對其經營業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by investments and derivative which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 March. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

3. 重大會計政策

此等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則會計準則、香港公認會計原則以及聯交所證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)及香港《公司條例》之適用披露規定編製。

此等綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編製，並就若干按公平值列賬之投資及衍生工具作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則會計準則之綜合財務報表須使用若干主要假設及估計。董事亦須於應用會計政策之過程中作出判斷。涉及重大判斷之範疇以及假設及估計對此等綜合財務報表而言屬重大之範疇於綜合財務報表附註4披露。

編製該等綜合財務報表應用的重大會計政策載列如下。

綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至三月三十一日之財務報表。附屬公司為本集團對其擁有控制權的實體。當本集團因參與實體業務而承擔可變動回報的風險或享有可變動回報，且有能力透過向實體施加權力而影響該等回報時，則本集團控制該實體。當本集團的現有權利使其現時能夠主導相關活動(即對實體之回報有重大影響力的活動)時，則本集團對該實體擁有權力。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

CONSOLIDATION (Continued)

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

綜合賬目 (續)

在評估控制權時，本集團會考慮其潛在投票權以及其他人士持有的潛在投票權，以釐定其是否擁有控制權。潛在投票權僅在持有人有實際能力行使該權利時，方會予以考慮。

附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團之日起開始綜合入賬。自本集團喪失控制權之日起終止綜合入賬。

出售附屬公司（導致失去控制權）的收益或虧損指以下兩項的差額：(i) 出售代價的公平值加上於該附屬公司保留的任何投資的公平值及(ii) 本公司應佔該附屬公司的資產淨值加上與該附屬公司有關的任何剩餘商譽及任何相關累計外幣換算儲備。

集團內公司間的交易、結餘及未變現溢利予以對銷。除非交易提供所轉讓資產減值的證據，否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。如有必要，為保持與本集團採納的政策一致，附屬公司的會計政策已做修改。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

ASSOCIATES

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)**聯營公司**

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響力的實體。重大影響力指有權參與實體的財務及經營政策決策，但並非對該等政策擁有控制權或共同控制權。於評估本集團是否有重大影響力時，會考慮目前可行使或可轉換的潛在投票權（包括其他實體持有的潛在投票權）的存在及影響。於評估潛在投票權是否有重大影響力時，不會考慮持有人行使或轉換該權利的意向及財務能力。

於聯營公司的投資按權益法於綜合財務報表入賬，並初步按成本確認。於一項收購中可識別的聯營公司資產及負債按其於收購日期的公平值計量。收購成本超出本集團應佔聯營公司可識別資產及負債的公平值淨值的差額入賬列作商譽。商譽計入投資的賬面值，並於有客觀證據顯示投資出現減值時於各報告期末連同投資一併進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公平值淨值超出收購成本的任何差額於綜合損益中確認。

本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後溢利或虧損於綜合損益中確認，而其應佔收購後儲備變動則於綜合儲備內確認。累計收購後變動就投資之賬面值作出調整。倘本集團應佔聯營公司虧損等於或超過其於聯營公司的權益（包括任何其他無抵押應收款項），則本集團不會確認進一步虧損，除非本集團已產生責任或代表聯營公司付款。倘該聯營公司其後錄得溢利，則本集團僅於其應佔溢利足以彌補其未確認之應佔虧損後方會恢復確認其應佔溢利。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that associate plus any remaining goodwill relating to that associate and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Reciprocal interests in the Company held by an associate

One of the Group's associates holds equity interests in the Company ("Reciprocal Interests") and accounts for the Reciprocal Interests as investments at fair value through profit or loss. All income of this associate arising from the Reciprocal Interests is eliminated before the Group accounts for this associate using equity method. In addition, the Group treats its effective interest in the Reciprocal Interests held by this associate as share buy back and reduces the Group's equity and investment in this associate accordingly.

聯營公司(續)

出售聯營公司(導致失去重大影響力)的收益或虧損指以下兩項的差額:(i)出售代價的公平值加上於該聯營公司保留的任何投資的公平值及(ii)本集團應佔該聯營公司的資產淨值加上與該聯營公司有關的任何剩餘商譽及任何相關累計外幣換算儲備。倘於一間聯營公司的投資變成於一間合營企業的投資,則本集團繼續採用權益法且不會重新計量保留權益。

本集團與其聯營公司之間交易的未變現溢利以本集團於聯營公司的權益為限予以對銷。除非交易提供所轉讓資產減值的證據,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。聯營公司的會計政策已作出必要的調整,以確保與本集團所採納的政策一致。

一間聯營公司持有之本公司互惠權益

本集團一間聯營公司持有本公司股權(「互惠權益」),並將互惠權益入賬列為按公平值列入損益賬之投資。於本集團以權益法將該聯營公司入賬前,該聯營公司產生自互惠權益之所有收入均予以對銷。此外,本集團將其於該聯營公司所持互惠權益之實際權益視為股份購回,並相應削減本集團於該聯營公司之權益及投資。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "**functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which are the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

納入本集團各實體財務報表的項目均以該實體經營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「**功能貨幣**」)計量。綜合財務報表以本公司的功能及呈列貨幣港元(「**港元**」)呈列。

(b) 各實體財務報表內之交易及結餘

外幣交易於初步確認時按交易日期的匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按各報告期末的匯率換算。此換算政策產生的盈虧於損益確認。

以外幣按公平值計量的非貨幣性項目按釐定公平值當日之匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目的收益或虧損於其他全面收益確認時，該收益或虧損的任何匯兌部分於其他全面收益確認。當非貨幣項目的收益或虧損於損益確認時，該收益或虧損的任何匯兌部分於損益確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

(Continued)

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the exchange reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the exchange reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

外幣換算(續)

(c) 綜合賬目時進行的換算

功能貨幣與本公司呈列貨幣不同的本集團所有實體的經營業績及財務狀況按以下方式換算為本公司的呈列貨幣：

- (i) 各財務狀況表內呈列的資產及負債按該財務狀況表日期的收市匯率換算；
- (ii) 收支按平均匯率換算（除非該平均匯率並非有關交易日通行匯率累計影響的合理近似值，在此情況下，收支按有關交易日的匯率換算）；及
- (iii) 所有由此產生的匯兌差額均於匯兌儲備中確認。

於綜合賬目時，因換算海外實體投資淨額及借貸所產生的匯兌差額於匯兌儲備內確認。當出售海外業務時，有關匯兌差額於綜合損益內確認為出售收益或虧損之一部分。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Shorter of remaining lease term or 3 years
Office equipment	4 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

物業及設備

物業及設備按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損入賬。

其後開支只有在該項開支很可能為本集團帶來未來經濟收益及其成本能可靠地計算時，才計入資產之賬面值或確認為獨立資產（視乎情況而定）。所有其他維修及保養費用在其產生期間於損益中確認。

物業及設備的折舊按足以在其估計可使用年期內撇銷其成本減剩餘價值的比率以直線法計算。主要年率如下：

租賃物業裝修	剩餘租期或3年 (以較短者為準)
辦公設備	4年
汽車	4年

於各報告期末對剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法進行檢討及調整（如適用）。

出售設備之收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值之間的差額釐定，並於損益中確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

LEASES

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal useful lives of office premises and warehouse is 2 to 3 years.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below United States dollars ("US\$") 5,000.

租賃

當租賃資產可供本集團使用時，租賃確認為使用權資產及相應租賃負債。使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。使用權資產按資產可使用年期與租期二者中較短者以直線法攤銷其成本的比率計算折舊。辦公物業及倉庫的主要可使用年期為2至3年。

使用權資產按成本(包括租賃負債、預付租賃款項、初始直接成本及恢復成本的初始計量金額)計量。租賃負債包括使用租賃隱含利率(倘可確定)或本集團的增量借款利率貼現的租賃付款的現值淨額。各租賃付款於負債及融資成本之間分配。融資成本於租期內自損益扣除，以便產生租賃負債餘額的固定週期性利率。

與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃相關的付款於租期內按直線法於損益中確認為開支。短期租賃為初始租期為12個月或以下的租賃。低價值資產為價值低於5,000美元(「美元」)的資產。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cryptocurrencies purchased and held by the Group through third-party custodian service providers mainly include Bitcoins, which is accounted for as intangible assets under the cost model. The Group has ownership of and control over the cryptocurrencies held and employs third party custodian service provider to securely store them. The cryptocurrencies held by the Group are considered to have an indefinite life. Accordingly, they are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

Club membership with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that intangible assets has suffered an impairment loss.

INVESTMENTS IN ARTWORKS

Artworks, including porcelain and collectible Chinese arts, which are held for long-term investment purposes and not traded in the ordinary course of business are initially measured at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in artworks purposes are stated at fair value with gains and losses from the change in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

無形資產

本集團透過第三方託管服務商購入及持有的加密貨幣主要包括比特幣，該加密貨幣按成本模式作為無形資產入賬。本集團對所持加密貨幣擁有所有權及控制權，並聘用第三方託管服務商安全儲存該等貨幣。本集團持有的加密貨幣被視為具有無限年期，因此毋須進行攤銷，但須每年進行減值測試；倘發生事件或情況變化顯示可能出現減值，則進行更頻密的減值測試。

具無限可使用年期之會籍按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。無形資產每年或於有跡象顯示發生減值虧損時進行減值檢討。

藝術品投資

藝術品（包括持作長期投資目的且並非於日常業務過程中交易的瓷器及具收藏價值的中國藝術品）初始按成本計量。初步確認後，藝術品投資按公平值列賬，公平值變動產生的收益及虧損於損益表中確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

確認及終止確認金融工具

當本集團成為工具合約條文的訂約方時，於財務狀況表內確認金融資產及金融負債。

倘從資產收取現金流量之合約權利屆滿；本集團轉讓資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報；或本集團既無轉讓亦無保留資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，但不保留資產之控制權，則終止確認金融資產。終止確認一項金融資產時，資產賬面值與已收代價總和之差額於損益確認。

當有關合約所訂明的責任解除、取消或屆滿時，將終止確認金融負債。終止確認的金融負債賬面值與已付代價之間的差額於損益中確認。

倘根據合約（合約條款規定須於有關市場所規定時限內交付資產）購買或出售資產，則金融資產按交易日基準確認及終止確認，並初步按公平值加直接應佔交易成本確認，惟按公平值列入損益賬之投資除外。收購按公平值列入損益賬之投資直接應佔之交易成本即時於損益確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost; and
- Investments at fair value through profit or loss.

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

確認及終止確認金融工具 (續)

本集團的金融資產分類為以下類別：

- 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產；及
- 按公平值列入損益賬之投資。

(a) 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

倘金融資產（包括貿易及其他應收款項）同時符合以下條件，則歸入此類別：

- 資產按目的為持有資產以收取合約現金流量的業務模式持有；及
- 資產的合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

有關資產隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備計量。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

RECOGNITION AND DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified under this category if they do not meet the conditions to be measured at amortised cost and the conditions of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss. The fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are net of any interest income and dividend income. Interest income and dividend income are recognised in profit or loss.

LOSS ALLOWANCES FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses (“ECL”) on financial assets at amortised cost. ECL are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument (“lifetime ECL”) for trade receivables and contract assets, or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)

確認及終止確認金融工具 (續)

(b) 按公平值列入損益賬之投資

倘金融資產不符合按攤銷成本計量的條件及按公平值列入其他全面收益的債務投資的條件，除非本集團於初步確認時指定並非持作買賣的股本投資為按公平值列入其他全面收益，否則有關金融資產歸入此類別。

按公平值列入損益賬的投資其後按公平值計量，而公平值變動產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。於損益中確認的公平值收益或虧損不包括任何利息收入及股息收入。利息收入及股息收入於損益中確認。

預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

本集團就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產之預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的加權平均數，並以發生違約的相關風險為權重。

於各報告期末，本集團就貿易應收賬款及合約資產按相等於該金融工具的預期年期內所有可能違約事件，或倘該金融工具的信貨風險自初步確認以來顯著增加而導致的預期信貸虧損的金額(「存續期預期信貸虧損」)，計量該金融工具的虧損撥備。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

LOSS ALLOWANCES FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (Continued)

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivable and contract assets) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that represents the ECL that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of ECL or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRS Accounting Standards. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)**預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備** (續)

倘於報告期末，金融工具（貿易應收賬款及合約資產除外）的信貸風險自初步確認以來並無大幅增加，則本集團會按相等於存續期預期信貸虧損一部分的金額計量該金融工具的虧損撥備，即該金融工具可能於報告期後12個月內發生違約事件而導致之預期信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損金額或為了將報告期末虧損撥備調整至所需金額而撥回的金額於損益確認為減值收益或虧損。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及現金等價物指銀行及手頭現金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構的活期存款，以及可隨時轉換為已知金額現金且價值變動風險不大的短期高流動性投資。

金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂立合約安排之實質內容及香港財務報告準則會計準則項下金融負債及股本工具之定義分類。股本工具乃證明於本集團扣減所有負債後之資產中擁有剩餘權益之任何合約。就特定金融負債及股本工具採納之會計政策載於下文。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

BORROWINGS

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivatives are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss.

EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生之交易成本確認，並其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計算。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利，可將負債之償還日期遞延至報告期後至少十二個月，否則借款被分類為流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘貼現影響並不重大，則按成本列賬。

衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步按公平值確認，其後按公平值計量，而公平值變動產生的任何收益或虧損於損益確認。

股本工具

本公司發行的股本工具按已收所得款項（扣除直接發行成本）入賬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)**來自客戶合約之收入**

收入乃根據與客戶訂立的合約所訂明的代價並參考常規商業慣例計量，且不包括代表第三方收取的金額。對於客戶付款與轉移承諾產品或服務之間的期間超過一年的合約，會就重大融資部分的影響對代價作出調整。

當本集團將產品或服務的控制權轉移給客戶，從而履行了履約責任時，就會確認收入。根據合約條款及適用於該合約的法律，履約責任可隨著時間的推移或於某一時間點履行。倘符合以下條件，則履約責任隨時間履行：

- 客戶同時取得並消耗本集團履約所帶來的利益；
- 本集團的履約創建或提升了客戶在資產被創建或提升時控制的資產；或
- 本集團的履約未創建對本集團具有替代用途的資產，而本集團具有可強制執行的權利收取至今已履約部分的款項。

倘履約責任隨時間達成，則收入乃參考完全達成履約責任的進度確認。否則收入於客戶取得產品或服務控制權的時間點確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

OTHER REVENUE

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Pension obligations

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employee's basic salaries and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

其他收入

利息收入採用實際利率法確認。

股息收入於股東收取付款的權利確定時確認。

僱員福利

(a) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享年假及長期服務休假於僱員應享有假期時確認。已就截至報告期末因僱員提供服務而產生的年假及長期服務休假的估計負債計提撥備。

僱員應享病假及產假於休假時方予以確認。

(b) 退休金責任

本集團根據強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃條例，為合資格參加強積金計劃之僱員設立強積金。本集團根據有關僱員之基本薪金之一定百分比作出供款，並於僱員提供服務而有權享有供款時在綜合損益及其他全面收益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開，由獨立管理之基金持有。本集團對強積金計劃作出之僱主供款於繳款時乃全數歸屬有關僱員。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

(b) Pension obligations (Continued)

Pursuant to the regulations of the relevant authorities in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the subsidiaries of the Company in PRC participate in local municipal government retirement benefit scheme (the "Scheme") whereby the subsidiaries are required to contribute to the Scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the Scheme are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs as stipulated under the requirement in the PRC. The relevant authorities of the PRC are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contribution under the Scheme.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain director and employees.

Equity-settled share-based payments to director and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions.

僱員福利 (續)

(b) 退休金責任 (續)

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)相關機構之法規，本公司在中國之附屬公司參與地方政府退休福利計劃(「該計劃」)，據此，附屬公司須為該計劃供款以資助合資格僱員之退休福利。為該計劃作出之供款乃根據中國有關規定所要求之適用薪金之若干百分比計算。中國之相關機構負責應付予退休僱員之全部退休金責任。本集團就該計劃之唯一責任為根據該計劃持續作出所需供款。

股份支付

本集團向若干董事及僱員作出以權益結算的股份支付。

向董事及僱員作出的以權益結算的股份支付乃按股本工具於授出日期的公平值(不計及非市場歸屬條件的影響)計量。以權益結算的股份支付於授出日期釐定的公平值乃根據本集團對最終歸屬股份的估計，於歸屬期內按直線法支銷，並就非市場歸屬條件的影響作出調整。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium. When the share options are forfeited or lapsed after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to retained profits/accumulated losses.

BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

TAXATION

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

股份支付(續)

於購股權獲行使時，先前於股份支付儲備確認的金額將轉撥至股本及股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或失效或於屆滿日期仍未獲行使，則先前於股份支付儲備確認的金額將轉撥至保留溢利／累計虧損。

借貸成本

所有借貸成本於產生期間在損益中確認。

政府補助

當能夠合理地保證本集團將符合政府補助的附帶條件以及將會得到補助時，便會確認政府補助。

稅務

所得稅指即期稅項與遞延稅項的總和。

即期應付稅項乃根據年內的應課稅溢利計量。應課稅溢利與於損益內確認的溢利不同，原因為其不包括於其他年度的應課稅收入項目或可扣稅開支項目，亦不包括毋須課稅或不可扣稅的項目。本集團的即期稅項負債乃按於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅率計算。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

TAXATION (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)

稅項 (續)

遞延稅項按財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基之間的差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認，而遞延稅項資產乃於很可能出現應課稅溢利以抵銷可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項虧損或未動用稅項抵免時確認。倘暫時差額乃因商譽或初步確認一項既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利的交易（業務合併除外）中的其他資產及負債而產生，則不會確認遞延稅項資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債乃就於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資以及於合營企業的權益所產生的應課稅暫時差額確認，惟倘本集團能夠控制暫時差額的撥回，且暫時差額很可能不會於可見將來撥回則除外。

於報告期末對遞延稅項資產的賬面值進行檢討，並調低至不再可能獲得足夠應課稅溢利可用於收回全部或部分該項資產為止。

遞延稅項乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的稅率，按清償負債或變現資產期間預期適用的稅率計算。遞延稅項於損益中確認，惟倘遞延稅項與其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認的項目有關，則遞延稅項亦於其他全面收益確認或直接於權益中確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

TAXATION (Continued)

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

稅項(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債的計量反映本集團於報告期末預期收回或結算其資產及負債賬面值的方式所產生的稅務後果。

當有法定可執行權利將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷，且此類資產與負債與同一稅務機關徵收的所得稅有關，而本集團擬按淨額基準結算即期稅項資產及負債時，則遞延稅項資產及負債可互相抵銷。

分部呈報

經營分部及綜合財務報表所呈報各分部項目的金額，乃根據就分配資源及評估本集團各項業務表現而定期向本集團最高行政管理層提供的財務資料確定。

就財務報告而言，除非經營分部具有類似經濟特徵，並且在產品及服務性質、生產流程性質、客戶類型或類別、分銷產品或提供服務所用方法及監管環境性質等方面均相似，否則單獨具有重要性的經營分部不予合併計算。個別非重大經營分部倘符合以上大部分條件，則可以合計為一個報告分部。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

RELATED PARTIES

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

關聯方

關聯方為與本集團有關聯的人士或實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士，即該人士或該人士的近親與本集團有關聯：
- (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力；或
 - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司之主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件，即實體與本集團有關聯：
- (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團之成員公司（即各自的母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關聯）。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業（或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業）。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體的合營企業，而另一家實體為該第三方實體的聯營公司。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件，即實體與本集團有關聯：(續)
 - (v) 該實體是為本集團或本集團關聯實體的僱員利益的離職後福利計劃。倘本集團本身為此類計劃，則發起僱主亦與本集團有關聯。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所識別人士控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士對該實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體母公司)關鍵管理人員的成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任何成員公司向本公司或本公司之母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or not yet available for use are reviewed annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

Cryptocurrencies purchased and held by the Group have been assessed based on each type of cryptocurrencies for impairment testing. The Group carries out their impairment testing by comparing the recoverable amounts of cryptocurrencies to their carrying amounts. An impairment loss will be recognised when the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, while a gain will not be recognised even when the recoverable amount is higher than the carrying amount. A gain will only be recognised if the impairment loss is recovered or the cryptocurrency is disposed of, assuming the proceeds from disposal at that time is higher than its carrying amount.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets except investments and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

3. 重大會計政策 (續)

資產減值

對具有無限可使用年期或尚未可供使用的無形資產進行年度減值測試，並在事件或情況變化表明賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值測試。

本集團所購入及持有的加密貨幣根據類別進行減值測試。本集團透過比較加密貨幣的可收回金額與其賬面值進行減值測試。當可收回金額低於賬面值時，須確認減值虧損，而即使可收回金額高於賬面值，亦不會確認收益。僅於減值虧損獲轉回或出售加密貨幣（假設當時出售所得款項高於其賬面值）時，方會確認收益。

於各報告期末，本集團檢討其有形及無形資產（投資及應收款項除外）的賬面值，以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何減值跡象，則估計資產的可收回金額，以釐定減值虧損的程度。倘無法估計單項資產的可收回金額，本集團會估計該項資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本後金額與使用價值兩者中的較高者。評估使用價值時，估計日後現金流量按可反映金錢時間價值及資產特定風險的現時市場評估的稅前折現率折現至其現值。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續)

(Continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

資產減值(續)

倘資產或現金產生單位的可收回金額估計低於其賬面值，則資產或現金產生單位的賬面值將調減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認，惟若相關資產按重估金額列賬，則減值虧損作為重估減少額處理。

倘減值虧損其後撥回，則資產或現金產生單位的賬面值將上調至其可收回金額的經修訂估計數，惟上調後的賬面值不得超過假設過往年度並無就資產或現金產生單位確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面值(扣除攤銷或折舊)。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認，惟若相關資產按重估金額列賬，則減值虧損撥回作為重估增加額處理。

撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而須承擔當前的法定或推定責任，而履行相關責任很可能導致經濟利益外流，且可作出可靠估計時，便會就時間或數額不確定的負債確認撥備。倘貨幣之時間價值屬重大，則按預計履行責任所需支出之現值呈列撥備。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

(Continued)

PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

撥備及或然負債 (續)

倘經濟利益外流之可能性較低，或無法對有關金額作出可靠估計，則會將相關責任披露為或然負債，惟若經濟利益外流之可能性極低則除外。倘本集團可能須承擔之責任須視乎未來會否發生某項或多項事件而定，則亦會披露為或然負債，惟經濟利益外流之可能性極低則除外。

報告期後事項

報告期後發生的事件，如提供有關本集團於報告期末之狀況的額外資料或顯示持續經營假設並不適當，則屬於調整事項，並於綜合財務報表內反映。報告期後發生的不屬於調整事項的事件如屬重大，則於綜合財務報表附註中披露。

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(A) FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

In the absence of quoted market prices in an active market, the directors estimate the fair value of the Group's certain investments at fair value through profit or loss, details of which are set out in notes 6 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements, by considering information from a variety of sources, including the latest published financial information, the historical data on market volatility as well as the price and industry and sector performance of the Group's investments at fair value through profit or loss.

(B) IMPAIRMENT LOSS FOR BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文討論於報告期末有關未來之主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他主要來源，該等假設及來源具有導致下一個財政年度資產及負債賬面值大幅調整的重大風險。

(A) 投資之公平值

在活躍市場並無市場報價的情況下，董事透過考慮各種來源的資料（包括最新公佈的財務資料、市場波動的歷史數據以及本集團按公平值列入損益賬之投資的價格及相關行業與分部表現），估算本集團按公平值列入損益賬之若干投資的公平值，詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6及20。

(B) 呆壞賬之減值虧損

本集團根據對應收款項可收回性的評估（包括各債務人當前的信用度及過往收款記錄），對呆壞賬計提減值虧損。倘事件或情況變動顯示餘額可能無法收回，則會出現減值。識別呆壞賬須運用判斷及估計。倘實際結果有別於原先估計，則有關差額將影響估計發生變動當年的應收款項賬面值及呆賬支出。

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(C) ESTIMATION OF FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS IN ARTWORKS

Investments in artworks are revalued at the end of the reporting period by independent professional qualified valuer. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the estimation, market information of investments in artworks of the comparable model is considered.

(D) CRYPTOCURRENCIES

Accounting of cryptocurrencies HKFRS Accounting Standards do not specifically address accounting for cryptocurrencies. Accordingly, for the preparation of the annual report, management needs to apply judgment in determining appropriate accounting policies based on the facts and circumstances of the Group's acquisition and holding of cryptocurrencies. Given the Group's purpose for holding cryptocurrencies, management considered that cryptocurrencies purchased and held by the Group should be accounted for as indefinite lived intangible assets accounted for under the cost model. In determining fair values used for impairment tests, management needs to apply judgment to identify the relevant available markets for trading of cryptocurrencies, and to consider accessibility to and activity within those markets in order to identify the principal cryptocurrency markets to ascertain the respective fair market values.

4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

(C) 藝術品投資之公平值估計

藝術品投資於報告期末由獨立專業合資格估值師重新估值。有關估值乃基於若干假設作出，該等假設具有不確定性，可能與實際結果存在重大差異。在進行估計時，會考慮可資比較型號的藝術品投資的市場資料。

(D) 加密貨幣

香港財務報告準則會計準則並無有關加密貨幣會計處理的具體規定。因此，為編製年度報告，管理層需運用判斷，根據本集團購入及持有加密貨幣的事實與情況釐定適當會計政策。基於本集團持有加密貨幣之目的，管理層認為本集團購入及持有的加密貨幣應按成本模式作為具不確定使用年期的無形資產入賬。在釐定減值測試所用的公平值時，管理層需運用判斷以識別相關加密貨幣交易市場，並考慮市場可進入性及活躍度，從而確定主要加密貨幣市場以釐定相應公允市值。

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(E) IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

Investments in associates are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined with reference to the fair value less costs of disposal. Where the fair value less costs of disposal are less than expected or there are unfavourable events and change in facts and circumstance which result in revision of fair value less costs of disposal, a material impairment loss may arise.

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(I) FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, the Group does not expect any significant movements in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates. In the opinion of the Directors, the foreign currency sensitivity analysis does not give additional value in view of insignificant movement in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rates.

4. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

(E) 於聯營公司的投資之減值虧損

於聯營公司的投資於有事件或情況變動顯示其賬面值超出其可收回金額時，會進行減值審閱。可收回金額乃經參考公平值減出售成本釐定。倘公平值減出售成本低於預期，或倘發生不利事件及事實與情況變動而導致公平值減出售成本須予修訂，則可能產生重大減值虧損。

5. 財務風險管理

本集團之業務活動面臨多種財務風險：外匯風險、價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃側重於金融市場的不可預測性，力求盡可能減少對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(I) 外匯風險

由於本集團大部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集團實體之功能貨幣計值，故本集團面臨之外匯風險甚微。本集團目前並無針對外幣交易、資產及負債的外匯對沖政策。本集團將密切監察外匯風險，並於有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

由於港元與美元掛鈎，故本集團預期美元／港元並無任何重大匯率變動。董事認為，鑒於美元／港元匯率之變動並不重大，外幣敏感度分析不會產生額外價值。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(I) FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK (Continued)

As at 31 March 2026, if HK\$ had weakened/strengthened five per cent against Renminbi (“RMB”) with all other variables held constant, loss for the year would have been HK\$20,787,000 (2025: HK\$2,800,000) higher/lower.

(II) PRICE RISK

The Group is exposed to price risk in respect of investments and cryptocurrencies held by the Group, that are classified in the consolidated statement of financial position as investments at fair value through profit or loss and intangible assets, respectively. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

As at 31 March 2026, if the fair value of the investments at fair value through profit or loss had been 5% higher/lower, loss for the year would have been HK\$76,866,000 (2025: HK\$24,463,000) lower/higher.

As at 31 March 2026, if the fair value of cryptocurrencies had been 5% higher, loss for the year would have been nil lower. If the fair value of cryptocurrencies had been 5% lower, loss for the year would have been HK\$430,000 (2025: HK\$1,804,000) higher.

(III) CREDIT RISK

The Group’s maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2026 and 2025 is the carrying amount of financial assets as disclosed in note 5(vi) to the consolidated financial statements.

(I) 外匯風險 (續)

於二零二六年三月三十一日，倘港元兌人民幣（「人民幣」）貶值／升值5%，而其他所有變量保持不變，則年度虧損將增加／減少20,787,000港元（二零二五年：2,800,000港元）。

(II) 價格風險

本集團就所持有的投資及加密貨幣而承受價格風險，該等投資及加密貨幣在綜合財務狀況表中分別分類為按公平值列入損益賬之投資及無形資產。本集團並無承受商品價格風險。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，倘按公平值列入損益賬之投資之公平值上升／下跌5%，年度虧損將減少／增加76,866,000港元（二零二五年：24,463,000港元）。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，倘加密貨幣之公平值上升5%，年度虧損不會因而減少。倘加密貨幣之公平值下跌5%，則年度虧損將增加430,000港元（二零二五年：1,804,000港元）。

(III) 信貸風險

本集團就於二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日綜合財務狀況表各部分承受之最高信貸風險為綜合財務報表附註5(vi)所披露之金融資產賬面值。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management of the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each debtor at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate ECL are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management of the Group considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

1 Regulatory deposits, contract assets, other receivables and deposits

The credit risk is limited based on historical settlement records and past experience. The Group has assessed that the ECL of these financial assets are not material under the 12-month expected loss method. Thus no ECL (2025: nil) has been recognised during the year ended 31 March 2026.

2 Investments at fair value through profit or loss and bank balances and cash

The credit risks of investments at fair value through profit or loss and bank balances and cash are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

(III) 信貸風險(續)

為降低信貸風險，本集團管理層已委派一支小組負責釐定信貸額度、信貸批核及進行其他監控程序，以確保採取跟進措施收回逾期債項。此外，本集團管理層於報告期末審閱各項應收賬款之可收回金額，以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠之預期信貸虧損撥備。就此，本集團管理層認為本集團之信貸風險已顯著減低。

1 法定按金、合約資產、其他應收款項及按金

根據過往結算記錄及過往經驗，信貸風險有限。本集團已按12個月預期虧損模式評估該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損並不重大。因此截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度並無確認預期信貸虧損(二零二五年：無)。

2 按公平值列入損益賬之投資以及銀行結餘及現金

按公平值列入損益賬之投資以及銀行結餘及現金信貸風險被視為並不重大，乃由於交易對手為獲國際信貸評級機構授予高信貸評級的銀行及金融機構。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)**3 Trade receivables (excluded margin clients)**

The credit risks of trade receivables from Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited ("HKSCC") are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties had high credit rating and are governed by regulators including the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission. The risk of default in repayment of these debtors are considered to be minimal by the directors and no ECL provision were made for these debtors.

The credit risks of trade receivables from the cash clients are considered to be insignificant because the counterparties had sufficient pledged securities, the risk of default in repayment of these debtors are considered to be minimal by the directors and no ECL provision were made for these debtors.

4 Loan receivables and trade receivables from margin clients

The Group's impairment requirements are based on an ECL model. The Group assesses the ECL for loan receivables and trade receivables from margin clients individually and measures the ECL equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL.

(III) 信貸風險 (續)**3 貿易應收賬款 (孖展客戶除外)**

應收香港中央結算有限公司(「香港結算所」)之貿易賬款之信貸風險被視為並不重大，乃由於交易對手具有高信貸評級，並受監管機構(包括香港金融管理局及香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會)所監管。董事認為該等債務人還款違約風險甚微，故並無就該等應收賬款作出預期信貸虧損撥備。

應收現金客戶之貿易賬款之信貸風險被視為並不重大，乃由於交易對手擁有足夠抵押證券，董事認為該等債務人還款違約風險甚微，故並無就該等應收賬款作出預期信貸虧損撥備。

4 應收貸款及應收孖展客戶之貿易賬款

本集團的減值規定乃基於預期信貸虧損模型。本集團單獨評估應收貸款及應收孖展客戶之貿易賬款之預期信貸虧損，並按相等於十二個月預期信貸虧損之金額計量預期信貸虧損，惟若自初步確認以來信貸風險顯著增加，則本集團會確認存續期預期信貸虧損。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

4 Loan receivables and trade receivables from margin clients (Continued)

The credit risk on substantial portion of loan receivables and trade receivables from margin clients are limited because significant amount of balances are secured by the pledged listed securities and certain property units and the counterparties have no historical default record. The directors expect that the general economic conditions will not significantly changed for the 12 months' after the end of the reporting period.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to obtain loans from the group are subject to management review. Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

The Group considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring ECL, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ("Stage 1"); and
- financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ("Stage 2").

(III) 信貸風險 (續)

4 應收貸款及應收孖展客戶之貿易賬款 (續)

大部份應收貸款及應收孖展客戶之貿易賬款相關信貸風險有限，乃由於大多數結餘由已抵押上市證券及若干物業單位作抵押，且交易對手並無過往違約記錄。董事預期報告期末後十二個月整體經濟狀況將不會發生重大變動。

本集團之政策為所有有意獲取本集團貸款之客戶，均須接受管理層審查。應收款項餘額持續受監管。

本集團於評估信貸風險及計量預期信貸虧損時考慮較大範圍的資料，包括過往事件、當前條件及影響工具未來現金流量預期可收回性之合理有據的預測。

採用該前瞻法時，須對下列各項作出區分：

- 由初步確認以來其信貸質量未顯著惡化或信貸風險較低之金融工具(「**第一階段**」)；及
- 由初步確認以來其信貸質量顯著惡化且其信貸風險不低之金融工具(「**第二階段**」)。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

"Stage 3" would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the end of the reporting period.

"12-month ECL" are recognised for the Stage 1 category while "lifetime ECL" are recognised for the Stage 2 category.

Measurement of the ECL is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

For trade receivables (excluded margin financing), the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at the end of each reporting period. These are the expected shortfalls in contractual cash flows, considering the potential for default at any point during the life of the financial assets. In calculating the ECL, the Group established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience and external indicators, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

(III) 信貸風險 (續)

「第三階段」覆蓋於報告日期有客觀證據表明出現減值之金融資產。

對第一階段類別確認「十二個月預期信貸虧損」，而對第二階段類別則確認「存續期預期信貸虧損」。

預期信貸虧損之計量乃按概率加權估計於金融工具預計存續期之信貸虧損釐定。

就貿易應收賬款(孖展融資除外)而言，本集團採用簡易法計算預期信貸虧損，於各報告期末根據存續期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。考慮到於金融資產存續期內任何時候的潛在違約，此等乃合約現金流量的預期缺口。在計算預期信貸虧損時，本集團已建立一個基於其歷史信貸虧損經驗和外部指標的撥備矩陣，並根據債務人和經濟環境特定的前瞻性因素進行調整。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

To measure the ECL, trade receivables (excluded margin financing) and contract assets have been grouped based on the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the ECL rates for trade receivables (excluded margin financing) are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

The Group measures the loss allowance on other financial assets measured at amortised cost (including regulatory deposits, loan receivables, margin financing receivables, other receivables and deposits and bank balances) equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of default occurring since initial recognition.

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the end of the reporting period with the risk of default occurring on the financial assets at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

(III) 信貸風險(續)

為計量預期信貸虧損，貿易應收賬款(孖展融資除外)及合約資產已按逾期天數進行分組歸類。合約資產與未開單的進行中工作相關，並與相同類型合約之貿易應收賬款具備幾乎相同之風險特徵。因此，本集團認為貿易應收賬款(孖展融資除外)的預期信貸虧損率為合約資產虧損率的合理近似值。

本集團計量按攤銷成本計量之其他金融資產(包括法定按金、應收貸款、孖展融資應收賬款、其他應收款項以及按金及銀行結餘)的虧損撥備等於十二個月預期信貸虧損，惟若自初步確認以來信貸風險顯著增加，本集團則確認存續期預期信貸虧損。評估是否確認存續期預期信貸虧損乃基於自初步確認以來發生違約的可能性或風險是否顯著增加。

本集團於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來有否顯著增加時，將報告期末金融資產發生違約的風險與初步確認日期金融資產發生違約的風險進行比較。於作出此項評估時，本集團考量合理有據的定量及定性資料，包括無需過多成本或努力即可獲得的歷史經驗及前瞻性資料。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions those are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

(III) 信貸風險 (續)

具體而言，於評估信貸風險有否顯著增加時，將考慮以下資料：

- 金融工具外部（如果有）或內部信用評級的實際或預期顯著惡化；
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化，例如信貸利差大幅增加，債務人的信用違約掉期價格；
- 預計會導致債務人償債能力大幅下降的業務、財務或經濟狀況的現有或預測的不利變化；
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化；及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境的實際或預期的重大不利變化，導致債務人償債能力大幅下降。

無論上述評估結果如何，倘合約款項已逾期逾30天時，本集團推定信貸風險自初步確認以來大幅增加，惟本集團有合理及支持性之資料證實情況並非如此，則另作別論。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(III) CREDIT RISK (Continued)

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the end of each reporting period. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if it has a low risk of default, the borrower has strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when contractual payment are 90 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. In certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset is default when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group).

(IV) LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(III) 信貸風險 (續)

儘管如此，倘於各報告期末確定債務工具的信貸風險較低，本集團假設債務工具的信貸風險自初步確認以來並未顯著增加。倘違約風險較低，借款人有強大實力在短期內履行其合約現金流量義務，且經濟及業務條件的長期不利變動可能（但未必）會降低借款人履行其合約現金流量義務的能力，則確定債務工具的信貸風險較低。

就內部信貸風險管理而言，本集團認為倘合約付款逾期超過90日，則出現違約事件，除非本集團擁有合理及有理據支持的資料顯示較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用，則另當別論。於若干情況下，當內部產生或從外部來源所得資料顯示，債務人不大可能向其債權人（包括本集團）支付全數款項（不計及本集團持有的任何抵押品）時，本集團亦認為金融資產已發生違約。

(IV) 流動資金風險

本集團之政策是定期監控當前及預期的流動資金需求，確保維持充足之現金儲備以滿足短期及長期的流動資金需求。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(IV) LIQUIDITY RISK (Continued)

The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

(IV) 流動資金風險 (續)

本集團金融負債基於未貼現現金流量之到期情況分析如下：

		Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年以上 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年 三月三十一日		
Trade payables, other payables and accruals	貿易應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計費用	1,647,224	—
Borrowings	借款	538,521	—
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	11,355	5,047
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之金融 負債	1,810	—
		2,198,910	5,047
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日		
Trade payables, other payables and accruals	貿易應付賬款、其他應付 款項及應計費用	254,307	—
Borrowings	借款	415,506	—
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8,768	6,918
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之金融 負債	11	—
		678,592	6,918

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理(續)

(Continued)

(V) INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to certain trade receivables and bank balances — general. It is the Group's policy to keep its assets and liabilities at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly relating to the fluctuation of Hong Kong prime rate ("prime rate") and Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") arising from the Group's interest bearing financial instruments.

As at 31 March 2026, if the interest rate had been 100 basis points higher/lower, the Group's loss for the year would have been HK\$603,000 (2025: HK\$2,694,000) lower/higher, arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest revenue on certain trade receivables from margin clients and bank balances — general.

(V) 利率風險

本集團承受與若干貿易應收賬款及銀行結餘 — 一般相關之現金流量利率風險。本集團之政策為按浮動利率存置其資產及負債，以將公平值利率風險減至最低。

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要與自本集團之計息金融工具產生之香港最優惠利率(「最優惠利率」)及香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)波動相關。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，倘利率上升／下跌100個基點，本集團之年度虧損將減少／增加603,000港元(二零二五年：2,694,000港元)，主要由於若干應收孖展客戶之貿易賬款及銀行結餘 — 一般的利息收入增加／減少。

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(Continued)

(VI) CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT 31 MARCH

(VI) 於三月三十一日之金融工具類別

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Investments at fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值列入損益賬之投資：		
— Designated as such upon initial recognition	— 於初步確認時指定	1,842,915	585,942
Financial assets at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產：		
— Regulatory deposits	— 法定按金	319	205
— Loan and trade receivables	— 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款	1,782,755	150,619
— Contract assets	— 合約資產	—	17
— Other receivables and deposits	— 其他應收款項及按金	623,644	81,981
— Bank balances — trust	— 銀行結餘—信託	172,359	156,101
— Bank balances and cash — general	— 銀行結餘及現金 — 一般	435,560	92,186
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值列入損益賬之金融負債：		
— Designated as such upon initial recognition	— 於初步確認時指定	1,810	11
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債：		
— Trade payables, other payables and accruals	— 貿易應付賬款、其他應付款項及應計費用	1,647,224	254,307
— Borrowings	— 借款	508,189	415,377
— Lease liabilities	— 租賃負債	15,751	15,185

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

6. 公平值計量

簡明綜合財務狀況表所反映之本集團金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其各自之公平值相若。

公平值為於計量日在市場參與者之間進行的有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支付的價格。以下公平值計量披露使用之公平值層級將用於計量公平值之估值方法之輸入數據分為三個層級：

第一級輸入數據：本集團於計量日可取得之同類資產或負債於活躍市場中之報價(未經調整)。

第二級輸入數據：資產或負債直接或間接可觀察之輸入數據(第一級所包括之報價除外)。

第三級輸入數據：資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

本集團之政策為於導致轉撥之事件或情況變動當日確認三個層級中任何一個層級之轉入及轉出。

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(I) DISCLOSURES OF LEVEL IN FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

(I) 公平值層級披露

Description	類型	Fair value measurements using:			
		公平值計量使用：			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日				
<i>Recurring fair value measurements:</i>	<i>經常性公平值計量：</i>				
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資				
— Listed equity securities	— 上市股本證券	432,080	—	—	432,080
— Unlisted equity investments	— 非上市權益投資	—	—	624,578	624,578
— Fund investments	— 基金投資	—	8,463	724,965	733,428
— Unlisted economic interest	— 非上市收益權	—	—	51,363	51,363
— Derivative financial instruments	— 衍生金融工具	—	1,466	—	1,466
Investments in artworks	藝術品投資	—	—	826,716	826,716
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之金融負債	—	(1,810)	—	(1,810)
		432,080	8,119	2,227,622	2,667,821
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日				
<i>Recurring fair value measurements:</i>	<i>經常性公平值計量：</i>				
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資				
— Listed equity securities	— 上市股本證券	129,762	—	—	129,762
— Unlisted equity investments	— 非上市權益投資	—	—	240,324	240,324
— Fund investments	— 基金投資	—	41,387	129,457	170,844
— Unlisted economic interest	— 非上市收益權	—	—	45,000	45,000
— Derivative financial instruments	— 衍生金融工具	—	12	—	12
Investments in artworks	藝術品投資	—	—	443,000	443,000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之金融負債	—	(11)	—	(11)
		129,762	41,388	857,781	1,028,931

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(II) RECONCILIATION OF ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE BASED ON LEVEL 3

(II) 按第三級公平值計量之資產對賬

Description	類型	2026 二零二六年			2025 二零二五年		
		Investments at fair value through profit or loss 按公平值 列入損益賬 之投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments in artworks 藝術品投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total assets 總資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments at fair value through profit or loss 按公平值 列入損益賬 之投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments in artworks 藝術品投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total assets 總資產 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	414,781	443,000	857,781	118,892	–	118,892
— Total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss (#)	— 於損益確認之收益或虧損 總額(#)	170,557	(4,574)	165,983	(6,601)	504	(6,097)
— Additions	— 添置	810,133	388,082	1,198,215	311,619	442,496	754,115
— Acquisition of a subsidiary	— 收購一間附屬公司	–	–	–	7,345	–	7,345
— Disposals	— 出售	(4,806)	–	(4,806)	(24,333)	–	(24,333)
— Transfer	— 轉撥	–	–	–	7,617	–	7,617
— Exchange difference	— 匯兌差額	10,241	208	10,449	242	–	242
At the end of the year	於年末	1,400,906	826,716	2,227,622	414,781	443,000	857,781
(#) Include gains or losses for assets held at the end of the reporting period	(#) 包括於報告期末所持資產 之收益或虧損	170,012	(4,574)	165,438	11,011	504	11,515

The total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss including those for assets held at the end of the reporting period are presented in fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss and other income, net in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

於損益確認之收益或虧損總額(包括於報告期末所持資產之收益或虧損總額)於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內按公平值列入損益賬之投資之公平值變動及其他收入淨額中列報。

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)**(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD**

The Group's chief financial officer is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. The chief financial officer reports directly to the board of directors (the "Board" or the "Directors") for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the chief financial officer and the Board at least twice a year.

For level 3 fair value measurements, the Group has a team that manages the valuation exercise of level 3 financial instruments for financial reporting purposes. The team manages the valuation exercise of the investments on a case-by-case basis. At least twice every year, the team would use valuation techniques to determine the fair value of the Group's level 3 financial instruments.

6. 公平值計量 (續)**(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據**

本集團財務總監負責財務報告所需之資產及負債之公平值計量，包括第三級公平值計量。財務總監直接向本公司董事會（「董事會」或「董事」）報告該等公平值計量情況。財務總監與董事會每年至少兩次對估值程序及結果進行討論。

就第三級公平值計量而言，本集團設有一個小組管理第三級金融工具之估值工作，以作財務報告用途。該小組根據具體情況管理有關投資之估值工作。該小組每年至少兩次使用估值技術釐定本集團第三級金融工具之公平值。

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Level 2 fair value measurements

Description
類型

Valuation technique and key inputs
估值技術及主要輸入數據

Investment at fair value through profit or loss

Fund investments
基金投資

Derivative financial instruments

衍生金融工具

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial instruments

衍生金融工具

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據(續)

第二級公平值計量

Fair value
公平值

2026
二零二六年
HK\$'000
千港元

2025
二零二五年
HK\$'000
千港元

8,463

41,387

1,466

12

(1,810)

(11)

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據 (續)

Level 3 fair value measurements

第三級公平值計量

Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range 範圍	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加之公平值之影響	Fair value	
估值技術				2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investments at fair value through profit or loss 按公平值列入損益賬之投資					
<i>Unlisted equity instruments</i> 非上市股本工具					
— Recent arm's length transactions price	N/A	N/A	N/A	387,839	210,423
— 近期公平交易價格	不適用	不適用	不適用		
— Share of net assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	70,077 (note (a)) (附註(a))	—
— 分佔資產淨值	不適用	不適用	不適用		
— Market approach	Discount rate	4.02%	Increase	20,027 (note (b)) (附註(b))	9,776
— 市場法	貼現率		增加		
— Market comparable companies	Price to book ratio	1.26–4.08	Increase	93,907 (notes (a) and (b)) (附註(a)及(b))	20,125
— 市場可資比較公司	市賬率		增加		
	Discount rate for lack of marketabilities 缺乏市場適銷性之貼現率	15.70%–20.40%	Decrease		
	Price to earnings ratio 市盈率	42.21	Increase	52,728 (note (a)) (附註(a))	—
	Discount rate for lack of marketabilities 缺乏市場適銷性之貼現率	20.40%	Decrease		
<i>Fund investments</i> 基金投資					
— Share of net assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	724,965	129,457
— 分佔資產淨值	不適用	不適用	不適用		

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

Valuation technique 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range 範圍	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據增加之公平值之影響	Fair value 公平值
				2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元
				2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investments at fair value through profit or loss (Continued) 按公平值列入損益賬之投資(續)				
<i>Unlisted economic interest</i> 非上市收益權				
— Recent arm's length transactions price — 近期公平交易價格	N/A	N/A	N/A	—
— Discounted cash flows — 貼現現金流	Discount rate 貼現率	18.45% 2.00% 15.66%	Decrease Increase Decrease	51,363 (notes (a) and (b)) (附註(a)及(b))
	Long-term growth rate 長期增長率	2.00%	Increase 增加	—
	Discount rate for lack of marketabilities 缺乏市場適銷性之貼現率	15.66%	Decrease 減少	—
Investments in artworks 藝術品投資				
<i>Precious and collectible arts</i> 珍貴藝術藏品				
— Market approach — 市場法	Transaction price per unit 單位交易價格	HK\$1,777,000– HK\$63,468,000 1,777,000港元– 63,468,000港元	Increase 增加	351,767 (note (b)) (附註(b))
	Relevant Price indices 相關價格指數	6.8x – 2.266x	Increase 增加	474,949 (note (b)) (附註(b))

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據(續)

第三級公平值計量(續)

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)**(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD** (Continued)**Level 3 fair value measurements** (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) There were no changes in the valuation techniques except the following investments:

上海恒嘉美聯發展有限公司

The valuation technique was changed from “Recent arm’s length transactions price” to “Share of net assets” as the transactions price was arrived at for more than a year ago and no longer constituted an appropriate reference for the most recent valuation and “Share of net assets” is a more appropriate approach.

德興市益豐再生有色金屬有限責任公司

The valuation technique was changed from “Recent arm’s length transactions price” to “Market comparable companies” as the transaction price was arrived at for more than a year ago and no longer constituted an appropriate reference for the most recent valuation and “Market comparable companies” is a more appropriate approach to value fair value of a company that operates in a sector with numerous publicly-traded peers, providing readily available and current market-based valuation metrics.

6. 公平值計量 (續)**(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據** (續)**第三級公平值計量** (續)

附註：

- (a) 除以下投資外，估值方法並無變動：

上海恒嘉美聯發展有限公司

估值方法由「近期公平交易價格」改為「分佔資產淨值」，因為交易價格乃一年多以前得出，不再構成最新估值的合適參考，而「分佔資產淨值」是更合適的方法。

德興市益豐再生有色金屬有限責任公司

估值方法由「近期公平交易價格」改為「市場可資比較公司」，因為交易價格乃一年多以前得出，不再構成最新估值的合適參考，而對於一間營運所在行業擁有眾多上市同行的公司而言，「市場可資比較公司」是評估其公平值更合適的方法，可提供易於獲取的當前市場估值指標。

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

(III) DISCLOSURE OF VALUATION PROCESS USED BY THE GROUP AND VALUATION TECHNIQUES AND INPUTS USED IN FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (a) There were no changes in the valuation techniques except the following investments: (Continued)

上海艾合利企業發展合夥企業(有限合夥)

The valuation technique was changed from “Recent arm’s length transactions price” to “Market comparable companies” as the transaction price was arrived at for more than a year ago and no longer constituted an appropriate reference for the most recent valuation and “Market comparable companies” is a more appropriate approach to value fair value of a company that operates in a sector with numerous publicly-traded peers, providing readily available and current market-based valuation metrics.

淳華氫能源科技(湖南)有限公司

The valuation technique was changed from “Recent arm’s length transactions price” to “Discounted cash flows” as the transaction price was arrived at for more than a year ago and no longer constituted an appropriate reference for the most recent valuation and “Discounted cash flows” is a more appropriate approach to value fair value of a company that is under development stage with great potential for growth in the future.

- (b) The fair value as at 31 March 2026 has been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out on that date by independent qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group.

6. 公平值計量 (續)

(III) 披露於報告期末本集團所採用之估值程序及公平值計量所採用之估值方法及輸入數據(續)

第三級公平值計量(續)

附註:(續)

- (a) 除以下投資外,估值方法並無變動:(續)

上海艾合利企業發展合夥企業(有限合夥)

估值方法由「近期公平交易價格」改為「市場可資比較公司」,因為交易價格乃一年多以前得出,不再構成最新估值的合適參考,而對於一間營運所在行業擁有眾多上市同行的公司而言,「市場可資比較公司」是評估其公平值更合適的方法,可提供易於獲取的當前市場估值指標。

淳華氫能源科技(湖南)有限公司

估值方法由「近期公平交易價格」改為「貼現現金流」,因為交易價乃一年多以前得出,不再構成最新估值的適當參考,而「貼現現金流」是評估一間處於發展階段、未來有巨大增長潛力的公司公平值的更合適方法。

- (b) 於二零二六年三月三十一日之公平值乃根據與本集團無關連之獨立合資格專業估值師於該日期進行之估值得出。

7. REVENUE

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

7. 收入

來自客戶合約之收入分拆：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Timing of revenue recognition	收入確認時間		
<i>Over time:</i>	<i>隨時間：</i>		
Service income from corporate finance	企業融資所得服務收入	8	2,338
Income from asset management business	資產管理業務所得收入	7,431	3,900
<i>At a point in time:</i>	<i>於某一時間點：</i>		
Income from securities brokerage business	證券經紀業務所得收入	116,536	18,292
Trading and supply chain operations business	貿易及供應鏈運營業務	1,570,972	819,545
Others	其他	27,581	1,473
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入	1,722,528	845,548
Dividend income	股息收入	217	1,838
Margin interest revenue from securities brokerage business	證券經紀業務所得孖展 利息收入	345	45
Interest revenue from money lending business	放債業務所得利息收入	29,587	15,969
Total revenue	總收入	1,752,677	863,400

COMMISSION INCOME FOR BROKERAGE
AND MARGIN FINANCING

經紀及孖展融資之佣金收入

The Group provides securities dealing and brokerage, placing and underwriting services. Commission income from securities dealing and brokerage, placing and underwriting services is recognised at a point in time on the execution date of the trades at a certain percentage of the transaction value of the trades executed and the relevant placing and underwriting are completed.

本集團提供證券買賣及經紀、配售及包銷服務。證券買賣及經紀、配售及包銷服務之佣金收入於交易執行日期之某個時間點按所執行交易之交易價值及所完成的有關配售及包銷之一定百分比確認。

7. REVENUE (Continued)

ADVISORY SERVICES FOR ASSET MANAGEMENT, EQUITY INVESTMENT AND CORPORATE FINANCE SERVICES INCOME

The Group provides advisory services for asset management, equity investment and corporate finance services which included advisory services and sponsor services.

Depending on the nature of the services and the contract terms, the revenue for advisory service is recognised over time based on the services transferred to customers up to date if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group;
- The Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customers control as the asset is created and enhanced; or
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has a right to payment at an amount that reasonably compensates it for its performance completed to date at all times throughout the contract.

Otherwise, the revenue for advisory service is recognised at a point in time when the service is completed.

The Group treats all sponsor services promised in the contract as a single performance obligation. In determining the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligation, the Group examines its services on contract basis and considers that it has a right to payment at an amount that reasonably compensates it for its performance completed to date at all times throughout the contract.

7. 收入 (續)

資產管理顧問服務、股權投資及企業融資服務收入

本集團提供資產管理顧問服務、股權投資及企業融資服務，包括顧問服務及保薦人服務。

視乎服務性質及合約條款，倘符合下列其中一項規定，顧問服務的收入按迄今已向客戶提供的服務隨時間確認：

- 客戶同時取得及消耗本集團提供的利益；
- 本集團的履約創建及提升了客戶在資產被創建及提升時控制的資產；或
- 本集團的履約並無創建對本集團具有替代用途的資產，而本集團有權於整個合約期間所有時間均已按迄今已完成的進度收取合理補償的付款。

否則，顧問服務的收入於服務完成時的時間點確認。

本集團將合約中承諾的所有保薦人服務視為單一的履約責任。於釐定達成履約責任的時間時，本集團按合約基準檢查其服務並認為其於合約期內有權獲得就其至今完成的履約而對其進行合理補償的款項。

7. REVENUE (Continued)**ADVISORY SERVICES FOR ASSET MANAGEMENT, EQUITY INVESTMENT AND CORPORATE FINANCE SERVICES INCOME** (Continued)

Sponsor services are recognised over time during the course of the work performed by the Group, with reference to the time incurred compared with the time budget, which depict the Group's performance towards satisfying the performance obligation.

REVENUE FROM TRADING AND SUPPLY CHAIN OPERATIONS BUSINESS

The Group sells commodities to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms within 30 days.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

OTHERS

The Group primarily provides investment immigration services and auction services. Investment immigration service income is recognised when the services are rendered. Auction services income is recognised based on the commission or service fees charged when the auction is successfully concluded and the related services are rendered. In each case, income is recognized only when there are no unfulfilled obligations that could affect the customer's acceptance of the services.

7. 收入 (續)**資產管理顧問服務、股權投資及企業融資服務收入** (續)

保薦人服務於本集團履約過程中參考實際已服務時間(與預算時間比較)隨時間確認,顯示本集團達成履約責任之情況。

貿易及供應鏈運營業務所得收入

本集團向客戶銷售商品。於產品控制權轉移(即產品交付予客戶、沒有未履行的義務可能影響客戶接受產品及客戶已取得產品的合法所有權)時確認銷售額。

對客戶的銷售通常採用30天內的信貸期。

應收款項在產品交付予客戶時確認,因為在此時點代價已成為無條件,僅待付款期限屆滿即可收取款項。

其他

本集團主要提供投資移民服務及拍賣服務。投資移民服務收入於提供服務時確認。拍賣服務收入乃於拍賣成功結束及提供相關服務時,按所收取之佣金或服務費確認。在各種情況下,收入僅於並無未履行責任可能影響客戶接納服務時方會確認。

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Board, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the type of services provided. No operating segment identified by the chief operating decision maker has been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are as follows:

- (1) The securities brokerage and margin financing segment engages in securities brokerage and margin financing in Hong Kong;
- (2) The corporate finance segment engages in the provision of corporate finance services;
- (3) The money lending segment engages in the provision of money lending in Hong Kong;
- (4) The asset management segment engages in the provision of asset management and advisory services to professional investors;
- (5) The equity investment segment engages in the management of financial investments;
- (6) The trading and supply chain operations segment engages in sales of commodities; and
- (7) The artworks investment segment engages in acquisition of porcelain and collectible arts for long-term investment purpose.

8. 分部資料

就資源分配及評估分部表現而言，向董事會（即主要營運決策人）匯報之資料乃集中於所提供服務之類別。於釐定本集團之可報告分部時，主要營運決策人所確定之經營分部並無綜合列賬。

具體而言，本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分部」之可報告及經營分部如下：

- (1) 證券經紀及孖展融資分部，於香港從事證券經紀及孖展融資；
- (2) 企業融資分部，提供企業融資服務；
- (3) 放債分部，於香港提供放債服務；
- (4) 資產管理分部，從事向專業投資者提供資產管理及諮詢服務；
- (5) 股權投資分部，從事金融投資管理；
- (6) 貿易及供應鏈運營分部，從事商品銷售；及
- (7) 藝術品投資分部，從事收購瓷器及藝術藏品作長期投資。

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment results represent the results from each segment without allocation of central operating expenses, office staff salaries, directors' emoluments, share of profits of associates, other operating income and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. Inter-segment revenue are charged at prevailing market prices.

Information regarding the above segments is reported below.

SEGMENT RESULTS

Year ended 31 March 2026

		Securities brokerage and margin financing 證券經紀及 孖展融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Corporate finance 企業融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Money lending 放款 HK\$'000 千港元	Asset management 資產管理 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity investment 股權投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Trading and supply chain operations 貿易及 供應鏈運營 HK\$'000 千港元	Artworks investment 藝術品投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Inter- segment elimination 分部間對銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	116,881	8	29,587	7,431	217	1,570,972	-	27,581	-	1,752,677
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	2,749	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,749)	-
Fair value changes on investments in artworks	藝術品投資之公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,574)	-	-	(4,574)
Fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資公平值變動	-	-	-	-	422,436	-	-	-	-	422,436
Finance costs	財務成本	(172)	-	-	(12)	-	-	-	(7,727)	-	(7,911)
Others	其他	(116,194)	(1,109)	(27,069)	(8,779)	(205,726)	(1,570,920)	208	257,407	2,749	(1,669,433)
Segment results	分部業績	3,264	(1,101)	2,518	(1,360)	216,927	52	(4,366)	277,261	-	493,195
Share of profits of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利										64,946
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之視作出售虧損										(218,905)
Impairment loss of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資減值虧損										(2,459,256)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損										(2,120,020)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支										(10,620)
Loss for the year	年內虧損										(2,130,640)

8. 分部資料(續)

營運分部之會計政策與綜合財務報表附註3所述本集團之會計政策相同。分部業績指來自各分部之業績，而並無分配中央經營開支、辦公室員工工資、董事酬金、應佔聯營公司溢利、其他經營收入及所得稅開支。此乃向主要營運決策人報告以進行資源分配及表現評估之計量方法。分部間收入乃按現行市價收費。

有關上述分部之資料呈報如下。

分部業績

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

SEGMENT RESULTS (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2025

		Securities brokerage and margin financing 證券經紀及 孖展融資	Corporate finance 企業融資	Money lending 放款	Asset management 資產管理	Equity investment 股權投資	Trading and supply chain operations 貿易及 供應鏈運營	Artworks investment 藝術品投資	Unallocated 未分配	Inter- segment elimination 分部間對銷	Consolidated 綜合
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	18,337	2,338	15,969	3,900	1,838	819,545	-	1,473	-	863,400
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	2,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,547)	-
Fair value changes on investments in artworks	藝術品投資之 公平值變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	504	-	-	504
Fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之 投資公平值變動	-	-	-	-	50,145	-	-	-	-	50,145
Impairment loss of property and equipment and right-of-use assets	物業及設備以及使用權 資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	(1,254)	(7,056)	-	-	4,906	-	(3,404)
Finance costs	財務成本	(24)	-	-	(18)	(224)	-	-	(2,765)	-	(3,031)
Others	其他	(8,922)	(821)	(14,245)	(4,196)	(25,392)	(819,839)	-	(40,115)	2,547	(910,983)
Segment results	分部業績	11,938	1,517	1,724	(1,568)	19,311	(294)	504	(36,501)	-	(3,369)
Share of profit of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利										1,643
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損										(1,726)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支										(799)
Loss for the year	年內虧損										(2,525)

8. 分部資料(續)

分部業績(續)

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

8. 分部資料(續)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

分部資產及負債

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分部資產		
Securities brokerage and margin financing	證券經紀及孖展融資	1,697,514	242,479
Corporate finance	企業融資	1,773	2,183
Money lending	放債	298,218	89,937
Asset management	資產管理	22,220	21,628
Equity investment	股權投資	1,980,965	623,240
Trading and supply chain operations	貿易及供應鏈運營	53,863	921
Artworks investment	藝術品投資	826,716	493,000
Total segment assets	分部資產總值	4,881,269	1,473,388
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	3,324,660	2,991,487
Unallocated	未分配	922,516	147,220
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	9,128,445	4,612,095
Segment liabilities	分部負債		
Securities brokerage and margin financing	證券經紀及孖展融資	1,612,577	223,176
Asset management	資產管理	9,968	1,378
Equity investment	股權投資	9,456	118
Trading and supply chain operations	貿易及供應鏈運營	943	947
Artworks investment	藝術品投資	—	36,000
Total segment liabilities	分部負債總額	1,632,944	261,619
Unallocated	未分配	551,452	424,853
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	2,184,396	686,472

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(Continued)

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain property and equipment for general operations, intangible assets, investments in associates, certain other receivables, deposits and prepayments and certain bank balances and cash — general; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables and accruals, borrowings, certain lease liabilities, current tax liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION

8. 分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債(續)

就監控分部表現及分配分部間資源的目的而言：

- 除若干一般經營用途的物業及設備、無形資產、於聯營公司之投資、若干其他應收款項、按金及預付款項以及若干銀行結餘及現金——一般外，所有資產已分配至經營分部；及
- 除若干其他應付款項及應計費用、借貸、若干租賃負債、即期稅項負債及遞延稅項負債外，所有負債已分配至經營分部。

其他分部資料

		Securities brokerage and margin financing 證券經紀及 孖展融資	Corporate finance 企業融資	Money lending 放債	Asset management 資產管理	Equity investment 股權投資	Trading and supply chain operations 貿易及 供應鏈運營	Artworks investment 藝術品投資	Unallocated 未分配	Consolidated 綜合
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2026	截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度									
Additions to property and equipment and right-of-use assets	添置物業及設備以及使用權資產	-	-	-	16	49	-	-	11,162	11,227
Depreciation	折舊	-	-	-	215	-	-	-	10,414	10,629
(Reversal of provision)/provision for ECL on loan and trade receivables and other receivables	應收貸款及貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備(撥備撥回)/撥備	-	(6)	3,562	488	84	-	-	9,741	13,869
Year ended 31 March 2025	截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度									
Additions to property and equipment and right-of-use assets	添置物業及設備以及使用權資產	-	-	-	620	-	-	-	4,677	5,297
Depreciation	折舊	-	-	-	190	-	-	-	8,650	8,840
Provision for ECL on loan and trade receivables and other receivables	應收貸款及貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備	-	182	-	-	-	-	-	-	182

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

The Group's operations are mainly located and carried out in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no geographical information related to revenue has been presented. The following table sets out information about the Group's property and equipment and right-of-use assets, intangible assets, investments in associates and investments in artworks ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset (in the case of property and equipment and right-of-use assets and investments in artworks), and the location of operations (in the case of intangible assets and investments in associates).

8. 分部資料(續)

地區資料

本集團之營運主要設於香港及於香港運作，故並無呈列有關收入之地區資料。下表列示有關本集團物業及設備以及使用權資產、無形資產、於聯營公司之投資以及藝術品投資（「指定非流動資產」）之資料。指定非流動資產之地理位置基於資產之實際位置（就物業及設備以及使用權資產及藝術品投資而言）及營運之位置（就無形資產及於聯營公司之投資而言）。

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong	香港	3,473,685	3,076,351
PRC	中國	699,350	408,430
Republic of Seychelles	塞舌爾共和國	72	71
		4,173,107	3,484,852

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

REVENUE FROM MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Revenue from customers which individually contributed over 10% of the Group's revenue during the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading and supply chain operations	貿易及供應鏈運營		
Customer A	客戶A	1,540,178	578,009
Customer B	客戶B	*	218,976

* The corresponding revenue did not individually contribute over 10% of the Group's revenue in the respective year.

8. 分部資料(續)

來自主要客戶之收入

截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度，來自對本集團收入貢獻達10%以上之個別客戶之收入如下：

	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading and supply chain operations		
客戶A	1,540,178	578,009
客戶B	*	218,976

* 相應收入於各自年度並無單獨對本集團收入貢獻10%以上。

9. OTHER INCOME, NET

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value changes on investments in artworks	藝術品投資之公平值變動	(4,574)	504
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	出售物業及設備之虧損	(119)	—
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	出售無形資產之收益	23,960	—
Interest revenue from financial institutions	金融機構利息收入	2,785	11,964
Interest income from third parties	第三方利息收入	19,601	—
Exchange gain/(loss), net	匯兌收益／(虧損)淨額	45,011	(948)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一家附屬公司之收益	—	2,068
Sundry income	雜項收入	176	373
		86,840	13,961

9. 其他收入淨額

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務成本

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息	651	705
Interest on corporate bonds	公司債券之利息	—	3
Interest on borrowings and others	借貸及其他之利息	7,260	2,323
		7,911	3,031

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

11. 所得稅開支

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax	即期稅項 — 香港利得稅		
— Provision for the year	— 本年度撥備	—	86
Current tax — PRC Enterprise Income Tax	即期稅項 — 中國企業所得稅		
— Provision for the year	— 本年度撥備	1,591	11
Deferred tax (note 30)	遞延稅項 (附註30)	9,029	702
Total income tax expense	所得稅開支總額	10,620	799

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at 16.5% (2025: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 March 2026.

Income tax provision in respect of operations in the PRC has been calculated at a tax rate of 25% (2025: 25%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 March 2026, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，香港利得稅按估計應課稅溢利之16.5% (二零二五年：16.5%)撥備。

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，本集團就中國業務作出的所得稅撥備乃根據現有法律、詮釋及慣例就估計應課稅溢利按25% (二零二五年：25%)的稅率計算。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of loss before tax multiplied by Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

11. 所得稅開支 (續)

所得稅開支可與除稅前虧損乘以香港利得稅率的乘積對賬如下：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(2,120,020)	(1,726)
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2025: 16.5%)	按香港利得稅率 16.5% (二零二五年：16.5%) 計算之稅項	(349,803)	(285)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣稅開支之稅務影響	422,277	11,198
Tax effect of incomes not taxable	免稅收入之稅務影響	(48,290)	(5,262)
Tax effect of share of profits of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利之稅務影響	(10,716)	(271)
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not recognised in previous years	動用過往年度未確認稅務 虧損之稅務影響	(101,251)	(5,468)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅務虧損之稅務影響	99,526	714
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差額之稅務影響	(17)	(161)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	於其他司法權區營運之附屬 公司不同稅率之影響	(1,106)	334
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	10,620	799

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of HK\$646,540,000 (2025: HK\$877,695,000) available for offset against future profits which may be carried forward indefinitely, the estimated unused tax losses are subject to the agreement by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such estimated unused tax losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams.

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團有估計未動用稅項虧損646,540,000港元（二零二五年：877,695,000港元）可供抵銷未來溢利（可無限期結轉），估計未動用稅務虧損須香港稅務局同意。由於無法預測未來溢利來源，並無就該等估計未動用稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

As at 31 March 2026, estimated unused tax losses of HK\$8,198,000 (2025: HK\$9,051,000) attributable to certain subsidiaries in the PRC will expire in 2027 to 2031 (2025: 2026 to 2030).

11. 所得稅開支 (續)

於二零二六年三月三十一日，來自中國若干附屬公司之估計未動用稅項虧損8,198,000港元(二零二五年：9,051,000港元)將於二零二七年至二零三一年(二零二五年：二零二六年至二零三零年)到期。

12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group's loss for the year is stated after charging the following:

12. 年內虧損

本集團之本年度虧損乃經扣除以下各項後呈列：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments):	員工成本(包括董事酬金)：		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	47,206	31,931
Equity-settled share-based payments	以權益結算之股份支付	21,470	39,443
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	1,588	1,193
		70,264	72,567
Less: Staff costs included in cost of sales and services	減：計入銷售及服務成本之員工成本	(5,085)	(1,582)
		65,179	70,985

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

The Group's loss for the year is stated after charging the following: (Continued)

12. 年內虧損 (續)

本集團之本年度虧損乃經扣除以下各項後呈列：(續)

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other operating expenses:	其他經營開支：		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
— Audit services	— 核數服務	1,730	900
— Non-audit services	— 非核數服務	1,679	400
Advertising and promotion	廣告及推廣	2,445	—
Announcement and listing fee	公告及上市費用	1,233	1,029
Bank charges	銀行手續費	602	301
Computer expenses	電腦費用	1,541	1,251
Consultancy fee	顧問費	2,655	—
Depreciation	折舊	10,629	8,840
Donation	捐款	1,650	500
Entertainment	應酬費	452	238
Information and communication fee	信息及通訊費	717	984
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃開支	291	100
Legal and professional fee	法律及專業費	23,452	3,849
Membership fee	會員費用	53	47
Rates and building management fee	差餉及樓宇管理費	1,772	913
Stamp duty	印花稅	2,327	727
Telecommunication fee	電信費	258	248
Transaction costs	交易費	1,324	1,051
Travelling expenses	差旅開支	663	3,268
Others	其他	4,309	2,816
		59,782	27,462

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' and chief executives' emoluments, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules, are as follows:

13. 董事、最高行政人員及五名最高薪僱員之酬金

根據適用的上市規則規定披露的董事及最高行政人員酬金如下：

			Year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度				
Name of directors			Fees	Salaries and other benefits	Equity-settled share-based payments	Retirement benefits scheme contributions	Total
董事姓名			袍金	薪金及其他福利	以權益結算之股份支付	退休福利計劃供款	總計
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Executive director:	執行董事：						
SUN Qing	孫青	(a)	223	888	1,970	18	3,099
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事：						
HUA Yang	華陽	(b)	85	—	—	—	85
LI Chunguang	李春光		180	—	—	—	180
NIE Riming	聶日明		180	—	—	—	180
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事：						
CHAN Kin Sang	陳健生	(c)	210	—	—	—	210
CHIU Kung Chik	趙公直		180	—	166	—	346
LUI Mei Ka	雷美嘉		180	—	166	—	346
LIANG Jinxiang	梁金祥	(d)	114	—	—	—	114
Chief executive officers:	首席執行官：						
YUAN Tianfu	袁天夫		—	5,214	1,970	18	7,202
ZHANG Huachen	張華晨	(e)	—	1,156	1,970	38	3,164
			1,352	7,258	6,242	74	14,926

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Directors' and chief executives' emoluments, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules, are as follows: (Continued)

13. 董事、最高行政人員及五名最高薪僱員之酬金(續)

根據適用的上市規則規定披露的董事及最高行政人員酬金如下：(續)

		Year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度				
Name of directors		Fees	Salaries and other benefits	Equity-settled share-based payments	Retirement benefits scheme contributions	Total
董事姓名		袍金	薪金及其他福利	以權益結算之股份支付	退休福利計劃供款	總計
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive director:	執行董事：					
SUN Qing	孫青 (a)	120	824	2,386	18	3,348
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事：					
HAN Hanting	韓瀚霆 (f)	66	11	–	4	81
HUA Yang	華陽 (b)	180	–	–	–	180
LI Chunguang	李春光	180	–	–	–	180
NIE Riming	聶日明	180	–	–	–	180
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事：					
CHAN Kin Sang	陳健生 (c)	360	–	113	–	473
CHIU Kung Chik	趙公直	180	–	113	–	293
LI Gaofeng	李高峰 (g)	66	–	–	–	66
LUI Mei Ka	雷美嘉	180	–	113	–	293
Chief executive officers:	首席執行官：					
YUAN Tianfu	袁天夫	–	1,080	9,382	18	10,480
ZHANG Huachen	張華晨 (e)	–	1,366	9,382	36	10,784
		1,512	3,281	21,489	76	26,358

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Directors' and chief executives' emoluments, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules, are as follows: (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Appointed as the chairlady of the Board with effect from 28 October 2025.
- (b) Retired as non-executive director with effect from 19 September 2025.
- (c) Resigned as the chairman of the Board and independent non-executive director with effect from 28 October 2025.
- (d) Appointed as an independent non-executive director with effect from 14 August 2025.
- (e) Resigned as chief executive officer with effect from 27 April 2026.
- (f) Retired as non-executive director with effect from 12 August 2024.
- (g) Retired as independent non-executive director with effect from 12 August 2024.

There was no arrangement under which any directors waived or agreed to waive any remunerations for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

13. 董事、最高行政人員及五名最高薪僱員之酬金 (續)

根據適用的上市規則規定披露的董事及最高行政人員酬金如下：(續)

附註：

- (a) 於二零二五年十月二十八日獲委任為董事會主席。
- (b) 於二零二五年九月十九日退任非執行董事。
- (c) 於二零二五年十月二十八日辭任董事會主席及獨立非執行董事。
- (d) 於二零二五年八月十四日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。
- (e) 於二零二六年四月二十七日辭任首席執行官。
- (f) 於二零二四年八月十二日退任非執行董事。
- (g) 於二零二四年八月十二日退任獨立非執行董事。

截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度，概無任何董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

13. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included, one (2025: one) director of the Company whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2025: four) individuals are as follows:

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	薪金、津貼及其他福利	6,590	3,926
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	5,500	520
Equity-settled share-based payments	以權益結算之股份基礎付款	5,712	22,480
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	139	90
		17,941	27,016

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

薪酬在以下範圍內：

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2026 二零二六年	2025 二零二五年
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001 港元至 3,000,000 港元	–	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001 港元至 3,500,000 港元	2	1
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001 港元至 4,500,000 港元	1	–
HK\$7,000,001 to HK\$7,500,000	7,000,001 港元至 7,500,000 港元	1	–
HK\$10,000,001 to HK\$10,500,000	10,000,001 港元至 10,500,000 港元	–	1
HK\$10,500,001 to HK\$11,000,000	10,500,001 港元至 11,000,000 港元	–	1
		4	4

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors, chief executive or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

年內，本集團概無支付酬金予任何董事、最高行政人員或最高薪人士作為招攬加盟或加盟本集團時之獎勵或作為離職補償。

14. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2026, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting year (2025: nil).

14. 股息

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度概無派付或建議派付任何股息，自本報告年度末以來亦無建議派付任何股息（二零二五年：無）。

15. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following:

15. 每股虧損

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按以下數據計算：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之虧損	(2,130,640)	(2,525)
		2026 二零二六年 '000 千股	2025 二零二五年 '000 千股
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	用作計算每股基本及攤薄虧損之普通股加權平均數	7,561,887	6,668,024

The effects of all potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025.

截至二零二六年及二零二五年三月三十一日止年度，所有潛在普通股具反攤薄效應。

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS 16. 物業及設備以及使用權資產

		Property and equipment 物業及設備			Right-of-use assets 使用權資產	Total 總計
		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本					
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	4,984	1,144	1,462	23,663	31,253
Addition	增加	2,229	–	2,240	828	5,297
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日 及二零二五年四月一日	7,213	1,144	3,702	24,491	36,550
Addition	增加	–	49	587	10,591	11,227
Disposal	處置	(130)	–	(3,702)	(954)	(4,786)
Currency alignment	貨幣對賬	–	–	–	36	36
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	7,083	1,193	587	34,164	43,027
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值					
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	4,984	1,144	1,462	9,033	16,623
Charge for the year	年內扣除	595	–	373	7,872	8,840
Impairment loss	減值虧損	1,089	–	–	2,315	3,404
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日 及二零二五年四月一日	6,668	1,144	1,835	19,220	28,867
Charge for the year	年內扣除	545	–	154	9,930	10,629
Disposal	處置	(130)	–	(1,928)	(954)	(3,012)
Currency alignment	貨幣對賬	–	–	–	18	18
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	7,083	1,144	61	28,214	36,502
Carrying amount	賬面值					
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	–	49	526	5,950	6,525
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日	545	–	1,867	5,271	7,683

Note: Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 3 years. Lease term is negotiated on an individual basis, does not impose any covenant and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

附註：租賃協議的固定期限通常為2至3年。租期按個別基準磋商，並無施加任何契諾，且租賃資產不得用作借款抵押。

16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

The Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of its property and equipment and right-of-use assets in 2026 and 2025 due to challenging business environment and prudent behaviours of investors as a result of global capital market downturn. These assets are used in the Group's corporate finance, asset management, money lending, brokerage and margin financing segments. The reviews led to recognition of impairment loss of HK\$nil (2025: HK\$3,404,000) that has been recognised in profit or loss. The recoverable amount of the relevant assets of HK\$6,525,000 (2025: HK\$7,683,000) has been determined on the basis of their value in use using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering five-year period, zero growth rate, which is based on relevant industries growth forecasts and does not exceed average long-term growth rate for relevant industries, is applied to extrapolate the cash flows beyond five-year period from the end of the reporting period. The discount rates used were 11.93–14.39 (2025: 11.93–14.39) per cent. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculation related to the estimation of cash inflows and outflows which include budgeted sales and budgeted net profit margin. This estimation is determined based on the unit's past performance and management's expectation for the market development.

16. 物業及設備以及使用權資產 (續)

本集團於二零二六年及二零二五年對其物業及設備以及使用權資產的可收回金額進行審閱，乃由於營商環境充滿挑戰及全球資本市場低迷導致投資者行為審慎。該等資產乃用於本集團之企業融資、資產管理、放債、經紀及孖展融資分部。審閱導致確認減值虧損零港元（二零二五年：3,404,000港元），已於損益確認。相關資產的可收回金額6,525,000港元（二零二五年：7,683,000港元）乃根據其使用價值釐定，計算所用之現金流量預測乃基於涵蓋五年期間之財政預算，使用零增長率（基於相關行業之增長預測且不超過相關行業之平均長期增長率）推算自報告期末起五年期間後的現金流量。所用的貼現率介乎11.93至14.39（二零二五年：11.93至14.39）。計算使用價值所用之其他主要假設與現金流入及流出（包括預算銷售額及預算純利率）的估計有關。該估計乃根據該單位之過往表現及管理層對市場發展之預期而定。

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17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17. 無形資產

		Cryptocurrencies 加密貨幣 HK\$'000 千港元	Club membership 會籍 HK\$'000 千港元	License right 牌照權 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	–	6,610	2,261	8,871
Addition	增加	36,001	–	–	36,001
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	71	–	–	71
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日 及二零二五年四月一日	36,072	6,610	2,261	44,943
Disposal	處置	(27,476)	–	–	(27,476)
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	8,596	6,610	2,261	17,467
Accumulated impairment At 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	累計減值 於二零二四年四月一日、 二零二五年三月三十一日、 二零二五年四月一日及 二零二六年三月三十一日	–	–	2,261	2,261
Carrying amount At 31 March 2026	賬面值 於二零二六年 三月三十一日	8,596	6,610	–	15,206
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	36,072	6,610	–	42,682

The Group's club membership is assessed as having indefinite useful life because there is no time limit that the Group can enjoy the services provided by those clubs.

本集團的會籍被評定為具有無限可使用年期，原因為本集團可享受該等會所提供的服務並無時間限制。

The license right represents a right to conduct asset management business in Hong Kong, and has no foreseeable limit to the period over which the Group can use to generate net cash flows. As a result, the license right is considered as having indefinite useful life.

牌照權指可於香港經營資產管理業務的權利，本集團可使用以產生現金流量淨額的期間並無可預見的限制。故此，牌照權被視為具有無限可使用年期。

The Directors conducted review on the recoverable amount of the Group's license right and determined that the recoverable amount was lower than its carrying amount, therefore, the carrying amount of the license right was fully impaired.

董事就本集團牌照權之可收回金額進行審閱，確定可收回金額低於其賬面值，因此牌照權之賬面值已悉數減值。

18. SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2026 are as follows:

18. 附屬公司

於二零二六年三月三十一日，主要附屬公司之詳情如下：

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立／ 註冊地點	Place of operation 經營地點	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足資本	Percentage of ownership interest and voting power held by the Company 本公司所持擁有權權益 及投票權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
				2026 二零二六年	2025 二零二五年	
Directly held subsidiaries 直接持有的附屬公司						
Galaxy Way Development Limited 利威發展有限公司	British Virgin Islands （“BVI”） 英屬處女群島 （「英屬處女群島」）	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1 股普通股每股 1 美元	100%	100%	Equity investment 股權投資
Marvel Champion Investment Limited 滿冠投資有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1 股普通股每股 1 美元	100%	100%	Equity investment 股權投資
Indirectly held subsidiaries 間接持有的附屬公司						
Fortune (HK) Securities Limited 富強證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$310,000,000 310,000,000 港元	100%	100%	Provision of securities brokerage and margin financing services 提供證券經紀及孖展 融資服務
Fortune Asset Management Limited 富強資產管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$74,000,000 74,000,000 港元	100%	100%	Provision of asset management services 提供資產管理服務
Fortune Finance Limited 富強財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000 港元	100%	100%	Provision of money lending services 提供放債服務
Fortune Financial Capital Limited 富強金融資本有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$36,700,000 36,700,000 港元	100%	100%	Provision of corporate finance 提供企業融資
Fortune Case Limited 福驥有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1 港元	100%	100%	Provision of corporate administrative services to group companies 向集團公司提供企業 行政服務

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18. SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

18. 附屬公司 (續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/ 註冊地點	Place of operation 經營地點	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足資本	Percentage of ownership interest and voting power held by the Company 本公司所持擁有權權益 及投票權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
				2026 二零二六年	2025 二零二五年	
Indirectly held subsidiaries (Continued) 間接持有的附屬公司(續)						
富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司	The PRC	The PRC	Registered capital of RMB500,000	100%	100%	Equity investment
富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司	中國	中國	註冊資本 人民幣 500,000 元			股權投資
富強資管(深圳)股權投資基金管理 有限公司	The PRC	The PRC	Registered capital of RMB30,000,000	100%	100%	Provision of asset management
富強資管(深圳)股權投資基金管理 有限公司	中國	中國	註冊資本 人民幣 30,000,000 元			提供資產管理
嘉興富強瑞益股權投資合夥企業 (有限合夥)	The PRC	The PRC	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	Equity investment
嘉興富強瑞益股權投資合夥企業 (有限合夥)	中國	中國	註冊資本 人民幣 10,000,000 元			股權投資
國富創新通達國際貿易(深圳)有限公司	The PRC	The PRC	Registered capital of RMB500,000	100%	100%	Sales of commodities
國富創新通達國際貿易(深圳)有限公司	中國	中國	註冊資本 人民幣 500,000 元			商品銷售

富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司, 富強資管(深圳)股權投資基金管理有限公司 and 國富創新通達國際貿易(深圳)有限公司 are wholly-owned foreign enterprises established in the PRC.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particular excessive length.

富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司、富強資管(深圳)股權投資基金管理有限公司及國富創新通達國際貿易(深圳)有限公司為於中國成立的外商獨資企業。

上表載列董事認為主要影響本集團業績或資產及負債之本公司附屬公司。董事認為, 載列其他附屬公司之詳情將會導致資料過於冗長。

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

19. 於聯營公司之投資

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed and unlisted investments	上市及非上市投資		
— Share of net assets (note (a))	— 分佔資產淨值(附註(a))	2,269,051	2,987,435
— Goodwill	— 商譽	3,514,865	4,052
— Impairment loss	— 減值虧損	(2,459,256)	—
		3,324,660	2,991,487

Details of the Group's principal associates are as follows:

下表載列本集團主要聯營公司詳情：

Name of entity	Principal place of business	Place of incorporation	Percentage of nominal value of issued capital held by the Group 本集團持有已發行股本面值百分比		Proportion of voting right held by the Group at board level 本集團所持董事會投票權比例		Principal activities
實體名稱	主要營業地點	註冊成立地點	2026 二零二六年	2025 二零二五年	2026 二零二六年	2025 二零二五年	主要業務
CSOP Asset Management Limited ("CSOP")	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	22.50% (note (c)) (附註(c))	N/A	22.50%	N/A	Asset management and investment holding
南方東英資產管理有限公司 (「南方東英」)	香港	香港		不適用		不適用	資產管理及投資控股
HK.AI Capital Limited (formerly known as Wealthink AI-Innovation Capital Limited) ("HK.AI")	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	26.29% (notes (b) and (c)) (附註(b) 及(c))	29.13%	26.29%	29.13%	Investment holding
華科智能投資有限公司 (英文前稱 Wealthink AI-Innovation Capital Limited)(「華科智能」)	香港	香港					投資控股
Starlight Financial Holdings Limited ("Starlight Group")	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	25.00%	25.00%	33.00%	33.00%	Loan financing and advisory
中國星火金融控股有限公司 (「星火集團」)	香港	香港					貸款融資及顧問

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES 19. 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

(Continued)

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 March 2026, an associate was pledged to secure for the Group's borrowings as detailed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (b) Before 20 November 2025, the Company is beneficially interested in 29.13% of the entire issued shares of HK.AI. On 20 November 2025, HK.AI issued 1,136,955,997 ordinary shares. As a result, the Company is beneficially interested in 26.29% of the entire issued shares of HK.AI, which is considered as deemed disposal of an associate.
- (c) On 2 January 2026, the Group completed the acquisition of 22.50% of the entire issued capital of CSOP for a total consideration of HK\$3,723,418,000 which is satisfied by issuance of 1,405,063,292 shares of the Company ("**Consideration Shares**") at the market price of HK\$2.65. The market price represented the closing price at 2 January 2026.

In the opinion of the Directors, impairment loss on interest in an associate of CSOP HK\$2,459,256,000 should be recognised as the recoverable amount of CSOP is estimated to be less than its carrying amount. The carrying amount of the interest in the associate, CSOP, is approximately HK\$3,757,536,000. The recoverable amount of the interest in the associate is approximately HK\$1,298,280,000 which is reference to the valuation report prepared by an independent professional valuer. Hence, impairment loss on interest in an associate of approximately HK\$2,459,256,000 is recognised.

附註：

- (a) 於二零二六年三月三十一日，一間聯營公司已質押作為本集團借款之抵押，詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28。
- (b) 於二零二五年十一月二十日前，本公司於華科智能全部已發行股份的29.13%中擁有實益權益。於二零二五年十一月二十日，華科智能發行了1,136,955,997股普通股。因此，本公司於華科智能全部已發行股份中的26.29%擁有實益權益，該事項被視為視作出售一間聯營公司的權益。
- (c) 於二零二六年一月二日，本集團完成收購南方東英全部已發行股本的22.50%，總代價為3,723,418,000港元。該代價通過按市價2.65港元發行1,405,063,292股本公司股份（「代價股份」）的方式予以支付。市價為二零二六年一月二日的收盤價。

董事認為，由於南方東英的可收回金額估計低於其賬面值，故應確認於南方東英聯營公司權益的減值虧損2,459,256,000港元。於聯營公司南方東英權益的賬面值約為3,757,536,000港元。於聯營公司權益的可收回金額約為1,298,280,000港元，該金額乃參考獨立專業估值師編制的估值報告得出。因此，本集團確認於聯營公司權益的減值虧損約為2,459,256,000港元。

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES 19. 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

(Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associates, which is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method is set out below. The summarised financial information presented is based on the HKFRS Accounting Standards financial statements of the associates.

本集團重要聯營公司的財務資料摘要(於綜合財務報表中採用權益法入賬)載列如下。所呈列的財務資料摘要乃基於該等聯營公司按照香港財務報告準則會計準則編制的財務報表得出。

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元
CSOP	南方東英	
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	16,439
Current assets	流動資產	2,060,746
Current liabilities	流動負債	(980,645)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	—
Net assets	資產淨值	1,096,540
The Group's share of net assets	本集團分佔資產淨值	246,722
Goodwill	商譽	3,510,814
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(2,459,256)
The Group's share of carrying amount of interests	本集團分佔權益之賬面值	1,298,280
		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元
CSOP	南方東英	
For the period from the date of completion of the acquisition to 31 March	從收購完成日期至三月三十一日止期間	
Revenue	收入	512,347
Profit	利潤	157,162
Other comprehensive expense	其他全面開支	(5,525)
Total comprehensive income	總全面收益	151,637

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES 19. 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

(Continued)

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK.AI	華科智能		
At 31 March	於三月三十一日		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	6,200,076	5,299,231
Current assets	流動資產	10,574,318	5,369,156
Current liabilities	流動負債	(263,457)	(717,908)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(2,370)	(2,875)
Net assets	資產淨值	16,508,567	9,947,604
The Group's share of net assets and carrying amount of interests	本集團分佔資產淨值及權益之賬面值	1,928,987	2,896,923
		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK.AI	華科智能		
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收入	217,287	144,170
Profit	利潤	6,171,833	36,996
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	其他全面收入／(開支)	127,696	(101,676)
Total comprehensive income/(expense)	總全面收益／(開支)	6,299,529	(64,680)

19. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES 19. 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

(Continued)

The following table shows, in aggregate, the Group's share of the amounts of all individually immaterial associates that are accounted for using the equity method.

下表顯示本集團合共應佔所有個別非重大聯營公司(按權益法列賬)的金額。

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March	於三月三十一日		
Share of carrying amounts of interests	分佔權益之賬面值	97,393	94,564
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Share of profits/(losses) for the year	分佔年內溢利／(虧損)	2,268	(9,134)
Share of other comprehensive expense for the year	分佔年內其他全面開支	(5,097)	(980)
Share of total comprehensive expense for the year	分佔年內全面開支總額	(2,829)	(10,114)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

20. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS 20. 按公平值列入損益賬之投資

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity securities	上市股本證券	432,080	129,762
Unlisted equity investments	非上市權益投資	624,578	240,324
Fund investments	基金投資	733,428	170,844
Unlisted economic interest	非上市收益權	51,363	45,000
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	1,466	12
		1,842,915	585,942
Analysed as:	分析如下：		
— Non-current assets	— 非流動資產	675,941	285,324
— Current assets	— 流動資產	1,166,974	300,618
		1,842,915	585,942

21. INVESTMENTS IN ARTWORKS 21. 藝術品投資

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Valuable collections held for investment, at fair value	持作投資之珍貴藏品，按公平值	826,716	443,000

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES 22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款

		Notes 附註	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan receivables	應收貸款	(a)	292,415	82,479
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	(b)	1,490,340	68,140
Total loan and trade receivables, analysed as current assets	應收貸款及貿易應收賬款 總額(列作流動資產)		1,782,755	150,619

Notes:

附註:

(a) LOAN RECEIVABLES**(a) 應收貸款**

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan receivables	應收貸款	295,579	84,170
Less: ECL	減: 預期信貸虧損	(3,164)	(1,691)
Carrying amount	賬面值	292,415	82,479

There are five (2025: four) outstanding loans with their respective portfolios detailed as follows:

共有五筆(二零二五年:四筆)未償還貸款,相關詳情如下:

- (i) one secured mortgage loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$nil (2025: HK\$5,000,000), and it is secured by first legal charges on commercial properties located in the Hong Kong. Following the customer's default, the collateral was disposed of pursuant to statutory enforcement proceedings, and the loan has since been settled. It bears an interest rate of 13% p.a.;

- (i) 一筆未償還本金為零港元(二零二五年:5,000,000港元)之有抵押按揭貸款,以位於香港之商業物業之第一法定押記作抵押,因客戶違約,已按法定程式處置抵押物,該筆貸款現已結清。貸款年利率為13%;

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

- (ii) one unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$3,000,000 (2025: HK\$3,000,000) and it is guaranteed by an individual person. This loan bears an interest rate of 6% p.a. and it is repayable on 14 January 2026 and has been overdue for payment;
- (iii) one unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$45,000,000 (2025: nil), guaranteed by an individual person. This loan bears interest rate of 11% p.a. and is due for repayment within twelve months;
- (iv) two secured loans with an aggregate outstanding principal amount of HK\$105,000,000 (2025: nil), secured by collateral artworks. Both loans bear interest rate of 9% p.a. and are due for repayment within twelve months;
- (v) one secured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$140,000,000 (2025: nil) and it is secured by a securities account charge over shares of companies listed on the Stock Exchange. This loan bears interest rate of 10% p.a. and is due for repayment within twelve months;
- (vi) one secured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$nil (2025: HK\$25,000,000), and it is secured by a securities account charge over shares of companies listed on the Stock Exchange. It bears an interest rate of 9% p.a. and the principal and interest were fully repaid during the year; and
- (vii) one unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$nil (2025: HK\$50,000,000) and it is guaranteed by an individual person. This loan bears interest rate of 8% p.a. and the principal and interest were fully repaid during the year.

22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款

(續)

附註：(續)

(a) 應收貸款 (續)

- (ii) 一筆未償還本金為3,000,000港元(二零二五年：3,000,000港元)之無抵押貸款，乃由一名個人提供擔保。貸款年利率為6%，須於二零二六年一月十四日償還，已逾期；
- (iii) 一筆未償還本金為45,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)之無抵押貸款，乃由一名個人提供擔保。該筆貸款年利率為11%，將於十二個月內到期償還；
- (iv) 兩筆未償還本金總額為105,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)之有抵押貸款，以抵押藝術品作抵押。兩筆貸款年利率均為9%，將於十二個月內到期償還；
- (v) 一筆未償還本金為140,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)之有抵押貸款，以聯交所上市公司股份之證券賬戶押記作抵押，該筆貸款之年利率為10%，將於十二個月內到期償還；
- (vi) 一筆未償還本金為零港元(二零二五年：25,000,000港元)之有抵押貸款，以聯交所上市公司股份之證券賬戶押記作抵押，貸款之年利率為9%，已於期內償還本息；及
- (vii) 一筆未償還本金為零港元(二零二五年：50,000,000港元)之無抵押貸款，乃由一名個人提供擔保。該筆貸款之年利率為8%，已於期內償還本息。

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

With respect to item (ii) mentioned above, the loan is overdue for repayment. The Company and Fortune Finance Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, have been in negotiation with the borrower for a settlement. Should the negotiations fail to yield a mutually acceptable resolution, the Company will pursue recovery of the outstanding amount through appropriate legal actions, including the reinstatement of the stayed claims.

Ageing analysis of the loan receivables, based on the loan drawdown date, and net of ECL, is as follows:

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 30 days	少於30日	1,803	334
31 to 90 days	31至90日	612	435
91 to 365 days	91至365日	290,000	81,710
		292,415	82,479

22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款 (續)

附註：(續)

(a) 應收貸款 (續)

就上述第(ii)項而言，該筆貸款已逾期。本公司及本公司之全資附屬公司富強財務有限公司已與借款人就和解事宜進行磋商。倘磋商未能達成雙方可接納的解決方案，本公司將透過適當法律行動追討未償還金額，包括恢復已中止的申索。

應收貸款（扣除預期信貸虧損）基於貸款發放日期之賬齡分析如下：

	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 30 days	1,803	334
31 to 90 days	612	435
91 to 365 days	290,000	81,710
	292,415	82,479

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES 22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款 (續)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The movement of gross balance of loan receivables is as follows:

附註：(續)

(a) 應收貸款 (續)

應收貸款之結餘總額變動如下：

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	109,253	3,014	–	112,267
Amounts originated	產生之金額	93,491	240	–	93,731
Amounts recovered or repaid during the year	年內收回或償還之金額	(121,603)	(225)	–	(121,828)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日及二零二五年四月一日	81,141	3,029	–	84,170
Amounts written off as uncollectible	撇銷為無法回收款項	–	–	(2,088)	(2,088)
Amounts originated	產生之金額	374,379	180	–	374,559
Amounts recovered or repaid during the year	年內收回或償還之金額	(161,017)	(45)	–	(161,062)
Transfer	轉撥	(2,088)	(3,164)	5,252	–
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	292,415	–	3,164	295,579

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES 22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款 (續)

Notes: (Continued)

附註：(續)

(a) LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The movement of ECL of loan receivables is as follows:

(a) 應收貸款 (續)

應收貸款之預期信貸虧損變動如下：

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二四年四月一日 及二零二五年 三月三十一日及 二零二五年四月一日	-	1,691	-	1,691
Amounts written off as uncollectible	撇銷為無法回收款項	-	-	(2,088)	(2,088)
ECL recognised during the year	年內確認之預期信貸 虧損	-	-	3,561	3,561
Transfer	轉撥	-	(1,691)	1,691	-
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月 三十一日	-	-	3,164	3,164

The loan receivables are due for settlement at the date specified in the respective loan agreements.

應收貸款於相關貸款協議指定日期到期結算。

(b) TRADE RECEIVABLES**(b) 貿易應收賬款**

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables from securities brokerage business:	來自證券經紀業務之貿易 應收賬款：		
— Margin clients	— 孖展客戶	406	616
— HKSCC	— 香港結算所	59,185	-
Trade receivables from other brokerage businesses	來自其他經紀業務之貿易 應收賬款	1,429,483	64,942
Trade receivables from other businesses	來自其他業務之貿易應收賬款	4,623	5,945
		1,493,697	71,503
Less: ECL	減：預期信貸虧損	(3,357)	(3,363)
Carrying amount	賬面值	1,490,340	68,140

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The settlement terms of trade receivables from HKSCC arising from securities brokerage business are two trading days after trade date. The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its customers from other businesses.

No ageing analysis is disclosed for trade receivables from securities brokerage business — margin clients and trade receivables from other brokerage businesses as the clients were carried on an open account basis, and only fall due on conditions or on demand by the Group. The Directors consider that the ageing analysis does not give additional value in the view of the nature of these receivables.

Ageing analysis of trade receivables (excluded margin clients and other brokerage businesses), based on the invoice date, and net of ECL is as follows:

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 30 days	少於30日	58,432	250
31 to 60 days	31至60日	92	88
61 to 90 days	61至90日	46	100
Over 90 days	90日以上	1,881	2,144
Carrying amount of trade receivables (excluded margin clients and other brokerage businesses)	貿易應收賬款(不包括孖展 客戶及其他經紀業務)之 賬面值	60,451	2,582

22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款(續)

附註：(續)

(b) 貿易應收賬款(續)

證券經紀業務所產生之來自香港結算所之貿易應收賬款償付期限為買賣日期後兩個交易日。本集團向其他業務的客戶授予平均30日的信貸期。

由於客戶乃按往來賬戶基準列賬，且僅視乎條件或按本集團要求方須償還，故並無披露有關來自證券經紀業務之貿易應收賬款—孖展客戶及來自其他經紀業務之貿易應收賬款之賬齡分析。董事認為，基於該等應收款項之性質使然，賬齡分析並無額外價值。

基於發票日期及經扣除預期信貸虧損，貿易應收賬款(不包括孖展客戶及其他經紀業務)之賬齡分析如下：

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Trade receivables from securities brokerage business — margin clients are secured by the clients' pledged securities which could be realised at the Group's discretion to settle any margin call requirements imposed by their respective securities transactions. The trade receivables from securities brokerage business — margin clients are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. As at 31 March 2026, included in the total trade receivables, HK\$406,000 (2025: HK\$616,000) was interest bearing whereas other trade receivables was non-interest bearing.

Reconciliation of ECL on trade receivables (excluding margin clients and other brokerage businesses):

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	3,363	3,181
Increase in ECL during the year	年內預期信貸虧損增加	—	182
Amounts written off	撇銷款項	(6)	—
At the end of the year	於年末	3,357	3,363

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide the ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision.

22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款 (續)

附註：(續)

(b) 貿易應收賬款 (續)

應收證券經紀業務 — 孖展客戶之貿易賬款以客戶之抵押證券作抵押，且本集團可酌情變現有關抵押證券，以清償任何按彼等各自進行之證券交易所發出之孖展補倉要求。應收證券經紀業務 — 孖展客戶之貿易賬款可按要求償還，並按商業利率計息。於二零二六年三月三十一日，貿易應收賬款總額當中406,000港元（二零二五年：616,000港元）為計息，而其他貿易應收賬款為不計息。

貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損對賬如下（不包括孖展客戶及其他經紀業務）：

本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」規定的簡化法對預期信貸虧損計提撥備，該方法允許使用存續期預期信貸虧損撥備。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

22. LOAN AND TRADE RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

To measure the ECL, trade receivables (excluding margin clients and other brokerage businesses) have been grouped based on the days past due. The ECL also incorporates forward-looking information, which was taken into account the possible impacts associated with the overall change in the economic environment.

		Current and within 30 days past due 即期及 逾期30日內	31 to 60 days past due 逾期 31至60日	61 to 90 days past due 逾期 61至90日	91 to 365 days past due 逾期 91至365日	Over 365 days past due 逾期 超過365日	Total 總計
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年 三月三十一日						
ECL rate	預期信貸虧損率	0%	0%	0%	0%	68%	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	總賬面值(千港元)	58,432	92	46	323	4,915	63,808
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	-	-	-	-	(3,357)	(3,357)
		58,432	92	46	323	1,558	60,451
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日						
ECL rate	預期信貸虧損率	0%	0%	30%	49%	63%	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	總賬面值(千港元)	250	88	142	799	4,666	5,945
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	-	-	(42)	(394)	(2,927)	(3,363)
		250	88	100	405	1,739	2,582

22. 應收貸款及貿易應收賬款(續)

附註：(續)

(b) 貿易應收賬款(續)

為計量預期信貸虧損，來自(不包括孖展客戶及其他經紀業務)之貿易應收賬款已按逾期天數進行分組。預期信貸虧損亦計及前瞻性資料，當中已慮經濟環境整體變化可能產生的影響。

23. REGULATORY DEPOSITS

The regulatory deposits were made with the Stock Exchange and HKSCC, in relation to the Group's regulated businesses in Hong Kong.

23. 法定按金

法定按金為就本集團於香港之受規管業務向聯交所及香港結算所作出。

24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

24. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		Notes 附註	2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unsecured loans to third parties	向第三方提供之無抵押貸款	(a)	528,940	35,000
Interest receivables	應收利息		12,627	—
Other receivables	其他應收款項	(b)	10,928	23,265
Rental and other deposits	租賃及其他按金	(c)	71,148	23,716
Prepayment for investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資之預付款項		1,550	10,000
Prepayments for investments in artworks	藝術品投資之預付款項		—	50,000
Prepayments for technology services	技術服務之預付款項	(d)	79,860	—
Other prepayments	其他預付款項		3,447	192
			708,500	142,173
Less: ECL	減：預期信貸虧損		(10,314)	—
			698,186	142,173

Notes:

- (a) (i) One unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of RMB160,000,000 equivalent to HK\$179,200,000 (2025: nil) is provided to an independent third party and it is guaranteed by a limited liability company established in the PRC. This loan bears interest rate of 5% p.a.;
- (ii) One unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of RMB167,000,000 equivalent to HK\$187,040,000 (2025: nil) is provided to an independent third party and it is guaranteed by a limited liability company established in the PRC. This loan bears interest rate of 6.5% p.a.;

附註：

- (a) (i) 對一名獨立第三方提供一筆未償還本金為人民幣160,000,000元(等值179,200,000港元)(二零二五年：無)之無抵押貸款，乃由一家於中國成立的有限責任公司提供擔保。該筆貸款之年利率為5%；
- (ii) 對一名獨立第三方提供一筆未償還本金為人民幣167,000,000元(等值187,040,000港元)(二零二五年：無)之無抵押貸款，乃由一家於中國成立的有限責任公司提供擔保。該筆貸款之年利率為6.5%；

24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

(iii) One unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of RMB110,000,000 equivalent to HK\$123,200,000 (2025: nil) is provided to an independent third party and it is guaranteed by a limited liability company established in the PRC. This loan bears interest rate of 5% p.a.;

(iv) One unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$38,000,000 (2025: HK\$35,000,000) is provided to an independent third party and it is guaranteed by an individual person. This loan bears interest rate of 6% p.a.;

(v) One unsecured loan with an outstanding principal amount of HK\$1,500,000 (2025: nil) is provided to an independent third party and it is guaranteed by an individual person. This loan bears interest at HIBOR plus 3% p.a. (as at 31 March 2026: 5.41% (2025: nil)).

(b) Other receivables mainly represent monies placed in various brokers accounts.

(c) Mainly includes deposits for supply chain purchase and franchise of investment immigration business amounting to HK\$50,000,000 (2025: nil) and HK\$15,611,000 (2025: HK\$15,496,000) respectively.

(d) Mainly Includes prepayments for quantum technology research and development, software and IT services and drug discovery platform services amounting to HK\$63,000,000 (2025: nil), HK\$14,860,000 (2025: nil) and HK\$2,000,000 (2025: nil) respectively.

24. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項(續)

附註：(續)

(a) (續)

(iii) 對一名獨立第三方提供一筆未償還本金為人民幣110,000,000元(等值123,200,000港元)(二零二五年：無)之無抵押貸款，乃由一家於中國成立的有限責任公司提供擔保。該筆貸款之年利率為5%；

(iv) 對一名獨立第三方提供一筆未償還本金為38,000,000港元(二零二五年：35,000,000港元)之無抵押貸款，乃由一名個人提供擔保。該筆貸款之年利率為6%；

(v) 對一名獨立第三方提供一筆未償還本金為1,500,000港元(二零二五年：無)之無抵押貸款，乃由一名個人提供擔保。該筆貸款按香港銀行同業拆息加每年3%計息(於二零二六年三月三十一日：5.41%(二零二五年：無))。

(b) 其他應收款項主要指存入不同經紀賬戶的資金。

(c) 主要包括供應鏈採購及投資移民業務特許經營的按金分別為50,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)及15,611,000港元(二零二五年：15,496,000港元)。

(d) 主要包括量子技術研發、軟件及資訊科技服務以及藥物研發平台服務的預付款項，金額分別為63,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)、14,860,000港元(二零二五年：無)及2,000,000港元(二零二五年：無)。

24. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

Reconciliation of ECL on other receivables:

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	—	—
Increase in ECL during the year	年內預期信貸虧損增加	10,314	—
At the end of the year	於年末	10,314	—

24. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項 (續)

其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損對賬：

25. BANK BALANCES — TRUST

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with licensed banks to hold clients' monies arising from its securities brokerage and margin financing business. The Group has classified the clients' monies as bank balances — trust under the current assets of the consolidated statement of financial position and recognised the corresponding trade payables to respective clients on the grounds that it is liable for any loss or misappropriation of clients' monies. The Group is not permitted to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations.

25. 銀行結餘 — 信託

本集團於持牌銀行開設獨立信託賬戶以持有因其證券經紀及孖展融資業務產生之客戶款項。本集團將客戶款項分類為綜合財務狀況表流動資產項下之銀行結餘 — 信託，由於本集團須就該等客戶款項之任何虧損或被挪用負責，因而同時確認該等款項為應付相關客戶之貿易款項。本集團不獲准將客戶款項用於償還其本身債項。

26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH — GENERAL

As at 31 March 2026, the bank balances and cash of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$13,540,000 (2025: HK\$9,216,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

26. 銀行結餘及現金 — 一般

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團以人民幣計值的銀行結餘及現金為13,540,000港元（二零二五年：9,216,000港元）。人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守《中華人民共和國外匯管理條例》。

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

27. TRADE PAYABLES

27. 貿易應付賬款

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables from securities brokerage business	來自證券經紀業務之 貿易應付賬款		
— margin and cash clients	— 孖展及現金客戶	197,136	132,483
— HKSCC	— 香港結算所	—	23,624
Trade payables from other brokerage business	來自其他經紀業務之 貿易應付賬款	1,404,177	57,580
		1,601,313	213,687

No ageing analysis is disclosed for trade payables from securities brokerage business — margin and cash clients and trade payables from other brokerage business as the clients were carried on an open account basis. The Directors consider that ageing analysis does not give additional value in the view of the nature of these payables.

由於客戶乃按往來賬戶基準列賬，故並無披露有關來自證券經紀業務之貿易應付賬款—孖展及現金客戶及來自其他經紀業務之貿易應付賬款之賬齡分析。董事認為，基於該等應付款項之性質使然，賬齡分析並無額外價值。

The ageing analysis of trade payables to HKSCC, based on their recognition date, is as follows:

基於其確認日期之應付香港結算所的貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Less than 30 days	少於30日	—	23,624

28. BORROWINGS

28. 借款

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Secured borrowing from a bank (note)	銀行有抵押借款(附註)	250,979	—
Unsecured other borrowings	無抵押其他借款	257,210	415,377
		508,189	415,377

Note: Secured borrowing from a bank is secured by the Group's certain interests in an associate.

附註：銀行有抵押借款以本集團於一間聯營公司之若干權益作抵押。

The borrowings are repayable within one year or on demand. The average interest rate as at 31 March 2026 was 4.20% (2025: 4.24%).

借款須於一年內或應要求償還。於二零二六年三月三十一日，平均利率為4.20%（二零二五年：4.24%）。

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

29. LEASE LIABILITIES

29. 租賃負債

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease payments:	租賃付款：		
— within one year	— 一年內	11,355	8,768
— in the second to fifth years	— 第二年至第五年內	5,047	6,918
		16,402	15,686
Less: Future finance charge	減：未來融資費用	(651)	(501)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值	15,751	15,185
Present value of lease payments:	租賃付款之現值：		
— within one year	— 一年內	10,893	8,305
— in the second to fifth years	— 第二年至第五年內	4,858	6,880
		15,751	15,185
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減：於12個月內到期應付的金額(於流動負債項下列示)	(10,893)	(8,305)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months (shown under non-current liabilities)	於12個月後到期結清的款項(於非流動負債項下列示)	4,858	6,880

As at 31 March 2026, the average effective borrowing rate was 3.94% (2025: 3.63%) p.a.. Interest rates are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

於二零二六年三月三十一日，平均實際借貸利率為每年3.94%（二零二五年：3.63%）。利率於合約日期釐定，因此令本集團面臨公平值利率風險。

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the total cash outflow for leases are HK\$10,667,000 (2025: HK\$8,261,000).

截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度，租賃之現金流出總額為10,667,000港元（二零二五年：8,261,000港元）。

30. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group.

30. 遞延稅項負債

以下為本集團已確認的遞延稅項負債。

		Unrealised fair value on investments 投資之 未變現公平值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	—
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 11)	自本年度損益扣除(附註11)	702
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日及 二零二五年四月一日	702
Charge to profit or loss for the year (note 11)	自本年度損益扣除(附註11)	9,029
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	9,731

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綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

31. SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 (2025: HK\$0.10) each

31. 股本

每股面值0.10港元(二零二五年: 0.10港元)之普通股

			Number of Shares 股份數目 '000 千股	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定：			
At 1 April 2024,	於二零二四年四月一日、			
31 March 2025,	二零二五年三月三十一日、			
1 April 2025 and	二零二五年四月一日及			
31 March 2026	二零二六年三月三十一日		20,000,000	2,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：			
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日		6,326,246	632,625
Issue of shares	發行股份	(a)	273,776	27,377
Issue of shares	發行股份	(b)	518,400	51,840
Issue of shares	發行股份	(c)	340,053	34,005
At 31 March 2025 and	於二零二五年三月三十一日			
1 April 2025	及二零二五年四月一日		7,458,475	745,847
Issue of shares	發行股份	(d)	231,500	23,150
Issue of shares	發行股份	(e)	4,876	488
Issue of shares	發行股份	(f)	1,405,063	140,506
Issue of shares	發行股份	(g)	458,770	45,877
Issue of shares	發行股份	(h)	745,169	74,517
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日		10,303,853	1,030,385

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) In July 2024, 273,776,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.90 each were issued upon completion of placing to independent third parties. The total proceeds received by the Group from the placing was HK\$246,398,000.
- (b) In July 2024, 518,400,000 ordinary shares were issued to a trustee under a share award scheme (the “**Share Award Scheme**”) adopted by the Company on 3 June 2024.
- (c) In October 2024, 340,053,151 ordinary shares were issued at a price of HK\$0.82 each (closing price of the Company at acquisition date on 18 October 2024) upon completion of the acquisition of 2,751,339,130 ordinary shares of HK.AI.
- (d) In April 2025, 231,500,000 ordinary shares were issued at a price of HK\$1.12 each upon completion of placing to independent third parties. The total proceeds received by the Group from the placing was HK\$259,280,000.
- (e) In August 2025, 4,876,000 ordinary shares were issued to certain grantees under a share option scheme adopted by the Company on 2 September 2021.

31. 股本 (續)

附註：

- (a) 於二零二四年七月，於配售事項完成後，已按每股0.90港元的價格向獨立第三方發行273,776,000股普通股。本集團就配售事項收取之所得款項總額為246,398,000港元。
- (b) 於二零二四年七月，518,400,000股普通股已發行予本公司於二零二四年六月三日採納之股份獎勵計劃（「**股份獎勵計劃**」）項下之一名受託人。
- (c) 於二零二四年十月，於收購華科智能之2,751,339,130股普通股完成後，已按每股0.82港元（本公司於收購日期二零二四年十月十八日之收市價）的價格發行340,053,151股普通股。
- (d) 於二零二五年四月，於配售事項完成後，已按每股1.12港元的價格向獨立第三方發行231,500,000股普通股。本集團就配售事項收取之所得款項總額為259,280,000港元。
- (e) 於二零二五年八月，4,876,000股普通股已發行予本公司於二零二一年九月二日採納之購股權計劃項下之若干承授人。

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (f) On 31 December 2024, the Company as the purchaser, and HK.AI as the vendor entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to purchase and HK.AI has conditionally agreed to sell the 60,000,000 shares of CSOP, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, representing 22.50% of the entire issued share capital of CSOP, at the consideration in the amount of HK\$1,110,000,000, which shall be settled by the allotment and issuance of the 1,405,063,292 shares of the Company at the issue price of approximately HK\$0.79 per share under the specific mandate to be sought by the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company (the “**CSOP Acquisition**”). The aggregate nominal value of share capital for the 1,405,063,292 shares of the Company is HK\$140,506,329.20. Upon the completion of such CSOP Acquisition, CSOP will be accounted for as an associate of the Company.

In August 2025, 1,405,063,292 ordinary shares were issued to HK.AI. and the CSOP Acquisition was completed on 2 January 2026.

- (g) In December 2025, 458,769,789 ordinary shares were issued at a price of HK\$1.28 each upon completion of the loan capitalisation. The consideration of the allotment and issuance of the capitalisation shares in the amount of HK\$587,225,000 shall be settled by means of offsetting against the repayment amount of HK\$587,225,000.
- (h) In March 2026, 745,168,534 ordinary shares were issued at a price of HK\$1.78 each upon completion of placing to seven independent professional individual investors and four independent professional corporate investors. The total proceeds received by the Group from the placing was HK\$1,326,400,000.

31. 股本 (續)

附註：(續)

- (f) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司（作為買方）與華科智能（作為賣方）訂立買賣協議，據此，本公司已有條件同意購買及華科智能已有條件同意出售南方東英（一間於香港註冊成立之有限公司）之60,000,000股股份，佔南方東英全部已發行股本之22.50%，代價為1,110,000,000港元，將由本公司根據本公司擬於本公司股東特別大會上尋求之特別授權按發行價每股約0.79港元配發及發行本公司之1,405,063,292股股份予以支付（「**南方東英收購事項**」）。1,405,063,292股本公司股份之股本總面值為140,506,329.20港元。於上述南方東英收購事項完成後，南方東英將作為本公司之聯營公司入賬。

於二零二五年八月，本公司向華科智能發行1,405,063,292股普通股，且南方東英收購事項已於二零二六年一月二日完成。

- (g) 於二零二五年十二月，於貸款資本化完成後，已按每股1.28港元的價格發行458,769,789股普通股。配發及發行資本化股份的代價587,225,000港元將通過抵銷還款金額587,225,000港元的方式結算。
- (h) 於二零二六年三月，於配售事項完成後，已按每股1.78港元的價格向七名獨立專業個人投資者及四名獨立專業企業投資者發行745,168,534股普通股。本集團就配售事項收取之所得款項總額為1,326,400,000港元。

31. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents, lease liabilities and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

As at 31 March 2026, the Group's total debt incurred (including borrowings and lease liabilities) were HK\$523,940,000 (2025: HK\$430,562,000), representing a gearing ratio of 7.55% (2025: 10.97%). Gearing ratio is calculated based on total debt divided by the total equity at the end of the reporting period.

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the Directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the associated risks with each class of capital, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group's capital structure.

For certain subsidiaries of the Company, they are regulated by Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and are required to comply with certain minimum capital requirements according to the rules of SFC. Management monitors, on a daily basis, the subsidiaries' liquid capital to ensure it meets the minimum liquid capital requirement in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules, the range of liquid capital is from HK\$100,000 to HK\$3,000,000 or 5% of their total adjusted liabilities, whichever is higher. The required information is filed with SFC on a monthly and semi-annual basis.

There is no non-compliance of the capital requirements imposed by the respective regulators during both years.

31. 股本 (續)

資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的為確保本集團之實體能夠持續經營，並透過優化債務及權益結餘為股東帶來最大回報。本集團之整體策略與過往年度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括現金及現金等價物、租賃負債及本公司擁有人應佔權益（當中包括已發行股本及儲備）。

於二零二六年三月三十一日，本集團所產生之總債務（包括借貸及租賃負債）為523,940,000港元（二零二五年：430,562,000港元），資本負債比率為7.55%（二零二五年：10.97%）。資本負債比率乃按報告期末的總債務除以權益總額計算。

本公司董事定期審閱資本架構。作為該審閱之一部分，本公司董事考慮資本成本及各類別資本涉及之風險，並會採取適當行動以調整本集團之資本架構。

就本公司若干附屬公司而言，彼等受證券及期貨事務監察委員會（「證監會」）規管且須根據證監會之規則遵守若干最低資本規定。管理層每日監察附屬公司之流動資金，以確保符合證券及期貨（財政資源）規則項下最低流動資金規定，流動資金範圍介於100,000港元至3,000,000港元或為其經調整總負債之5%（以較高者為準）。所規定資料按月及每半年向證監會提交。

於該兩個年度，並無違反有關規管機構所實施之資本規定之情況。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY 32. 本公司財務狀況表

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Property and equipment and right-of-use assets	物業及設備以及使用權資產	1,237	—
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	373,891	93,851
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司的投資	1,298,280	—
		1,673,408	93,851
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	其他應收款項、按金及預付款項	307,715	786
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	3,566,704	2,003,855
Amounts due from investee company	應收被投資公司款項	274	274
Bank balances and cash — general	銀行結餘及現金 — 一般	363,675	46,888
		4,238,368	2,051,803
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	3,539	2,114
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	544,959	465,191
Borrowings	借款	508,092	405,607
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,078	—
Current tax liabilities	即期稅項負債	21	21
		1,057,689	872,933
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	3,180,679	1,178,870
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	4,854,087	1,272,721
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	185	—
Net assets	資產淨值	4,853,902	1,272,721
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	1,030,385	745,847
Reserves	儲備	3,823,517	526,874
Total equity	權益總額	4,853,902	1,272,721

33. RESERVES

(A) THE GROUP

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(B) THE COMPANY

33. 儲備

(A) 本集團

本集團的儲備金額及其變動於綜合損益及其他全面收益表以及綜合權益變動表呈列。

(B) 本公司

		Share premium	Treasury stock	Translation reserve	Contributed surplus	Share-based payment reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	庫存股	換算儲備	實繳盈餘	支付儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
1 April 2024	二零二四年四月一日	788,938	–	740	80,657	306	(716,423)	154,218
Loss for the year	年內虧損	–	–	–	–	–	(78,806)	(78,806)
Issue of shares	發行股份	219,021	(51,840)	–	–	–	–	167,181
Acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司	244,838	–	–	–	–	–	244,838
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎的付款	–	–	–	–	39,443	–	39,443
Forfeiture and lapse of share options	沒收購股權及購股權失效	–	–	–	–	(91)	91	–
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日及二零二五年四月一日	1,252,797	(51,840)	740	80,657	39,658	(795,138)	526,874
Loss for the year	年內虧損	–	–	(1,242)	–	–	(2,337,709)	(2,338,951)
Issue of shares	發行股份	2,032,404	–	–	–	(1,191)	–	2,031,213
Acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司	3,582,911	–	–	–	–	–	3,582,911
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎的付款	–	–	–	–	21,470	–	21,470
Forfeiture and lapse of share options	沒收購股權及購股權失效	–	–	–	–	(23,652)	23,652	–
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	6,868,112	(51,840)	(502)	80,657	36,285	(3,109,195)	3,823,517

33. RESERVES (Continued)

(C) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

(i) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Treasury stock

Treasury stock mainly includes allotment and issue of ordinary shares to the trustee under the Share Award Scheme adopted by the Company on 3 June 2024.

(iii) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) Special reserve

The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition under the corporate reorganisation of the Group.

33. 儲備 (續)

(C) 儲備的性質及目的

(i) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法，本公司股份溢價賬的資金可供分派予本公司股東，惟緊隨建議分派股息日期後，本公司須有能力償還其於日常業務過程中到期的債務。

(ii) 庫存股

庫存股主要包括配發及發行予本公司於二零二四年六月三日採納之股份獎勵計劃項下之受託人之普通股。

(iii) 匯兌儲備

匯兌儲備包括換算海外業務財務報表產生的所有匯兌差額。該儲備乃根據綜合財務報表附註3所載之會計政策處理。

(iv) 特殊儲備

本集團之特殊儲備指根據本集團之公司重組，所收購附屬公司之股份面值與就收購事項發行本公司股份之面值兩者間之差額。

33. RESERVES (Continued)**(C) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES**

(Continued)

(v) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the contributions made by the then controlling shareholder under the corporate reorganisation of the Group.

(vi) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the fair values of the underlying net assets of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued under the corporate reorganisation of the Group.

(vii) Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to directors and employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

33. 儲備 (續)**(C) 儲備的性質及目的** (續)**(v) 資本儲備**

資本儲備指當時之控股股東根據本集團之公司重組作出之出資。

(vi) 實繳盈餘

本公司之實繳盈餘指附屬公司相關資產淨值於其被本公司收購當日之公平值與根據本集團公司重組所發行之本公司股份面值之間的差額。

(vii) 股份支付儲備

股份支付儲備指根據綜合財務報表附註3中就以權益結算之股份支付所採用的會計政策確認的授予本集團董事及僱員的實際或估計數目未行使購股權的公平值。

33. RESERVES (Continued)

(C) NATURE AND PURPOSE OF RESERVES

(Continued)

(viii) Other reserve

The other reserve mainly represents premium arisen from the acquisition of additional 20% equity interest in Fortune Financial Capital Limited at cash consideration of HK\$1,793,000, additional 25% equity interest in Fortune Wealth Management Limited at cash consideration of HK\$1,125,000 from non-controlling interests on 18 May 2012 and 10 January 2013 respectively and additional 20% equity interest in 富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司 at cash consideration of RMB100,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$114,000) from non-controlling interest on 30 November 2016, and gain on bargain purchase arising from the acquisition of ordinary shares of HK.AI.

33. 儲備 (續)

(C) 儲備的性質及目的 (續)

(viii) 其他儲備

其他儲備主要指分別於二零一二年五月十八日及二零一三年一月十日向非控股權益以現金代價1,793,000港元收購富強金融資本有限公司額外20%股權、以現金代價1,125,000港元收購富強財富管理有限公司額外25%股權，以及於二零一六年十一月三十日向非控股權益以現金代價人民幣100,000元(等值約114,000港元)收購富強諮詢服務(深圳)有限公司額外20%股權所產生之溢價，以及因收購華科智能普通股而產生的議價購買收益。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the “Scheme”) adopted on 2 September 2021 for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the Group. Eligible participants include the employees, directors and consultants of the Company and the Company’s subsidiaries. The Scheme became effective from the date on which the offer for grant of option is made and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

34. 股份支付

購股權計劃

本公司實施一項於二零二一年九月二日採納的購股權計劃(「該計劃」)，旨在向為本集團作出貢獻的合資格參與者提供獎勵或回報。合資格參與者包括本公司及本公司附屬公司之僱員、董事及顧問。該計劃自作出授予購股權之要約當日起生效，除非另行取消或修訂，否則將由該日起計10年內有效。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)**SHARE OPTION SCHEME** (Continued)

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of total number of shares in issue as at the date of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 2 September 2021. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period, is limited to 1% of the Company's shares in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to issue of circular to shareholders and shareholders' approval in general meeting.

Share options granted to a director or chief executive of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a consideration of HK\$1 by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options or the expiry date of the Scheme, if earlier.

34. 股份支付 (續)**購股權計劃** (續)

根據該計劃，目前可授出之未行使購股權之最高數目為於行使後相當於二零二一年九月二日本公司舉行股東週年大會當日已發行股份總數之10%。於任何12個月期間內，根據授予該計劃每名合資格參與者之購股權可發行之股份數目上限為本公司於任何時間已發行股份之1%。凡超出此限額的購股權授予，須向股東寄發通函，並須於股東大會上取得股東批准。

向本公司董事或行政總裁或彼等任何聯繫人授出購股權須事先獲得獨立非執行董事批准。此外，於任何12個月期間內向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等之任何聯繫人授出之購股權，如超過本公司任何時間已發行股份之0.1%或總值（按本公司股份於授出日期之收市價計算）超過5,000,000港元，須事先於股東大會上獲得股東批准。

授出購股權之要約可於要約日期起計28日內由承授人支付1港元代價後接納。所授出購股權之行使期由董事釐定，於相關歸屬期後開始計算並不遲於購股權要約日期起計10年內或該計劃到期日（以較早者為準）結束。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the grant of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer of the grant of the share options; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the grant of the share options.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

Details of the options are as follows:

Date of grant: 27 March 2024

Vesting period: The share options were vested on
1 April 2025

Exercise period: From 1 April 2025 to 31 March 2026

Exercise price: HK\$0.48 per share

Options are lapsed if the employee leaves the Group.

34. 股份支付 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

購股權之行使價由董事釐定，惟不得低於以下三者中之最高者：(i) 本公司股份於授出購股權之要約日期在聯交所之收市價；(ii) 本公司股份於緊接授出購股權之要約日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市價；及(iii) 本公司股份於授出購股權之要約日期之面值。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會上投票的權利。

購股權之詳情如下：

授出日期：二零二四年三月
二十七日

歸屬期：購股權已於二零二五年
四月一日歸屬

行使期：二零二五年四月一日
至二零二六年
三月三十一日

行使價：每股0.48港元

倘僱員離開本集團，則購股權即告失效。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

		Number of share options 購股權數目	
		2026 二零二六年 '000 千份	2025 二零二五年 '000 千份
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	於年初尚未行使	85,668	91,500
Exercised	已行使	(4,876)	—
Expired	已過期	(80,792)	—
Lapsed	已失效	—	(5,832)
Outstanding at the end of the year	於年末尚未行使	—	85,668
Exercisable at the end of the year	於年末可行使	—	—

These fair values were calculated using binomial option pricing model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

Share price:	HK\$0.48 per share
Exercise price:	HK\$0.48 per share
Expected volatility:	103.13%
Expected life:	2.01 years
Risk-free rate:	3.68%
Expected dividend yield:	Nil

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 2.01 years.

上述公平值乃使用二項式期權定價模式計算。該模式所用之輸入數據如下：

股價：	每股0.48港元
行使價：	每股0.48港元
預期波幅：	103.13%
預期年期：	2.01年
無風險利率：	3.68%
預期股息收益率：	無

預期波幅乃透過計算本公司之股價於過去2.01年的波幅而釐定。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Company operates the Share Award Scheme adopted on 3 June 2024. The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to recognise and acknowledge the contributions which the eligible participants of the Share Award Scheme (the “**Eligible Participants**”) have made or may make to the Group. Eligible participants include any employee, officer and director of the Company and the Company’s subsidiaries and service provider whom the Board in its sole discretion, determines that have contributed or will contribute to the Group. The Share Award Scheme became effective on 3 June 2024, the date of approval and adoption of the Share Award Scheme by the shareholders of the Company and will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of shares which may be awarded in respect of all award of shares and together with the number of shares and options which may be issued under any other share schemes of the Company that are funded by the issuance of new shares must not exceed 10% of the number of shares in issue.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of all share award granted to each Eligible Participant (excluding any share award forfeited in accordance with the terms of the Share Award Scheme) in any period of 12 month period up to and including the date of grant shall not in aggregate exceed 1% of the entire issued share capital.

The Board shall be entitled to grant share award to any Eligible Participant, as the Board may in its absolute discretion select.

34. 股份支付 (續)

股份獎勵計劃

本公司實施於二零二四年六月三日採納的股份獎勵計劃。股份獎勵計劃旨在表彰及認可股份獎勵計劃的合資格參與者(「**合資格參與者**」)對本集團已作出或可能作出的貢獻。合資格參與者包括本公司及本公司附屬公司的任何僱員、高級職員及董事，以及董事會全權酌情釐定已經或將會為本集團作出貢獻的服務提供商。股份獎勵計劃於二零二四年六月三日(本公司股東批准採納股份獎勵計劃之日)生效，並將於該日起計10年內有效。

就所有股份獎勵可授出的最高股份數目，連同根據本公司任何其他通過發行新股份撥資的股份計劃可能發行的股份及購股權數目，不得超過已發行股份數目的10%。

於截至授出日期(包括該日)止任何12個月期間內，就授予任一名合資格參與者的所有股份獎勵(不包括根據股份獎勵計劃的條款被沒收的任何股份獎勵)已發行及將予發行的股份總數，合共不得超過全部已發行股本的1%。

董事會有權向其可能全權酌情挑選的任何合資格參與者授出股份獎勵。

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)**SHARE AWARD SCHEME** (Continued)

Any grant of share award to any director or chief executive of the Company, shall be subject to the prior approval of the independent non-executive directors of the Company (excluding any independent non-executive director of the Company who or whose associate is grantee of the share award) or remuneration committee of the Company established pursuant to the Listing Rules.

The share award may be accepted within 10 business days from the date of grant of share award. A grantee may accept a share award by giving written notice of their acceptance to the Company, together with remittance in favour of the Company of any consideration payable upon grant of the share award.

Details of the specific categories of share award are as follows:

34. 股份支付 (續)**股份獎勵計劃** (續)

向本公司董事或行政總裁授出任何股份獎勵，須經本公司獨立非執行董事（不包括其或其聯繫人為股份獎勵承授人的任何本公司獨立非執行董事）或本公司根據上市規則設立的薪酬委員會事先批准。

股份獎勵可在授予股份獎勵之日期起10個營業日內接納。承授人可透過向本公司發出接納股份獎勵的書面通知接納股份獎勵，同時向本公司匯付因獲授股份獎勵而應付的任何代價。

具體股份獎勵類別之詳情如下：

Date of grant	Vesting date	Number of share award at date of grant
授出日期	歸屬日期	於授出日期的股份獎勵數目
		'000 千份
26 July 2024	26 July 2026	25,920
二零二四年七月二十六日	二零二六年七月二十六日	
26 July 2024	26 July 2027	25,920
二零二四年七月二十六日	二零二七年七月二十六日	
26 July 2024	26 July 2028	25,920
二零二四年七月二十六日	二零二八年七月二十六日	
26 July 2024	26 July 2029	25,920
二零二四年七月二十六日	二零二九年七月二十六日	
		103,680

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2026 截至二零二六年三月三十一日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

SHARE AWARD SCHEME (Continued)

Share award shall be forfeited automatically if the grantee ceased to be employee or director of the Company or its subsidiaries prior to or on vesting date or other situations as determined by the director of the Company in its absolute discretion, and shall not vest on the relevant vesting date.

Details of the share award outstanding during the year are as follows:

		Number of share award 股份獎勵數目	
		2026 二零二六年 '000 千份	2025 二零二五年 '000 千份
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	於年初尚未行使	83,616	—
Granted	已授出	—	103,680
Forfeited	已沒收	(16,928)	(20,064)
Outstanding at the end of the year	於年末尚未行使	66,688	83,616

The estimated fair value of the share award granted on 26 July 2024 is HK\$104,717,000.

34. 股份支付(續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

倘承授人於歸屬日期或之前不再為本公司或其附屬公司的僱員或董事或存在本公司董事全權決定的其他情況，股份獎勵將自動被沒收，並將不會在相關歸屬日期歸屬。

年內尚未行使之股份獎勵詳情如下：

於二零二四年七月二十六日授出之股份獎勵的估計公平值為104,717,000港元。

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

35. 綜合現金流量表附註

(A) CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

(A) 融資活動產生的負債變動

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

下表載列年內本集團融資活動產生的負債變動：

		Borrowings	Corporate bonds	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities 融資活動產生的負債總額
		借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	公司債券 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日	—	2,062	21,913	23,975
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	413,054	(2,065)	(8,261)	402,728
Non-cash changes	非現金變動				
— Additions	— 添置	—	—	828	828
— Interest charged	— 利息支出	2,323	3	705	3,031
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日及二零二五年四月一日	415,377	—	15,185	430,562
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	669,157	—	(10,667)	658,490
Non-cash changes	非現金變動				
— Additions	— 添置	—	—	10,582	10,582
— Loan capitalisation	— 貸款資本化	(587,225)	—	—	(587,225)
— Interest charged	— 利息支出	7,260	—	651	7,911
— Exchange difference	— 匯兌差額	3,620	—	—	3,620
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日	508,189	—	15,751	523,940

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Continued)

(B) MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

Additions to investments in associates included HK\$3,723,418,000, which arose from the acquisition of CSOP, settled by the issuance of 1,405,063,292 ordinary shares of the Company as Consideration Shares paid to HK.AI.

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(B) 主要非現金交易

於聯營公司的投資添置包括因收購南方東英而產生之3,723,418,000港元，乃透過向華科智能發行1,405,063,292股本公司普通股作為代價股份而結算。

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

36. 或有負債

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial guarantees given to banks in favour of its associate	以聯營公司為受益人向銀行提供的財務擔保	37,500	260,000

The Group issued financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to associate. The amount disclosed above represents the aggregate amounts that could be required to be paid if the guarantees were called upon in entirety. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of the financial guarantee contracts are not significant as the possibility of default by the relevant related parties is remote. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the condensed consolidated financial statements for these guarantees.

本集團就聯營公司獲授的銀行融資向銀行提供財務擔保。上文披露的金額指倘擔保被全數要求履行時可能需支付的總金額。董事認為，財務擔保合約的公平值並不重大，乃由於相關關聯方違約的可能性極低。因此，並未於簡明綜合財務報表就該等擔保作出撥備。

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

37. 關聯方交易

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions and balances with its related parties during the year:

除綜合財務報表附註其他部分披露的關聯方交易及結餘外，本集團於年內與關聯方有以下交易及結餘：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
<i>Nature of transaction</i>	<i>交易性質</i>		
Lease payments paid to an associate	向一間聯營公司支付之租賃付款	(225)	(359)
Loan interest income received from an associate	向一間聯營公司收取之貸款利息收入	—	573
Securities brokerage income from an associate	來自一間聯營公司之證券經紀收入	63	194
Securities brokerage income from shareholders	來自股東之證券經紀收入	6	25
Loan interest expenses to shareholders	支付予股東之貸款利息開支	(4,100)	(2,075)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日		
<i>Nature of balance</i>	<i>結餘性質</i>		
Borrowings from shareholder	向股東借款	217,113	365,607
Trade receivables from an associate regarding assets management business	應收一間聯營公司有關資產管理業務之貿易賬款	818	1,558
Trade payables to an associate regarding securities brokerage business	應付一間聯營公司有關證券經紀業務之貿易賬款	88,565	4,019
Trade payables due to shareholders	應付股東的貿易應付賬款	61	223

The key management personnel of the Group comprises all executive directors, details of their remuneration are disclosed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. Among other things, the remuneration paid to the directors of the Company constitutes connected transactions of the Company but is fully exempt pursuant to Rule 14A.95 of the Listing Rules.

本集團之主要管理人員包括所有執行董事，其薪酬詳情於綜合財務報表附註13披露。其中，支付予本公司董事的薪酬構成本公司之關連交易，但根據上市規則第14A.95條獲完全豁免。

38. OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The following financial assets and financial liabilities are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

The Group maintained accounts with the HKSCC through which they conducted securities trading transactions and settlement on a net basis.

In presenting the amounts due from and to HKSCC (included in trade receivables or trade payables with clearing house), the Group has offset the gross amount of the trade receivables from and the gross amount of the trade payables to HKSCC. The amounts offset and the net balances are shown as follows:

38. 抵銷金融資產及金融負債

下列金融資產及金融負債可予抵銷，並受可執行之淨額結算主安排及類似協議之規限。

本集團在香港結算所開設賬戶，透過該等賬戶進行證券買賣交易並按淨額基準結算。

於呈列應收及應付香港結算所款項（計入應收結算所之貿易賬款及應付結算所之貿易賬款）時，本集團已抵銷應收香港結算所之貿易賬款總額與應付香港結算所之貿易賬款總額。抵銷款項及結餘淨額載列如下：

		Gross amount 總額 款項總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Amount offset 抵銷款項 HK\$'000 千港元	Net amount receivable/ (payable) 應收／(應付) 款項淨額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2026	於二零二六年三月三十一日			
Type of financial assets	金融資產類型			
Regulatory deposits to HKSCC	存入香港結算所法定按金	189	—	189
Trade receivables from HKSCC	應收香港結算所之貿易賬款	61,378	(2,193)	59,185
Type of financial liabilities	金融負債類型			
Trade payables to HKSCC	應付香港結算所之貿易賬款	(2,193)	2,193	—
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日			
Type of financial assets	金融資產類型			
Regulatory deposits to HKSCC	存入香港結算所法定按金	100	—	100
Trade receivables from HKSCC	應收香港結算所之貿易賬款	3,446	(3,446)	—
Type of financial liabilities	金融負債類型			
Trade payables to HKSCC	應付香港結算所之貿易賬款	(27,070)	3,446	(23,624)

39. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitment at the end of the reporting period:

39. 資本承擔

於報告期末，本集團有下列資本承擔：

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted but not provided for:	已訂約但尚未撥備：		
— Investments at fair value through profit or loss	— 按公平值列入損益賬之投資	3,472	7,405

40. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 30 June 2026.

40. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於二零二六年六月三十日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務摘要

For the year ended 31 March

截至三月三十一日止年度

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收入	1,752,677	863,400	49,456	26,943	58,487
Net gains/(losses) on investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值列入損益賬之投資收益／(虧損)淨額	422,436	50,145	(3,481)	(4,630)	(3,151)
Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之視作出售之虧損	(218,905)	—	—	—	—
Impairment loss of investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資之減值虧損	(2,459,256)	—	—	—	—
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(2,120,020)	(1,726)	(30,634)	(58,863)	(79,534)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得稅(開支)／抵免	(10,620)	(799)	(45)	8	225
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	(2,130,640)	(2,525)	(30,679)	(58,855)	(79,309)
Loss per share (HK cents) — Basic and diluted	每股虧損(港仙) — 基本及攤薄	(28.18)	(0.04)	(0.91)	(2.84)	(4.41)

As at 31 March

於三月三十一日

		2026 二零二六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	9,128,445	4,612,095	1,092,191	475,761	604,610
Total liabilities	負債總額	(2,184,396)	(686,472)	(305,348)	(179,292)	(356,751)
Net assets	資產淨值	6,944,049	3,925,623	786,843	296,469	247,859



GoFintech Quantum Innovation Limited
國富量子創新有限公司